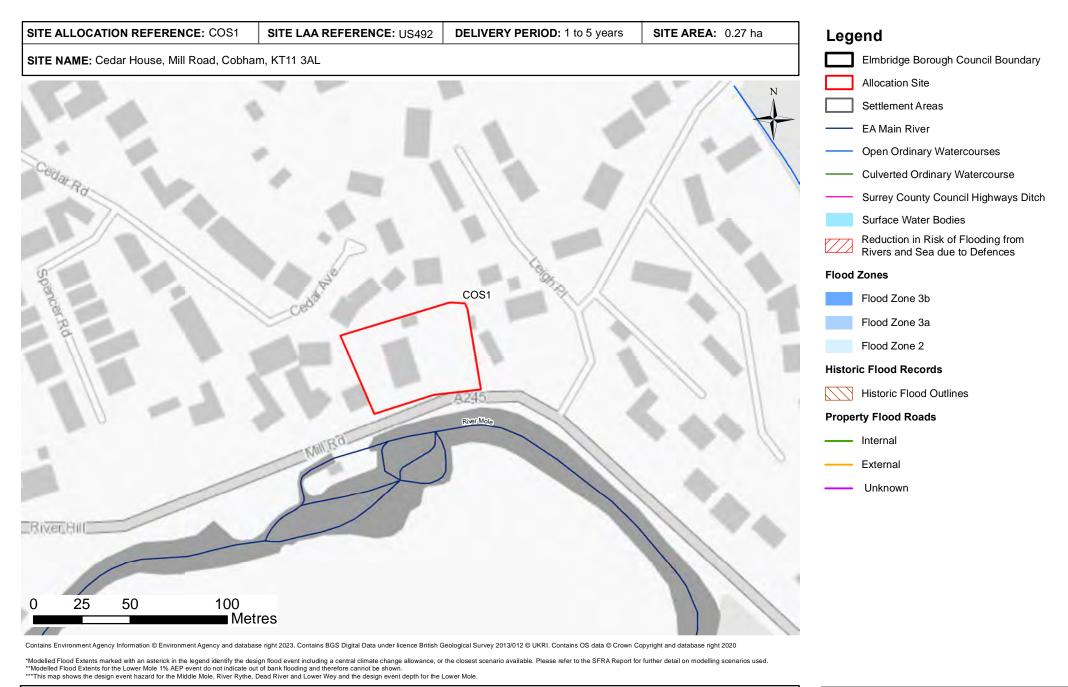
Level 2 SFRA Appendix B

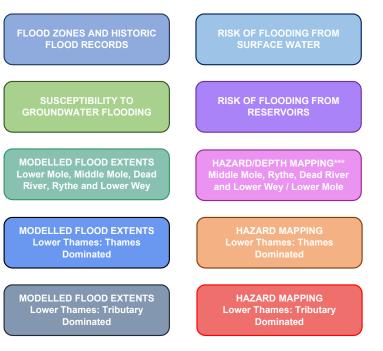


PROPOSED USE: 7 residentia	al units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	CATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOP	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 31% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 69%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Mole at Stoke D'Abernon, Cobha	am and South Hersham	
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATU	S : N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:		ebruary 1990, December 2013	
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	16m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Mole	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 16m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: River Mo	le
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 20, 24	4 records in Postcode Area KT11 3, KT11 2
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	MENT: Mole		
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe		
WATERBODY NAME: Mole - Le	atherhead to Hersham		

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 0%	Medium (1%	δ AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFI	CIAL GEOLOGY	: River-Terrace Deposits - Sanc	And Gravel
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Secondary A		SUPERFI	CIAL AQUIFER:	Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F	LOODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at sur	face				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND	WATER INFORMA	TION			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMEN	T: Thames GW				
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Chobham Bagshot Beds					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Chobham Bagshot E	Beds				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS	6				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODIN	G FROM RESER	/OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AL: 0%	WHE	I THERE IS ALS	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	8%
		1			

OUTPUTS FROM THE MIDDLE MOLE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	COS1
SITE ADDRESS	Cedar House, Mill Road, Cobham, KT11 3AL

The River Mole is approximately 16m to the south of the site. The majority of the site (69%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 31% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968, February 1990, and December 2013. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Middle Mole indicates a small area of flooding on the southern edge of the site, and more notable flooding along A245 Mill Road to the south and west of the site during the design event (1% AEP plus a 25% climate change allowance). Hazard mapping indicates the southern site boundary to have a hazard rating of 'Low' during the design event. Mill Road and River Hill to the west of the site have hazard rating of Significant to Extreme.

Ground levels are approximately 22.45m AOD in the north of the site to around 20.3m AOD in the south of the site. Water levels in the south of the site during the design event are approximately 20.3m AOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

Part of the site (8%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Seven residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development should be steered away from areas within the fluvial design event along the southern edge of the site. If this part of the site is considered for development, level for level and volume for volume floodplain compensation storage must be provided. Refer Level 1 SFRA Section 5.6.

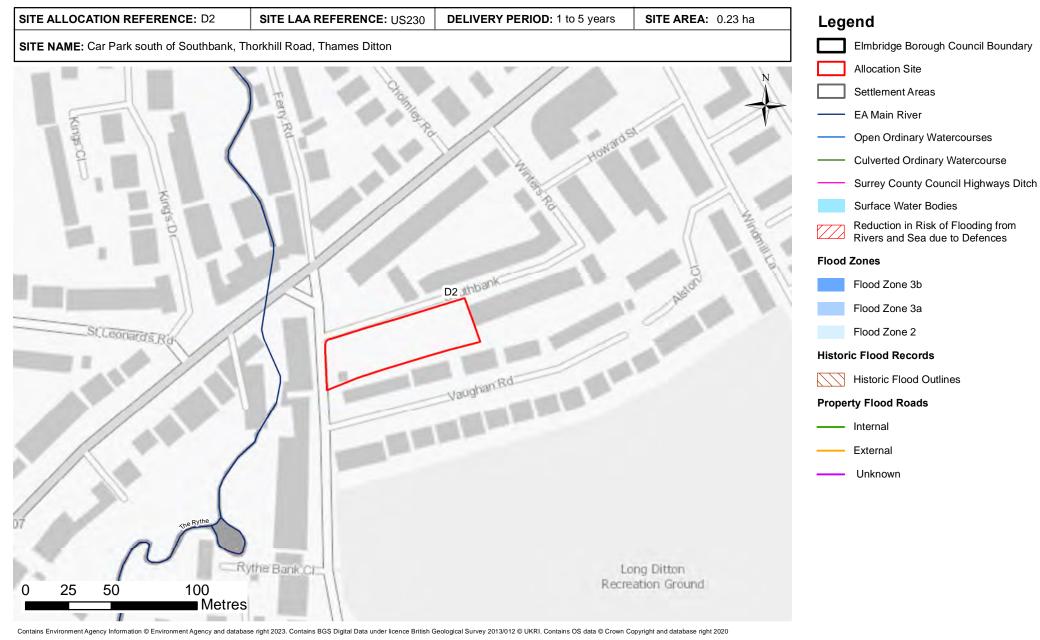
- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable via A245 Stoke Road to the south and east of the site. (Access to the west, along Mill Road and River Hill is at risk of flooding with a hazard rating Significant and Extreme, and therefore does not provide a safe access route).

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Stoke D'Abernon, Cobham and South Hersham' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding in the local area.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



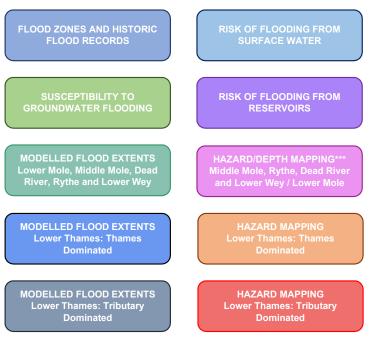
*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 7 residential units								
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable								
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLO	OODING							
///%	od Zone 2 1% AEP): 30%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report): 0%					
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Rythe be	etween Oxshott and Thar	nes Ditton						
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATU	S : N/A					
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN 06 WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:	6 September 1968							
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 27m MAIN RIVER NAME: River Rythe								
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 27m WATERCOURSE NAME: River Rythe								
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLO	DOD INCIDENTS BASED	O ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 re	cords in Postcode Area KT7 0					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION								
	Mole							
	Mole Lower and Rythe							
WATERBODY NAME: Rythe								

SURFACE WATER FLOODING						
Low (0.1% AEP): 13%	Medium (1%	AEP): 6%	High (3.33% AEP): 4%			
GROUNDWATER FLOODING						
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY	: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Gravel			
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER:	Unproductive			
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER I	FLOODING					
N/A						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNI	DWATER INFORMA	TION				
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: This information	on is not available for this si	te.			
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMEN	NT: This information	on is not available for this sit	e.			
GROUNDWATER BODY: This information is not available for this site.						
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS						
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODI	NG FROM RESER	/OIRS:				
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AL: 21%	WHEN THERE IS ALS	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 100%			
		1				

OUTPUTS FROM THE RIVER RYTHE AND LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D2
SITE ADDRESS	Car Park south of Southbank, Thorkhill Road, Thames Ditton

The River Rythe runs approximately 27m west of the site and joins the River Thames approximately 240m north of the site. The majority of the site (70%) is defined as Flood Zone 1, and the remaining 30% is defined as Flood Zone 2. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the River Rythe shows that the site is at risk of flooding during the 0.1% AEP event, but not at risk during the design event (1 in 100 year plus 20% climate change).

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Thames Dominated) indicates the north west corner of the site to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance), with a hazard rating of 'Moderate' on the site. Along Thorkhill Road hazard rating is Significant. Ground levels are approximately 8m AOD in the west of the site to 10.3m AOD in the east. Water levels of approximately 8.7m AOD are indicated in the north west of the site during the design event.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates a high risk of surface water flooding to the north and west of the site along Thorkhill Road. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the area is not prone to groundwater flooding.

An area of the site (21%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when river levels are normal and the entire site (100%) is at risk when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Seven residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

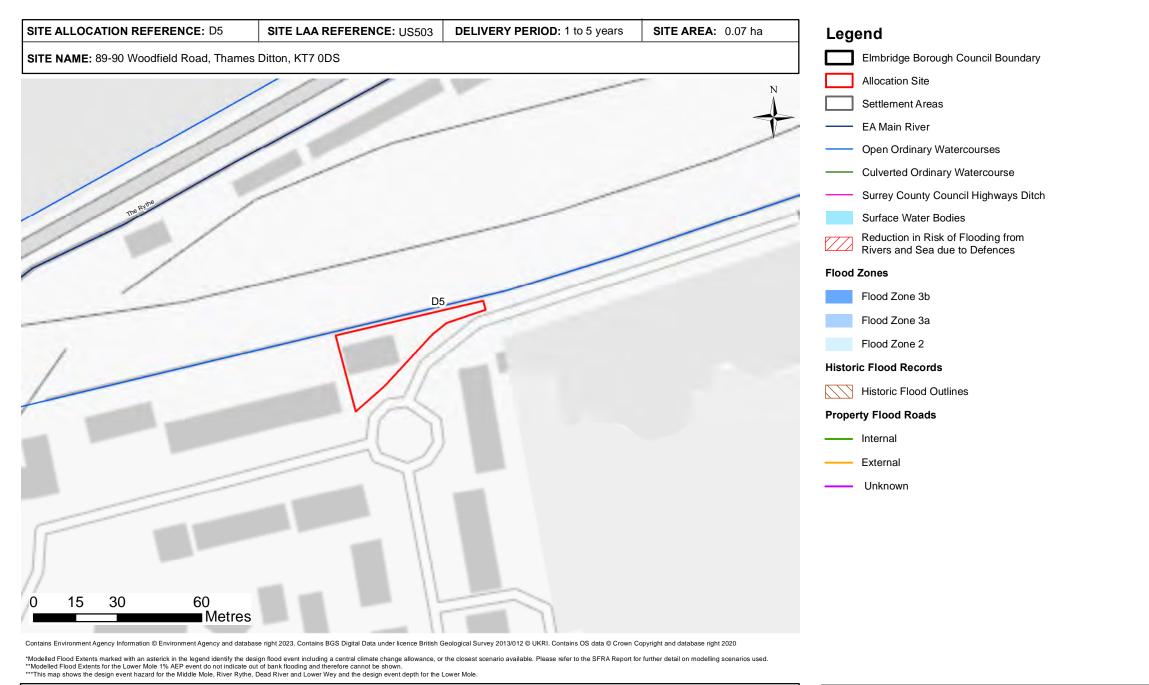
Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas in not increased, and where possible reduced.
Development should be steered away from those areas at risk from the River Thames in accordance with a sequential approach.
If development is proposed in this part of the site, floodplain compensation storage must be provided on a level for level and volume for volume basis for the design event including climate change (refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.6).
Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable to the north of the site via Southbank and Winters Road, east onto Portsmouth Road and then south onto Windmill Lane. (It is noted that the route west onto Thorkill Road, or west from Winters Gill onto Portsmouth Road are at risk of flooding and not suitable routes).

- The site is located within the 'River Rythe between Oxshott and Thames Ditton' Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.

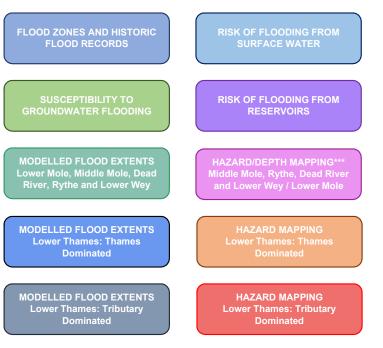


PROPOSED USE: 7 residential units									
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable									
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOF	FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING								
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 0%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 55%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP): 45%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):						
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Rythe between Oxshott and Tha	mes Ditton							
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATU	S: N/A						
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:									
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 71m MAIN RIVER NAME: River Rythe								
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 1m WATERCOURSE NAME: Tributary of River Rythe									
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 re	cords in Postcode Area KT7 0						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION								
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHN	IENT: Mole								
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHM	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe								
WATERBODY NAME: Rythe									

SURFACE WATER FLOODING						
Low (0.1% AEP): 85%	Medium (1%	AEP):	17%	High (3.33% AEP):	7%	
GROUNDWATER FLOODING						
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group	BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Gra					
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERF	ICIAL AQUIFE	ER: Principal		
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F	LOODING					
Potential for groundwater flooding of property sit Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at sur		d level,				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND						
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMEN	IT: Thames GW					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMEN	T: Colne GW					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Grav	els					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	S					
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODIN	NG FROM RESER	/OIRS:				
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AL: 100%	WHE	N THERE IS	ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%	

OUTPUTS FROM THE RIVER RYTHE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D5
SITE ADDRESS	89-90 Woodfield Road, Thames Ditton, KT7 0DS

A tributary of the River Rythe runs along the northern boundary of the site. The River Rythe is located approximately 71m north of the site. 55% of the site is defined as Flood Zone 2 and the remaining 45% is defined as Flood Zone 3a. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the River Rythe indicates the north and south of the site to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event. Almost the entire site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP plus a 25% climate change allowance). Hazard mapping for the design event defines the centre of the site as 'Low' hazard with areas to the north 'Moderate' to 'Significant' hazard.

Ground levels across the site are approximately 10.7m AOD to 11.5m AOD. Water levels across the site during the design event are approximately 11.5m AOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the majority of the site to be at low risk of surface water flooding, with areas to the north and east at medium to high risk, which correlate with the areas of river floodplain.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level and groundwater flooding to occur at surface in this area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Seven residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is only permitted in Flood Zone 3a where it can be demonstrated that the Exception Test is satisfied i.e. (1) that the proposed development will provide wider sustainability benefits to the community that outweigh flood risk, and (2) that it will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Retain a 5 metre wide buffer strip alongside Ordinary Watercourses. New development within 8m of an Ordinary Watercourse will require consent from Surrey County Council (as LLFA). Refer Level 1 SFRA Section 5.3.

Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Given that the majority of the site is located within the flood extent for the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance), it will not be possible to provide floodplain compensation storage within the site for any increase in building footprint. As a result, the built footprint of the new development of the site should not exceed that of the existing development. A review of the existing site by EBC shows that the majority of the site is already developed, and therefore the allocation of this site is not anticipated to increase the building footprint. (Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.6 for details of Floodplain Compensation Storage).
Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

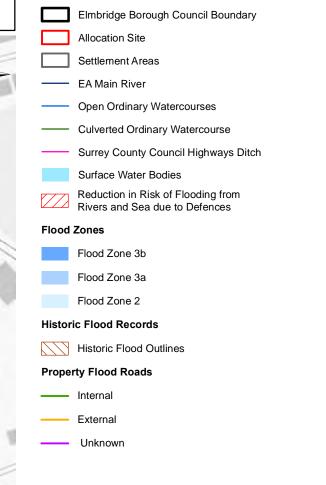
- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is not achievable for the site.

The site is located within the "River Rythe between Oxshott and Thames Ditton" Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.
Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.

Revision: 1 Drawn: LL Checked: JS Approved: SL Date: 2024-04-18

SITE NAME: 47 Port	smouth Road			
Ditence		River Ave	A307	
	Portsmouth Ave			Rythe Bank CI



Legend

*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

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100

100

PROPOSED USE: 25 residential units

70

111

Giggs

Hill Green

35

0

SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE: D7

VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable

140

- co

Metres

FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING

FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODIN	IG				
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 0% Flood Zor (0.1% AEP)	99%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	0%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):	1%
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Rythe between	Oxshott and Tha	mes Ditton			
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A			STATUS	3 : N/A	
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 Septe	ember 1968				
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 0m	MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Rythe			
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE:	0m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME:	River Ryt	he	
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD IN	CIDENTS BASEI	D ON POSTCODE AR	EA: 22 rec	ords in Postcode Area KT7 0	
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLU	VIAL INFORMA	TION			
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Mole					
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Mole Lo	ower and Rythe				
WATERBODY NAME: Rythe					

SURFACE WATER FLOODING				
Low (0.1% AEP): 16%	Medium (1%	6 AEP): 3%	High (3.33% AEP):	1%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING				
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEO	DLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - San	d And Gravel
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAL AQU	IIFER: Unproductive, Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FI	OODING			
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surfa	ace			
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND	WATER INFORM	TION		
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMEN	r: Thames GW			
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT	: Colne GW			
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Grave	els			
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODIN	G FROM RESER	/OIRS:		
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORMA	L: 42%	WHEN THERE	IS ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS	: 100%
		1		

SITE LAA REFERENCE: US443 **DELIVERY PERIOD:** 1 to 5 years

CRythe C

Westville Rd

Southville Rd_

D7

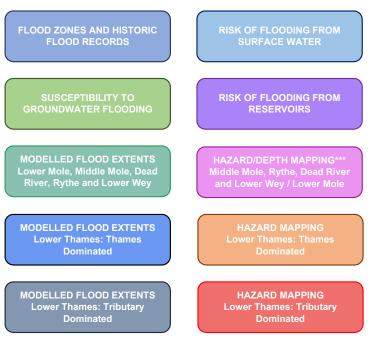
SITE AREA: 0.35 ha

11

10

OUTPUTS FROM THE RIVER RYTHE AND LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D7
SITE ADDRESS	47 Portsmouth Road

The River Rythe and an Ordinary Watercourse adjoining the Rythe are culverted beneath the site. The River Rythe joins the River Thames approximately 500m north of the site. The majority of the site (99%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 1% as Flood Zone 3b from the River Rythe. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the River Rythe indicates the southern and eastern tips of the site to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance event, with these areas having a 'Low' to 'Moderate' hazard rating.

Modelling for the Lower Thames does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance event and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating from the Lower Thames for the design event.

Ground levels are approximately 10.3m AOD in the north of the site to 9.1m AOD towards the south. The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates low to high probability flood risk in the south and west of the site.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

Part of the site (42%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when river levels are normal. The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Twenty five residential units are proposed for the site.

More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 2 and the Exception Test is not required. More Vulnerable development is not permitted within Flood Zone 3b. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made:

- New development within 8m of a Main River will require consent from the Environment Agency. (Guidance on Environment Agency Flood Risk Activity Permits is available online https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-activities-environmental-permits). Opportunities to deculvert the watercourse beneath the site should be explored as part of the development proposals for the site. An 8 metre wide undeveloped buffer strip should be retained alongside Main Rivers. Revised hydraulic modelling would need to be undertaken to determine the design event flood extent once deculverted.

- Development within the design flood extent (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) to the eastern and southern edges of the site must not decrease the available floodplain storage.

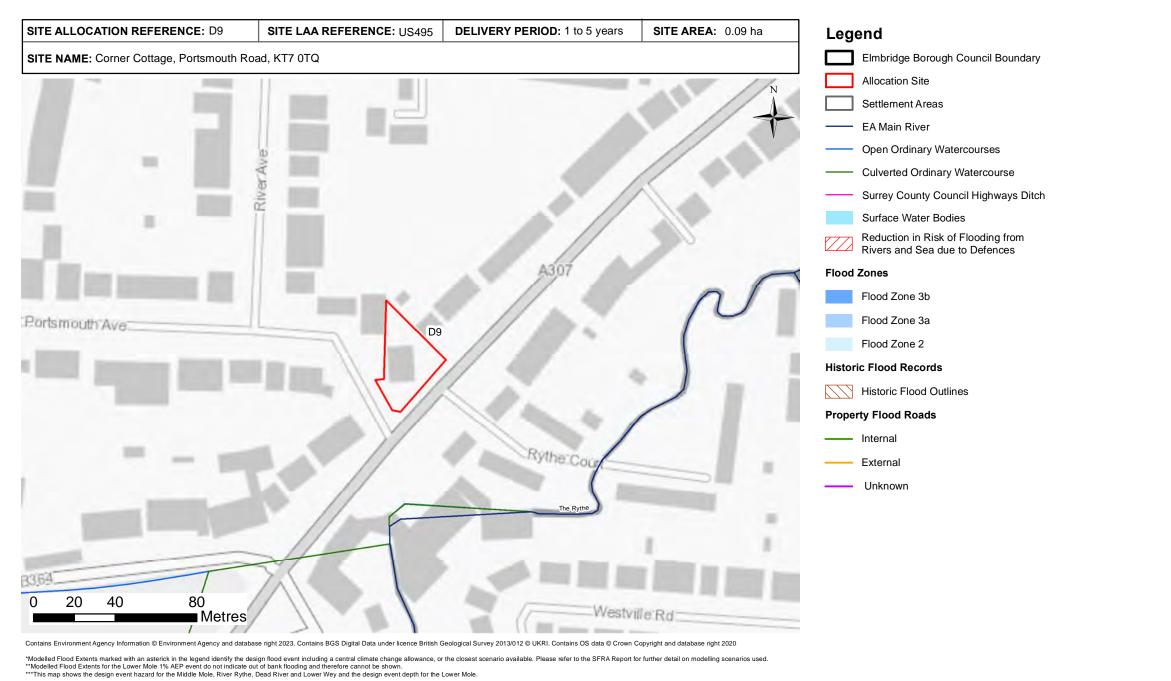
- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable from the north of the site via the A307 southbound.

- The site is located within the 'River Rythe between Oxshott and Thames Ditton' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.

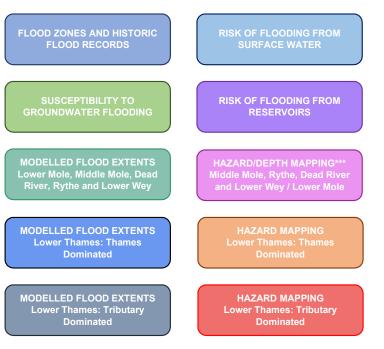


PROPOSED USE: 5 residentia	al units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	CATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTO	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 0%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 100%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Rythe between Oxshott and Thar	mes Ditton	
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATU	S: N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED	Ub September 1968		
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	53m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Rythe	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 45m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: Tributary	of River Rythe
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED	O ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 re	cords in Postcode Area KT7 0
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	MENT: Mole		
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe		
WATERBODY NAME: Rythe			

GROUNDWATER FLOODING BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand An BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Unproductive BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FLOODING N/A WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNDWATER INFORMATION GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: This information is not available for this site.)%				
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand An BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Unproductive BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FLOODING N/A WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNDWATER INFORMATION GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: This information is not available for this site.					
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FLOODING N/A WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNDWATER INFORMATION GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: This information is not available for this site.					
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FLOODING N/A WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNDWATER INFORMATION GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT:	d Gravel				
N/A WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNDWATER INFORMATION GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: This information is not available for this site.					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNDWATER INFORMATION GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: This information is not available for this site.					
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: This information is not available for this site.					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: This information is not available for this site.					
GROUNDWATER BODY: This information is not available for this site.					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS					
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS:					
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORMAL: 2% WHEN THERE IS ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 90					

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D9
SITE ADDRESS	Corner Cottage, Portsmouth Road, KT7 0TQ

A tributary of the Rythe runs from the south west to the north east of the site, approximately 45m from the site. The entire site (100%) is defined as Flood Zone 2 from the 1968 historic flood outline. Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the River Rythe and Lower Thames (Thames Dominated) does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to a 1% AEP plus a 20% allowance for climate change and a 1% AEP plus an 35% allowance for climate change respectively, and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event. Ground levels are approximately 10.7m AOD in the north of the site to 9.1m ADO in the east.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the south of the site to be at low risk of flooding from surface water, but the A307 adjacent to the site at high risk of surface water flooding and SCC hold records of external property flooding along this road.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the site is within an area that is not prone to groundwater flooding. However, to the west, there is potential for groundwater flooding at surface. A small area of the site (2%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when river levels are normal. The majority of the site (90%) is at risk of flooding when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

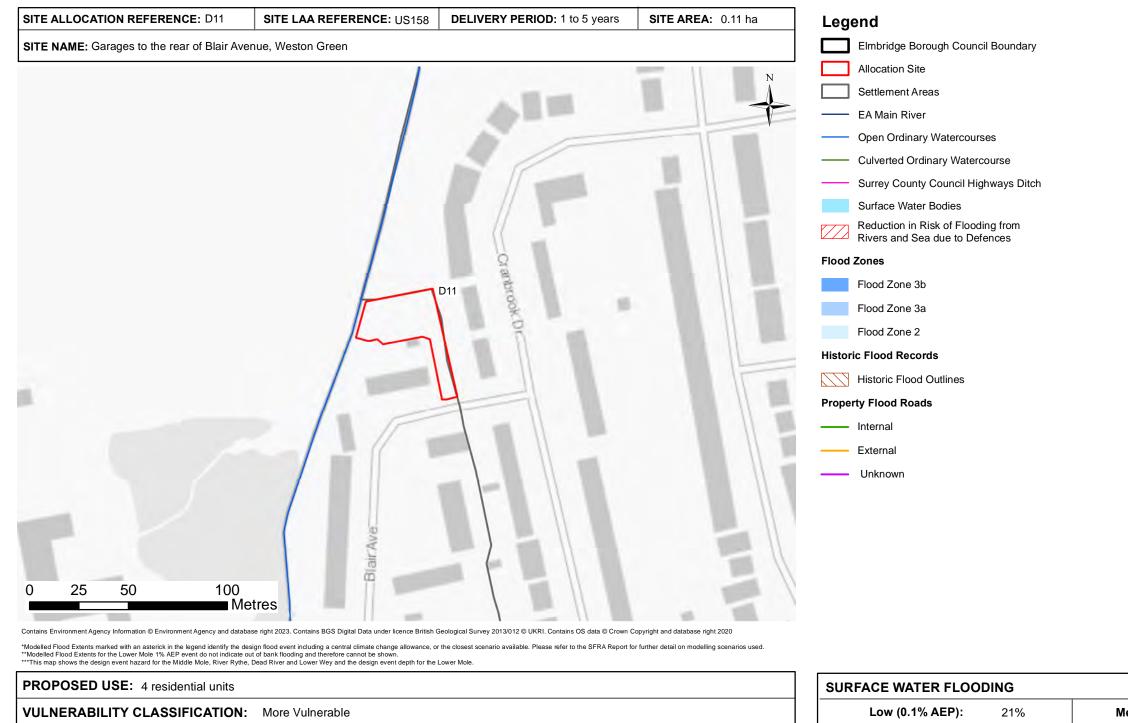
Five residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. The A307 adjacent to the site is shown to be at high risk of surface water flooding. Consideration should be made of the impact of the development on local surface water flowpaths; proposed development provides an opportunity to contribute towards reducing the risk of surface water flooding along the A307. Developers should explore opportunities to contribute to schemes with SCC (as the LLFA).

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable via the A307 southbound.

The site is located within the 'River Rythe between Oxshott and Thames Ditton' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.
Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



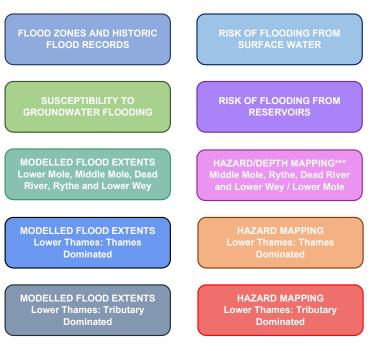
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING

FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING									
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP):	0%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP):	100%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	0%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):	0%		
FLOOD WARNING AR	FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Mole at Esher and East Molesey								
FLOOD PRIORITY ARI	E A: N/A				STATU	S: N/A			
RECORDED FLOOD O WHICH THE SITE IS L		N 06 September	1968						
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 458m MAIN RIVER NAME: River Ember									
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 2m WATERCOURSE NAME: Tributary of River Ember									
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 7 records in Postcode Area KT10 8									
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION									
RIVER MANAGEMENT	ГСАТСНМ	ENT: Mole							
RIVER OPERATIONAL	САТСНМЕ	NT: Mole Lower ar	nd Rythe						
WATERBODY NAME:	Mole (Hers	ham to R. Thames o	conf at East	Molesey)					

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 21%	Medium (1%	• AEP): (0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIA	L GEOLOGY:	Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt A	nd Sand
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAI	LAQUIFER: U	Jnproductive	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F	LOODING				
N/A					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND	OWATER INFORMA				
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMEN	NT: Thames GW				
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMEN	NT: Colne GW				
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Grav	vels				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	S				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODI	NG FROM RESERV	/OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AL: 100%	WHEN TH	IERE IS ALSC	FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER MOLE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D11
SITE ADDRESS	Garages to the rear of Blair Avenue, Weston Green

A tributary of the River Ember runs along the north western site boundary of the site. The River Ember is located approximately 458m north of the site. The entire site (100%) is defined as Flood Zone 2 from both modelling outputs and also its location within the 1968 historic flood outline. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Mole indicates flooding across most of the site during the design event (1% AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance). Hazard information is not available for this site and therefore flood depths have been considered. The site is shown to experience flood depths of up to 0.5m during a 1% AEP event including 20% climate change.

Ground levels are approximately 10.8m AOD in the north of the site to around 11m AOD in the south of the site. Water levels in the south west of the site during the design event are approximately 10.9m AOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates flow paths of low probability of flooding from surface water along the eastern and western boundaries of the site.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset does not indicate the potential for groundwater flooding to occur in this area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Four residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 2 and the Exception Test is not require. However a site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. As the site and access routes in the local area are at risk of flooding during the design event (1 in 100 year plus climate change) and therefore the following recommendations are made:

- In the absence of hazard mapping for the Lower Mole, maximum depth mapping has been used to assess whether safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable. (Refer also Appendix A Figure 12 for detailed version colour palette for the Lower Mole maximum depth mapping). Depths of up to 0.1m are experienced across the site. Along Cranbrook Drive, flood depths are up to 0.1m, and then there is dry route via Station Road.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Given the risk of flooding to the site and local area, Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding, including access routes and places of safety.

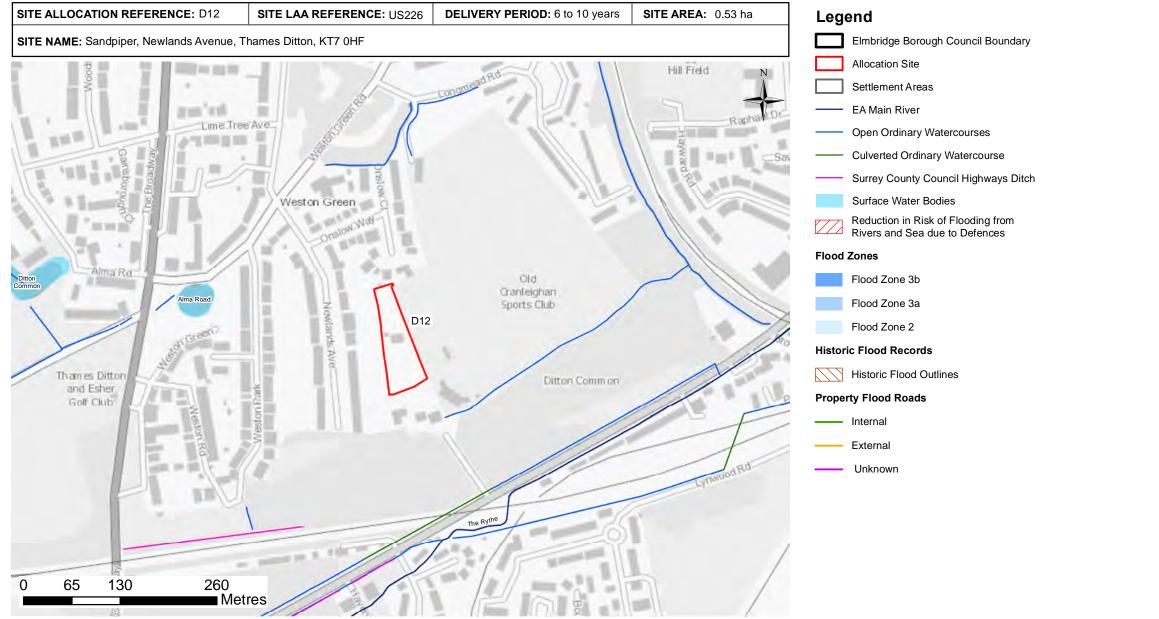
- The site is adjacent to a tributary of the River Ember. Mapping shows that this is an Ordinary Watercourse. Retain a 5 metre wide buffer strip alongside Ordinary Watercourses. New development within 8m of a Main River or Ordinary Watercourse will require consent from Surrey Council (as LLFA). Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.3.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible is reduced. 55% of the site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during the 1% AEP plus 20% climate change event (this provides a conservative estimate for the central climate change allowance of 12% in the Mole catchment). Any increase in built footprint within the design flood extent will need to be compensated for, on a level for level volume for volume basis within the site. (Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.6 for details of Floodplain Compensation Storage).

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



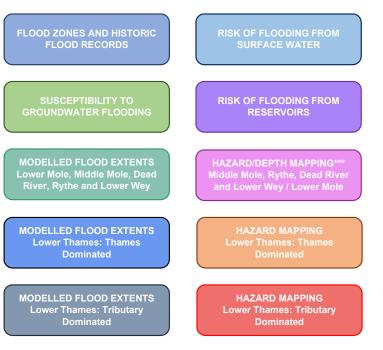
onment Agency Information © Environment Agency and database right 2023. Contains BGS Digital Data under licence British Geological Survey 2013/012 © UKRI. Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2020 *Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

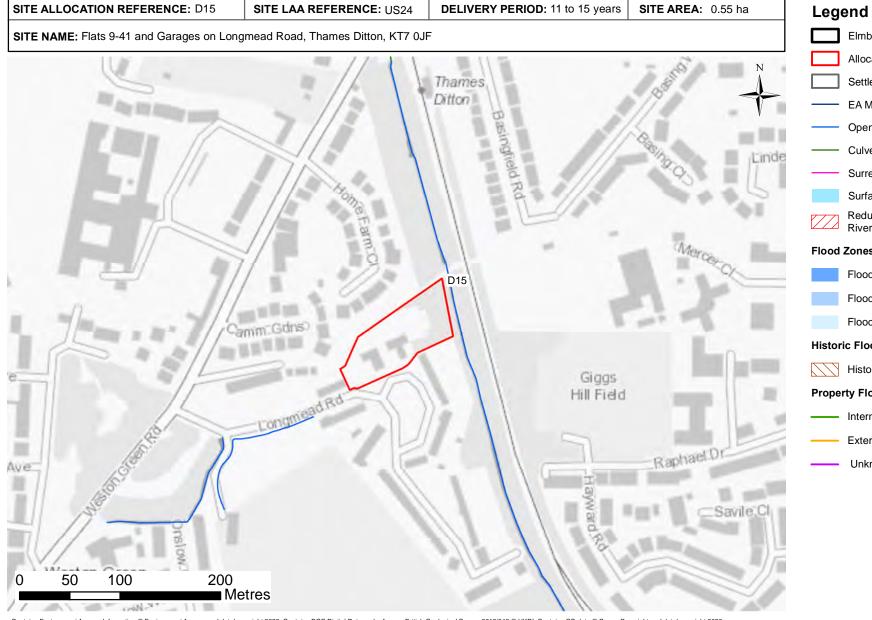
PROPOSED USE: 21 residential units								
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable							
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOF	RIC FLOODING							
Flood Zone 1 83% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 17%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report): 0%					
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Rythe between Oxshott and Thames Ditton								
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	5: N/A					
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:								
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 191m MAIN RIVER NAME: River Rythe								
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 58m WATERCOURSE NAME: Tributary of River Rythe								
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 records in Postcode Area KT7 0								
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION								
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Mole								
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHN	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe							
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (He	rsham to R. Thames conf at East	t Molesey)						

SURFACE WATER FLOODING						
Low (0.1% AEP): 9%	Medium (1%	AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%	
GROUNDWATER FLOODING						
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Grav						
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Principal						
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FLOODING						
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at su	rface					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND						
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMEN	NT: Thames GW					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW						
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels						
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	S					
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	NG FROM RESER\	/OIRS:				
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM				ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:		

OUTPUTS FROM THE RIVER RYTHE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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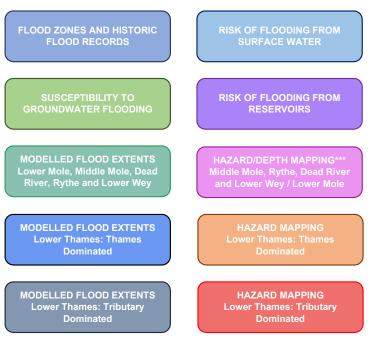
Contains Environment Agency Information © Environment Agency and database right 2023. Contains BGS Digital Data under licence British Geological Survey 2013/012 © UKRI. Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2020 *Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. *Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

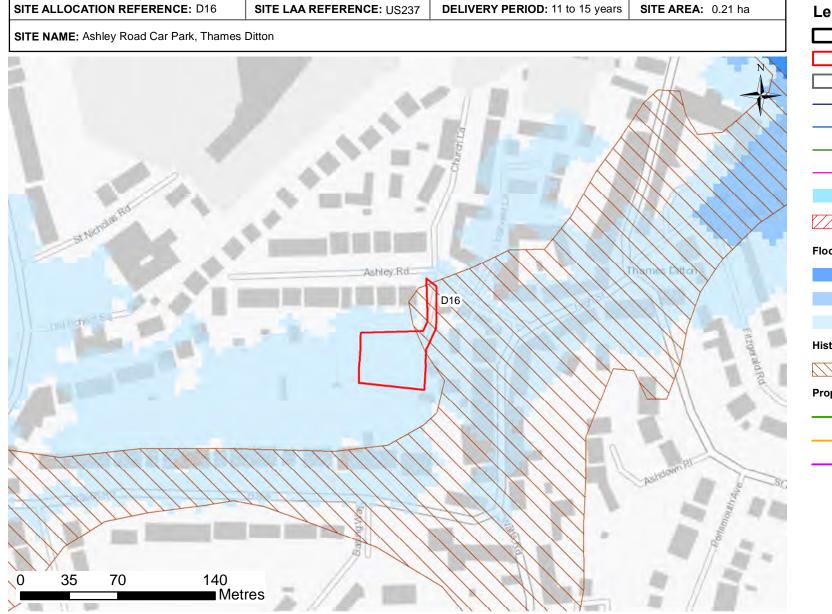
PROPOSED USE: 37 resident	ial units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	ATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOF	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 79% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 21%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report): 0%
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Rythe between Oxshott and Thar	mes Ditton	
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATU	S: N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:			
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	489m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Rythe	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 7m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: Tributary	of River Rythe
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	ED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 re	cords in Postcode Area KT7 0
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	IENT: Mole		
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHN	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe		
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (He	rsham to R. Thames conf at East	t Molesey)	

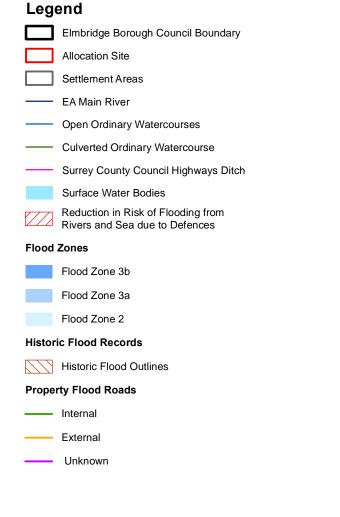
SURFACE WATER FLOODING						
Low (0.1% AEP): 4%	Medium (1%	AEP): 0%	High (3.33% AEP): 0%			
GROUNDWATER FLOODING						
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Grav						
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Principal						
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FLOODING						
Potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level, Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNDWATER INFORMATION						
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW						
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW						
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels						
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS						
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	ING FROM RESER	/OIRS:				
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	MAL: 92%	WHEN THERE IS AL	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 100%			
		1				

OUTPUTS FROM THE RIVER RYTHE AND LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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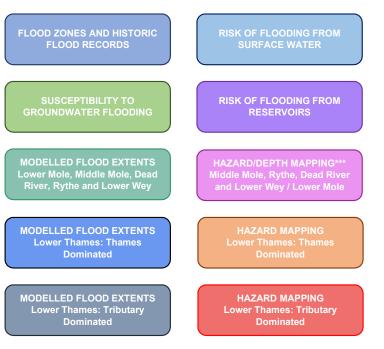
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VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORUR FLOODING Flood Zone 1 8% Flood Zone 2 92% Flood Zone 3a 0% Flood Zone 3b 0% FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Thames at Thames Ditton 0% Flood Zone 3b 0% % More Zone 3b 0% % FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Thames at Thames Ditton 0% STATUS: N/A %	PROPOSED USE: 14 residential units		
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 8% Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 92% Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP): 0% Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report): 0% FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Thames at Thames Ditton 5 5 5 6 7	VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable		
(<0.1% AEP):8%(0.1% AEP):92%(1% AEP):0%(defined in SFRA report):0%FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Thames at Thames DittonFLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/ASTATUS:N/ARECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:06 September 1968PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:304mMAIN RIVER NAME: River ThamesPROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE:268mWATERCOURSE NAME:THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA:22 records in Postcode Area KT7 0WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION	FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING		
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A STATUS: N/A RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968 PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 304m MAIN RIVER NAME: River Thames PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 268m WATERCOURSE NAME: Tributary of River Ember THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 records in Postcode Area KT7 0 WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION Here Provide Area KT7 0	8% 1 42%	0%	
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968 PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 304m MAIN RIVER NAME: River Thames PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 268m WATERCOURSE NAME: Tributary of River Ember THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 records in Postcode Area KT7 0 WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION	FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Thames at Thames Ditton		
WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 00 September 1968 PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 304m MAIN RIVER NAME: River Thames PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 268m WATERCOURSE NAME: Tributary of River Ember THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 records in Postcode Area KT7 0 WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION	FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A	STATU	S : N/A
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 268m WATERCOURSE NAME: Tributary of River Ember THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 records in Postcode Area KT7 0 WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION			
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 records in Postcode Area KT7 0 WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION	PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 304m MAIN RIVER	NAME: River Thames	
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION	PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 268m W	ATERCOURSE NAME: Tributary	of River Ember
	THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BAS	ED ON POSTCODE AREA: 22 red	cords in Postcode Area KT7 0
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Maidenhead and Sunbury	WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORM	IATION	
	RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Maidenhead and Sunb	ury	
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Thames Lower	RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Thames Lower		
WATERBODY NAME: Thames (Egham to Teddington)	WATERBODY NAME: Thames (Egham to Teddington)		

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 74%	Medium (1%	6 AEP):	36%	High (3.33% AEP):	12%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERF	ICIAL GEOLOGY	: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand	d And Gravel
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERF	ICIAL AQUIFER:	Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNDWATER INFORMATION					
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: Thames GW				
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	s				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	NG FROM RESER	/OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	IAL: 100%	WHE	N THERE IS ALS	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D16
SITE ADDRESS	Ashley Road Car Park, Thames Ditton

A tributary of the River Ember runs approximately 268m to the west of the site. The River Thames is located approximately 304m north east of the site. The majority of the site (92%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 8% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate the site to have experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Thames Dominated) indicates the majority of the site to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance), with the entire site indicated to be at risk during the 1% AEP plus a 81% climate change allowance event and the majority of the site at risk in the 0.1% AEP. The site is not indicated to be at risk of flooding during the 1% AEP event.

Hazard mapping shows that the centre of the site to be at 'Moderate' to 'Low' hazard during the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance).

Ground levels are approximately 9m AOD in the north of the site to around 8.5m AOD in the south. Water levels during the design event are approximately 8.7m ADO across the site.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the centre of the site to be at high risk of flooding from surface water, with surface water flood risk reducing to medium and then low towards the site boundary. The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

EBC NO LONGER INTEND TO TAKE THIS SITE FORWARD WITHIN THE LOCAL PLAN. Fourteen residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

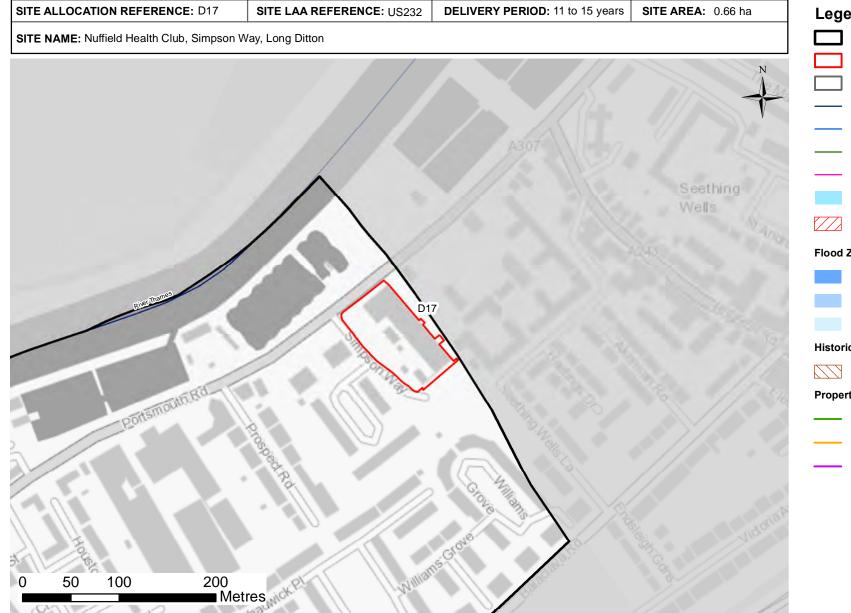
- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Given that the majority of the site (69%) is located within the flood extent for the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance), it will not be possible to provide floodplain compensation storage within the site for any increase in building footprint (refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.6 regarding floodplain compensation). As a result, the built footprint of the new development of the site should not exceed that of the existing development. Given the current use as a car park, this will limit the number of units that can be delivered on the site.

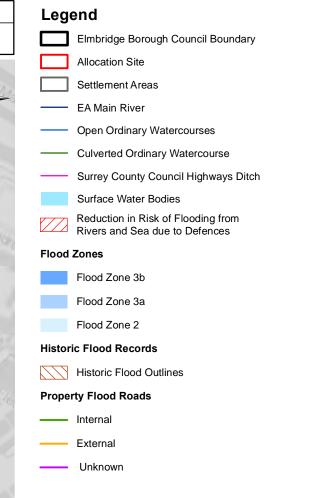
- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is not available to the east along Ashlev Road and High Street as these routes are shown to have Moderate hazard. Dry routes may be achievable via Ashley Road to the and followed west, or through adjacent properties south on to Station Road, however this is likely to be pedestrian access only and requires routes through adjacent properties if High Street to the south is already experiencing flooding.

- The site is located within the 'River Thames at Thames Ditton' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding. - Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





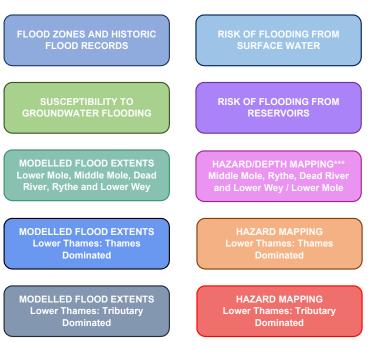
Contains Environment Agency Information @ Environment Agency and database right 2023. Contains BGS Digital Data under licence British Geological Survey 2013/012 @ UKRI. Contains OS data @ Crown Copyright and database right 2020 *Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 16 resident	ial units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	ATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOR			
Flood Zone 1 100% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 0%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report): 0%
FLOOD WARNING AREA: N/A			
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	S: N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:	IN _{N/A}		
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	117m MAIN RIVER N	IAME: River Thames	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATE	ERCOURSE: 117m WA	TERCOURSE NAME: River Tha	ames
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	ED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 0 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT6 4
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHN	IENT: Maidenhead and Sunbur	ſy	
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHM			
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHIN			

SURFACE WATER FLOODING				
Low (0.1% AEP): 2%	Medium (1%	6 AEP): 0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING				
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY	: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand A	nd Gravel
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Unproductive				
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING			
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	DWATER INFORMA	TION		
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: N/A			
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHME	NT: N/A			
GROUNDWATER BODY: N/A				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	S			
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	NG FROM RESER	/OIRS:		
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	IAL: 0%	WHEN THERE IS ALS	O FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 9	0%
		1		

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D17
SITE ADDRESS	Nuffield Health Club, Simpson Way, Long Ditton

FLOOD RISK SUMMARY The site is located just to the south of Portsmouth Road, 100m south of the River Thames. The site is within Flood Zone 1, low probability of flooding from rivers. Land to the north of Portsmouth Road is within Flood

Zone 3a, high probability of flooding. Modelling for the River Thames (Thames dominated) for the 1 in 100 year plus 35% climate change allowance, shows that land to the north of Portsmouth Road is at risk of flooding, with hazard rating up to Extreme. Mapping of these results for the wider area is available in Level 2 Appendix A Figures 4 and 5.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the local road network may be susceptible to surface water ponding.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates this area is not considered to be prone to groundwater flooding.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when there is also flooding from rivers. When river levels are normal, the site is not shown to be at risk.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Sixteen residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 1 and the Exception Test is not required. The following recommendations are made for this site:

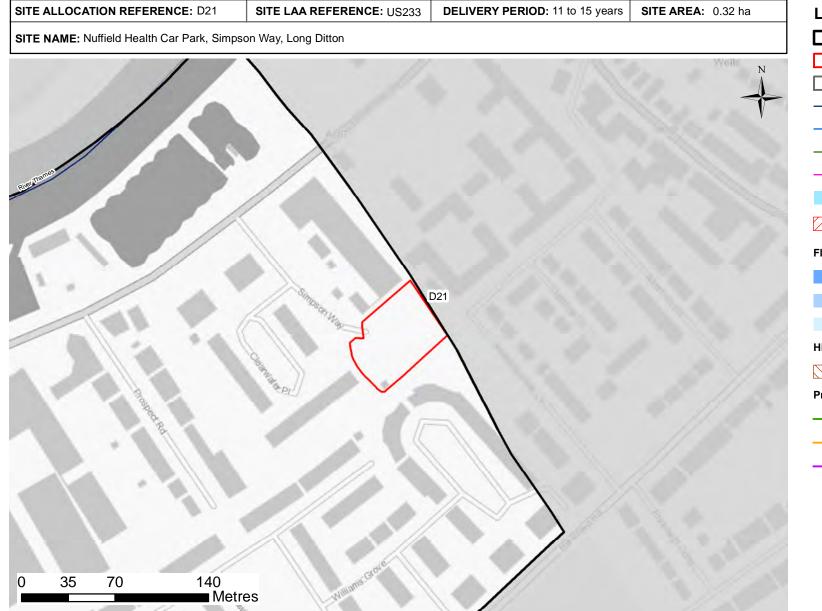
- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) should be identified for the site. Routes along Portsmouth Road to the west are shown to be at risk of flooding from the River Thames. However routes along Portsmouth Road and then south along Windmill Lane are shown to be dry during the design event including 35% climate change allowance. Routes along Portsmouth Road to the east and on to Brighton Road are also dry and Low hazard rating. Pedestrian routes to the south of the site onto Williams Grove are also dry during the design event including climate change.

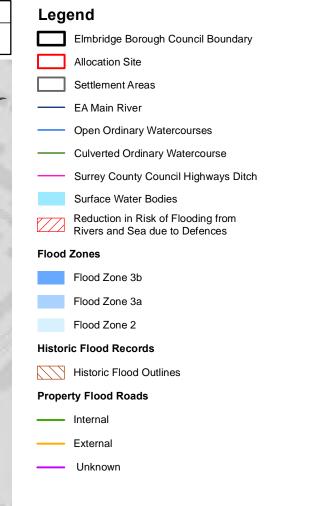
- It is recommended that an Emergency Plan is developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding in the local area including access routes and places of safety.

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





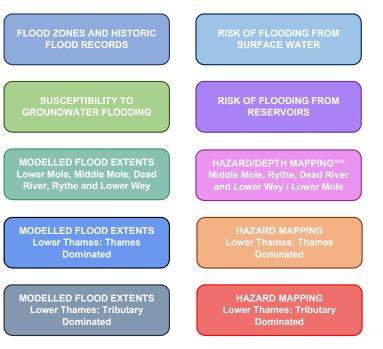
ronment Agency Information © Environment Agency and database right 2023. Contains BGS Digital Data under licence British Geological Survey 2013/012 © UKRI. Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2020 *Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 10 residen	tial units		
	CATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTO	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 100% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 0%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: N/A			
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	S : N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED	N/A		
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	232m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Thames	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 232m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: River Tha	ames
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORI	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 4, 0 re	ecords in Postcode Area KT6 5, KT6 4
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHI	MENT: Maidenhead and Sunbury	y, Mole	
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	MENT: Thames Lower, Mole Low	ver and Rythe	
WATERBODY NAME: Thames	(Egham to Teddington), Rythe		

SURFACE WATER FLOODING			
Low (0.1% AEP): 0%	Medium (1%	6 AEP): 0%	High (3.33% AEP): 0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING			
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEOLOG	: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Gravel
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Unproductive			
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING		
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	DWATER INFORMA	TION	
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: N/A		
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHME	NT: N/A		
GROUNDWATER BODY: N/A			
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	RS		
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD		/OIRS:	
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	IAL: 0%	WHEN THERE IS AL	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 39%

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D21
SITE ADDRESS	Nuffield Health Car Park, Simpson Way, Long Ditton

The site is located to the south of Portsmouth Road, 200m south of the River Thames. The site is within Flood Zone 1, low probability of flooding from rivers. Land to the north of Portsmouth Road is within Flood Zone 3a, high probability of flooding.

Modelling for the River Thames (Thames dominated) for the 1 in 100 year plus 35% climate change allowance, shows that land to the north of Portsmouth Road is at risk of flooding, with hazard rating up to Extreme. Mapping of these results for the wider area is available in Level 2 Appendix A Figures 4 and 5.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the local road network may be susceptible to surface water ponding.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates this area is not considered to be prone to groundwater flooding.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when there is also flooding from rivers. When river levels are normal, the site is not shown to be at risk.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

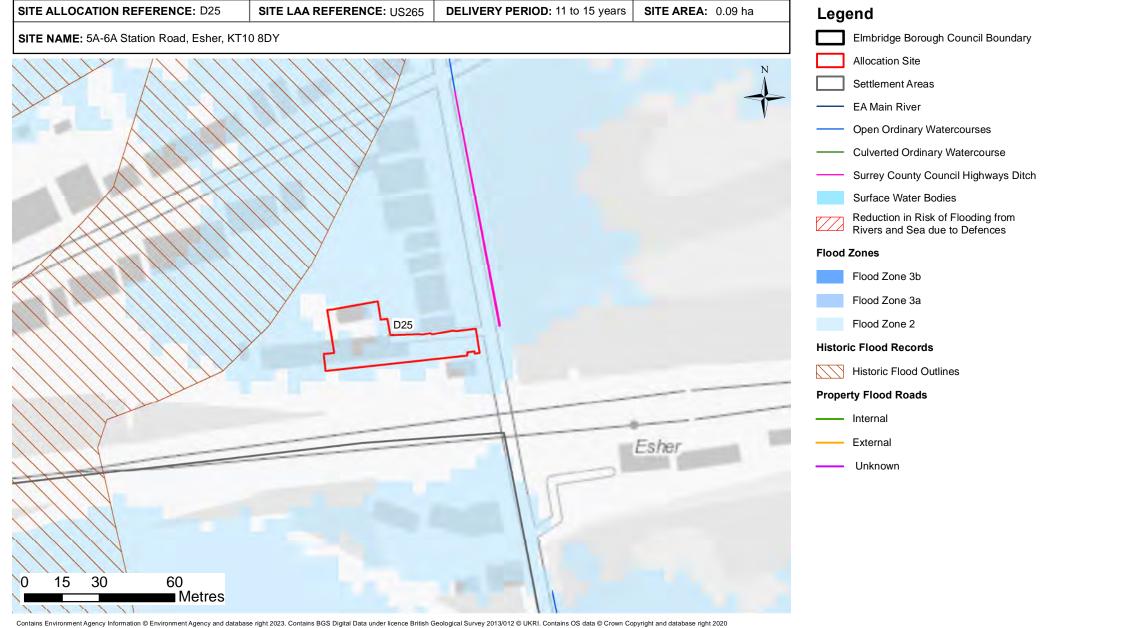
Ten residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 1 and the Exception Test is not required. The following recommendations are made for this site: - Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) should be identified for the site. Routes along Portsmouth Road to the west are shown to be at risk of flooding from the River Thames. However routes along Portsmouth Road and then south along Windmill Lane are shown to be dry during the design event including 35% climate change allowance. Routes along Portsmouth Road to the east and on to Brighton Road are also dry and Low hazard rating. Pedestrian routes to the south of the site onto Williams Grove are also dry during the design event including climate change.

- It is recommended that an Emergency Plan is developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding in the local area including access routes and places of safety.

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



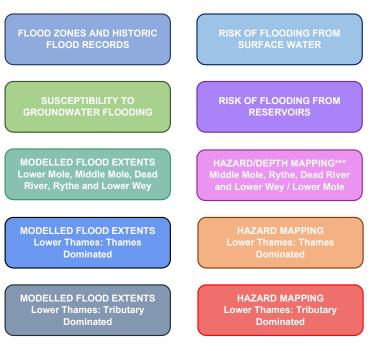
*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 5 residentia	al units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	ATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOF	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 27%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 73%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Mole at Esher and East Molesey		
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	S : N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:	IN/A		
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	580m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Ember	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 9m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: Unnamed	dWatercourse
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED	O ON POSTCODE AREA: 7 recc	ords in Postcode Area KT10 8
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	IENT: Mole		
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHM	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe		
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (He	rsham to R. Thames conf at East	Molesey)	

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 0.3%	Medium (1%	% AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Gravel					
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive	BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Principal				
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FI	OODING	•			
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface	асе				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND		ATION			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMEN	f: Thames GW				
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT	: Colne GW				
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Grave	els				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS					
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODIN	G FROM RESER	VOIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORMA	L: 96%	WHEN T	HERE IS ALS	O FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER MOLE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D25
SITE ADDRESS	5A-6A Station Road, Esher, KT10 8DY

FLOOD RISK SUMMARY An unnamed watercourse runs south to north 9m to the west of the site. The River Ember lies approximately 580m north of the site. The majority of the site (73%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 27% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and the Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site has not experienced flooding previously. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Mole does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1%) AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance) and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event.

Ground levels across the site are approximately 11.8m AOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates a small area at low risk of surface water flooding to the east of the site.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates there is potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when there is also flooding from rivers and the majority (96%) is at risk when river levels are normal.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

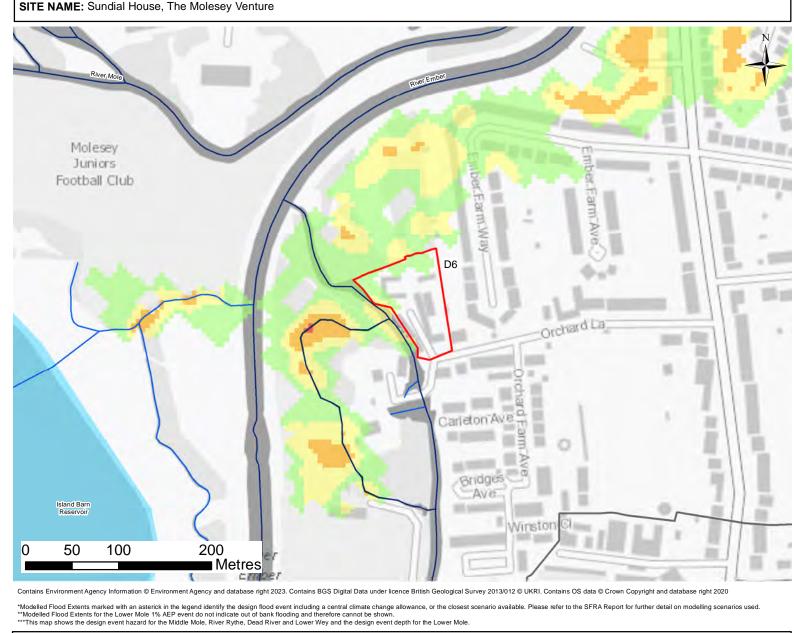
Five residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

 Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. As the site is not shown to be at risk of flooding from rivers during the design event, floodplain compensation storage is not likely to be required.

- In the absence of hazard mapping for the Lower Mole, depth mapping has been used to assess whether safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable. Safe access/egress is achievable along Station Road which is not shown to flood during the design event (1 in 100 year plus 20% climate change). - The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



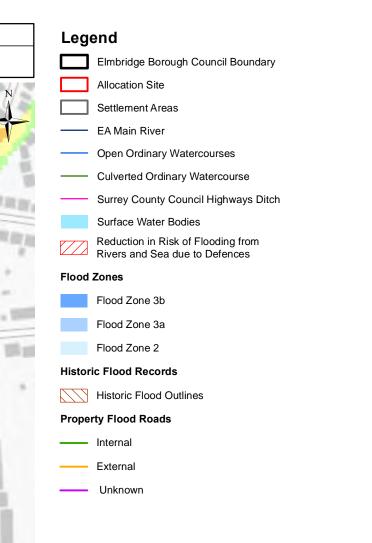
SITE LAA REFERENCE: US462

DELIVERY PERIOD: 1 to 5 years

SITE AREA: 0.64 ha

. 198

100



PROPOSED USE: 61 residential units

SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE: D6

VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable

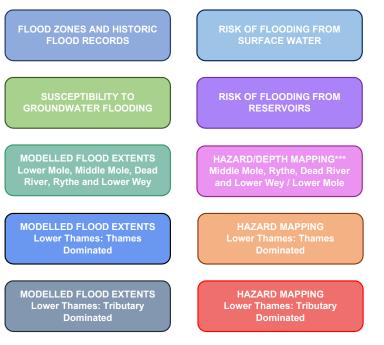
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING

I ECOD ZONEO AND THO						
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 35%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP):	64%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	0%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):	1%
FLOOD WARNING AREA: Ri	iver Mole at Esher and Eas	st Molesey				
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/	/Α			STATUS	3: N/A	
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968, 06 November 1974, December 2013						
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER	R: 1m MAIN	N RIVER NA	ME: River Ember			
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST V	VATERCOURSE: 1m	WATE	RCOURSE NAME:	River Emb	ber	
THAMES WATER DG5 RECO	ORDED FLOOD INCIDEN	TS BASED	ON POSTCODE AF	REA: 10 rec	ords in Postcode Area KT8 0	
WATER FRAMEWORK D	IRECTIVE - FLUVIAL II	NFORMATI	ION			
RIVER MANAGEMENT CAT	CHMENT: Mole					
RIVER OPERATIONAL CAT	CHMENT: Mole Lower an	nd Rythe				
WATERBODY NAME: Mole	(Hersham to R. Thames c	onf at East N	Molesey)			

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 9%	Medium (1%	AEP): 0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%	
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Gravel			
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAL AQU	IFER: Secondary (undifferentiated),	Unproductive	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING				
N/A					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	IDWATER INFORMA	TION			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: Thames GW				
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHME	NT: Colne GW				
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gra	avels				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOI	RS				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	ING FROM RESERV	OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NOR	MAL: 100%	WHEN THERE	IS ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS	: 100%	

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: TRIBUTARY DOMINATED AND LOWER MOLE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D6
SITE ADDRESS	Sundial House The Molesey Venture

A tributary of the River Ember runs along the eastern boundary of the site and joins the River Thames approximately 1.3km north east of the site, 35% of the site is defined as Flood Zone 1, 64% is Flood Zone 2. and the remaining 1% as Flood Zone 3b (derived from the Lower Thames (Tributary Dominated Model)). The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area. Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. November 1974, and December 2013. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Tributary Dominated) indicates the north and north west of the site to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance). The site is not indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event. Hazard mapping for the design event indicates areas of 'Low' to 'Moderate' hazard in the north and north west. Ground levels are approximately 8.7m AOD in the north of the site to 9.7m ADO in the south of the site. Water levels in the north of the site during the design event are approximately 8.9m AOD.

Modelling for the Lower Mole does not indicate the site to be at risk up to and including the design event (1% AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance) and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating from the Lower Mole for the design event.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates low probability of ponding in the south of the site. The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the area is not prone to groundwater flooding.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Sixty one residential units are recommended for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. More Vulnerable development is not permitted within Flood Zone 3b. This part of the site should be retained as floodplain and steps taken to restore land to provide a more natural edge of the River Ember. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site: - Retain an 8 metre wide undeveloped buffer strip alongside Main Rivers and explore opportunities for riverside restoration. New development within 8m of a Main River will require consent from either the Environment Agency. (Guidance on Environment Agency Flood Risk Activity Permits is available online https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-activities-environmental-permits). - Development within the design flood extent (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) must not decrease the available floodplain storage. Given that only some of the site (26%) is located in the flood extent for the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance), it may be possible to provide floodplain compensation storage within the site for any increase in building footprint. Floodplain compensation must be provided in relation to the design event (1 in 100 year), on a level

for level and volume for volume basis. (Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.6).

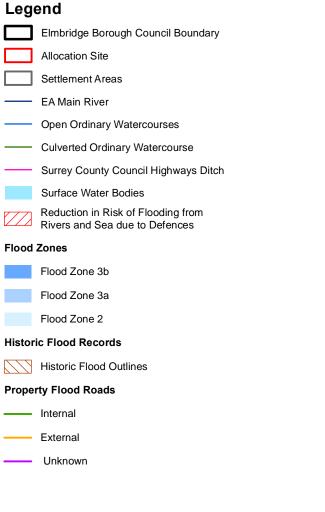
- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable via Orchard Lane to the east and then south onto Ember Lane.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding. - Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





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PROPOSED USE: 6 residentia	al units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	ATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOR	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 69% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 31%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River I	Nole at Esher and East Molesey		
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	S: N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:	IN 06 September 1968		
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	92m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Mole	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATI	ERCOURSE: 92m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: River Mo	le
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	ED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	O ON POSTCODE AREA: 5 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT8 9
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHN	IENT: Mole		
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHN	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe		
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (Hei	rsham to R. Thames conf at East	t Molesey)	

SURFACE WATER FLOODING				
Low (0.1% AEP): 0.1%	Medium (1%	AEP): 0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING				
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEOLO	OGY: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt A	nd Sand
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAL AQUIFE	R: Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING			
Potential for groundwater flooding of property s Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at su		level,		
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	DWATER INFORMA	ΓΙΟΝ		
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: Thames GW			
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW				
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	RS			
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	ING FROM RESERV	OIRS:		
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AL: 100%		ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	1000/

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: TRIBUTARY DOMINATED AND LOWER MOLE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD

FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC	RISK OF FLOODING FROM
FLOOD RECORDS	SURFACE WATER
SUSCEPTIBILITY TO	RISK OF FLOODING FROM
GROUNDWATER FLOODING	RESERVOIRS
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD/DEPTH MAPPING***
Lower Mole, Middle Mole, Dead	Middle Mole, Rythe, Dead River
River, Rythe and Lower Wey	and Lower Wey / Lower Mole
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD MAPPING
Lower Thames: Thames	Lower Thames: Thames
Dominated	Dominated
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD MAPPING
Lower Thames: Tributary	Lower Thames: Tributary
Dominated	Dominated

SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D18
SITE ADDRESS	118-120 Bridge Road East Molesey KT8 9HW

The River Mole runs approximately 92m east of the site and joins the River Thames approximately 600m north east of the site. The majority of the site (69%) is defined as Flood Zone 1, and the remaining 31% is defined as Flood Zone 2. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Tributary Dominated) does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance) and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event. (The entire site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event plus a 81% climate change allowance, with hazard rating Low to Moderate 'Danger for Most').

Modelling for the Lower Mole does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including the 0.1% AEP event and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event.

Ground levels are approximately 8.7m AOD in the south of the site to 8.9m AOD in the north east. The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates a low risk of surface water flooding to the north of the site.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level and the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Six residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

 Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. As the site is not shown to be at risk of flooding from rivers during the design event, floodplain compensation storage is not likely to be required. Consideration should be made of the impact of the development of the development on local surface water flowpaths; proposed development provides an opportunity to improve the risk of surface water flooding along Bridge Road and Arnison Road.

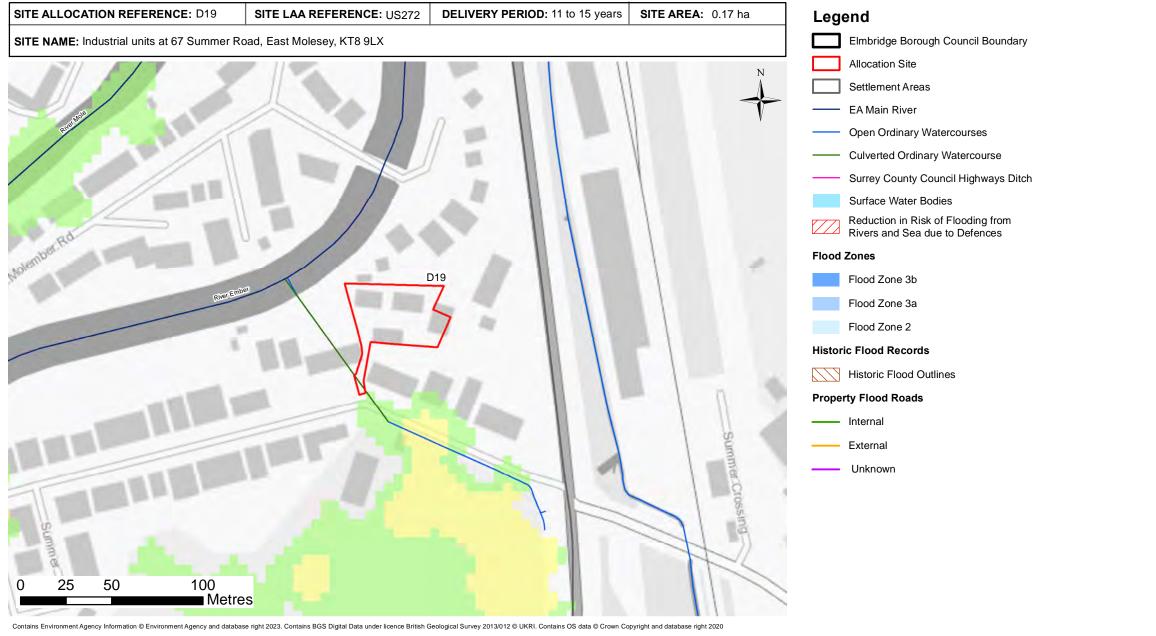
- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance for river flooding) is achievable to the west of the site. These routes are shown to be susceptible to surface water flooding.

developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding. - Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing. There may be opportunities for development proposals at the site to contribute towards measures to reduce the risk of flooding on Bridge Street and Arnison Road (as shown in the RoFSW mapping).

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures. - The site is within an area that has been shown from modelling to be potentially affected in the event of a reservoir breach or

appropriate measures to manage the potential for inundation within the site.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be
- failure. This should be assessed appropriately to inform the development strategy and ensure that the masterplan includes



*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 12 residen	tial units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	CATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTO	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 0% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 100%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Mole at Esher and East Molesey		
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATU	S : N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED	Ub March 1947. Ub Novem	ber 1974	
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	21m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Ember	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 0m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: Tributary	of River Ember
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 5 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT8 9
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHI	MENT: Mole		
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe		
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (He	rsham to R. Thames conf at East	t Molesey)	

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 19%	Medium (1%	AEP):	1%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFIC	IAL GEOLOGY	: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand	And Gravel
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFIC	IAL AQUIFER:	Secondary (undifferentiated)	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING				
N/A					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	DWATER INFORMA	TION			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: This information	on is not ava	ilable for this sit	e.	
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHME	NT: This informatic	on is not ava	ilable for this sit	e.	
GROUNDWATER BODY: This information is	not available for this	site.			
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIP	RS				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	ING FROM RESERV	OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	IAL: 100%	WHEN	THERE IS ALS	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: TRIBUTARY DOMINATED AND LOWER MOLE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC	RISK OF FLOODING FROM
FLOOD RECORDS	SURFACE WATER
SUSCEPTIBILITY TO	RISK OF FLOODING FROM
GROUNDWATER FLOODING	RESERVOIRS
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD/DEPTH MAPPING***
Lower Mole, Middle Mole, Dead	Middle Mole, Rythe, Dead River
River, Rythe and Lower Wey	and Lower Wey / Lower Mole
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD MAPPING
Lower Thames: Thames	Lower Thames: Thames
Dominated	Dominated
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD MAPPING
Lower Thames: Tributary	Lower Thames: Tributary
Dominated	Dominated

SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	D19
SITE ADDRESS	Industrial units at 67 Summer Road East Molesey KT8 9LX

A tributary of the River Ember runs through the south west of the site. The River Ember runs approximately 21m west of the site and joins the River Thames approximately 400m north east of the site. The entire site (100%) is defined as Flood Zone 2 from the Lower Thames. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in March 1947, and November 1974. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Tributary Dominated) shows that the site itself is not at risk of flooding up to and including the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance). However Summer Road, the access route to the site, is shown to be at risk, with hazard rating of Low to Moderate.

Modelling for the Lower Mole indicates the site to be at risk of flooding during a 0.1% AEP event, but not during the design event (1 in 100 year plus climate change).

Ground levels are approximately 7.2m AOD to the south of the site to 6.7m ADO in the north.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates a low to medium risk of flooding from surface water to the east of the site.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the area is not prone to groundwater flooding.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Twelve residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Retain an 8 metre wide undeveloped buffer strip alongside Main Rivers and explore opportunities for riverside restoration. Retain a 5 metre wide buffer strip alongside Ordinary Watercourses. New development within 8m of a Main River or Ordinary Watercourse will require consent from either the Environment Agency or Surrey Council (as LLFA) respectively. (Guidance on Environment Agency Flood Risk Activity Permits is available online https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-activitiesenvironmental-permits).

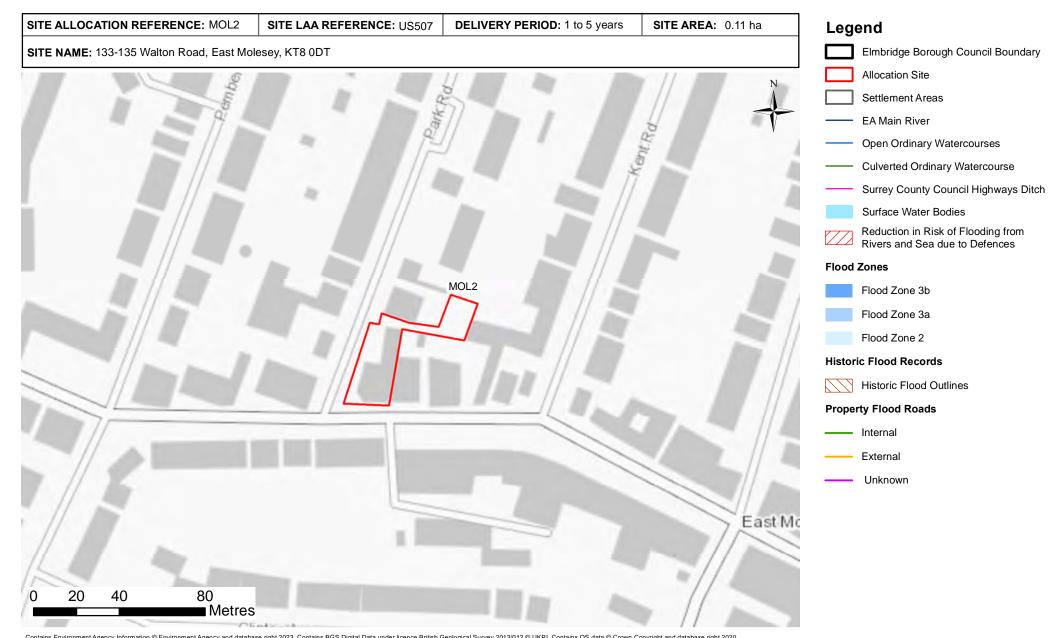
- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. As the site is not shown to be at risk of flooding from rivers during the design event, floodplain compensation storage is not likely to be required.

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the design event (1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) should be provided for new development. Summer Road, the main access for the site, is shown to have a section at Moderate hazard, but the remainder of the route along Summer Road is Low hazard, and then the route along the A306 is dry. Improvements to Summer Road, or identification of alternative routes from the site to the A306 should be provided to demonstrate safe access for the site.

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding. - Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



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*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown.
***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

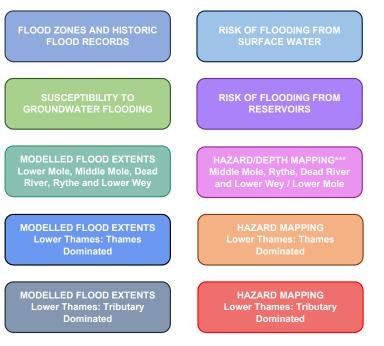
	This map shows the design event hazard for th	ie Middle Mole, River Rytrie,	Dead River and Lower wey	and the design event depth for
- 1				

PROPOSED USE: 8 residential units/mixed-use									
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable									
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOF	RIC FLOODING								
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 0%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 100%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):						
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Mole at Esher and East Molesey								
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	5: N/A						
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968									
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	489m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Mole							
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 489m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: River Mol	e						
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 5, 10 r	records in Postcode Area KT8 9, KT8 0						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION							
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	IENT: Mole								
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHN	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe								
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (He	rsham to R. Thames conf at East	t Molesey)							

SURFACE WATER FLOODING							
Low (0.1% AEP): 29%	Medium (1%	AEP): 0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%			
GROUNDWATER FLOODING							
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt And Sand							
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAL A	QUIFER: Principal				
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F	LOODING						
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at su	face						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND		TION					
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: Thames GW						
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMEN	IT: Colne GW						
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Grav	/els						
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	S						
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD		/OIRS:					
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AL: 100%	WHEN THER	E IS ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS	3: 100%			
		1					

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED AND TRIBUTARY DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL2
SITE ADDRESS	133-135 Walton Road, East Molesey, KT8 0DT

The River Mole is located approximately 489m south of the site. The site (100%) is defined as Flood Zone 2. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area. Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Thames Dominated) indicates that the majority of the site is at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event including 35% climate change and the whole site to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event including 81% climate change. Hazard mapping for the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance) 'Low' to 'Moderate' hazard in the north and 'Moderate' to 'Significant' hazard in the south.

Ground levels are approximately 9m AOD in the north of the site to 8.7m AOD in the south. Water levels across the site during the design event are approximately 9m AOD.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Tributary Dominated) indicates that the site is not at risk of flooding up to and including the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance) and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating from the Tributary Dominated model for the design event. Almost the entire site is shown to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP plus an 81% climate change allowance and 0.1% AEP event.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the area local to the site to be at risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Eight residential units/mixed use are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable and Less Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is not achievable. The site and the section of Walton Road adjoining the site is at Moderate hazard during the design event (River Thames, Thames Dominated scenario). However, this is the edge of the floodplain, and once the route along Walton Road to the west is then Low hazard and dry, and there is a dry access route to Hurst Road (avoiding the floodplain of the Dead River). Elmbridge BC, in consultation with Emergency Planners, will need to determine whether improvements can be made to Walton Road to provide a more reliable access route, and/or whether reliance on evacuation prior to a flood event is sufficient.

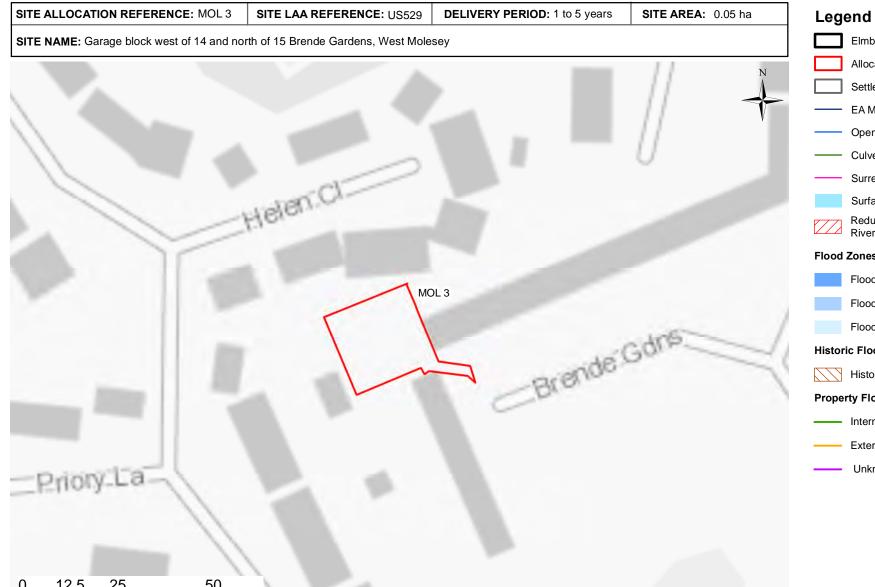
- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be

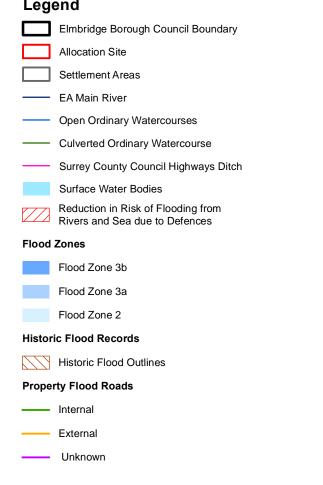
developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access routes and places of safety. - Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Given that the majority of the site (95%) is located within the flood extent for the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance), it will not be possible to provide floodplain compensation storage within the site for any increase in building footprint. As a result, the built footprint of the new development of the site should not exceed that of the existing development. This may limit the number of units that can be delivered on the site. A review of the existing site by EBC shows that the majority of the site is already developed, and therefore the allocation of this site is not anticipated to increase the building footprint.

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





25 50 0 12.5 Metres

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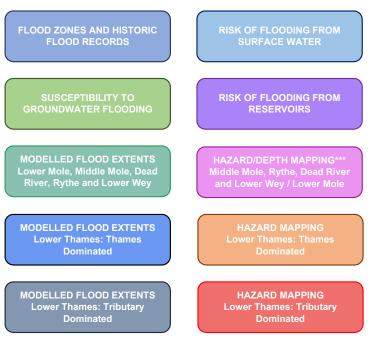
*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 4 residential units								
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable								
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING								
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 98% Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 2%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):						
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Mole at Esher and East Moles	еу							
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A	STATU	JS: N/A						
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN 06 September 1968 WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:								
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 420m MAIN RIVER	NAME: River Mole							
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 420m W	ATERCOURSE NAME: River Mo	ble						
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BAS	ED ON POSTCODE AREA: 9 rec	ords in Postcode Area KT8 2						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORM	IATION							
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Mole								
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Mole Lower and Rythe								
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (Hersham to R. Thames conf at E	ast Molesey)							

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 0.2%	Medium (1%	AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFI	CIAL GEOLO	OGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand	And Grave
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFI	CIAL AQUIFI	E R: Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F	LOODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at sur					
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMEN					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMEN	IT: Colne GW				
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Grav	/els				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	S				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODI	NG FROM RESERV	/OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AI · 100%	WHE		ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	4000/

OUTPUTS FROM THE DEAD RIVER, LOWER MOLE AND LOWER THAMES: TRIBUTARY DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL 3
SITE ADDRESS	Garage block west of 14 and north of 15 Brende Gardens, West Molesey

The River Mole is located approximately 420m south from the site. The majority of the site (98%) is defined as Flood Zone 1, and the remaining 2% is defined as Flood Zone 2 from the Dead River. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate the site experienced a flood event in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

The site itself is not shown to be at risk from the fluvial watercourses during the design events. However, the local area and access routes are at risk. To the west of the site, there is the risk of flooding from the Dead River, south along Molesey Road. To the north east, there is the risk of flooding from the River Thames, affecting Walton Road, with Significant hazard rating between Seymour Road and Matham Road.

Ground levels across the site are approximately 9.5mAOD to 9.8mAOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates a low risk of flooding from surface water along the northern and south eastern site boundary.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Four residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2, and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable for the site north along Grange Road, west onto Walton Road, north along Rosemary Avenue, and then onto A3050 Hurst Road.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Warning Area. Given the risk of flooding in the local area, and the need to follow specific access routes, Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access routes and places of safety.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas in not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

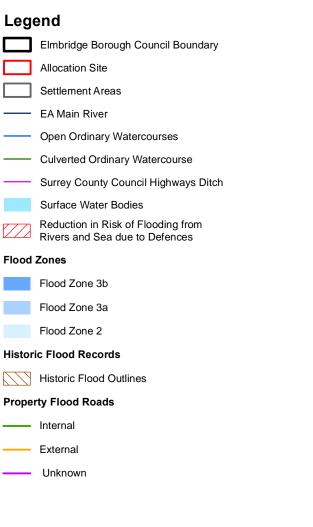
- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.

DELIVERY PERIOD: 1 to 5 years

SITE AREA: 0.39 ha

SITE NAME: East Molesey Car Park, Walton Road, East Molesey





*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 23 reside	ntial units				
VULNERABILITY CLASSIF	CATION: More Vulnerabl	e			
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTO	RIC FLOODING				
Flood Zone 1 2% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP):	^{3%} Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	0%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):	0%
FLOOD WARNING AREA: Rive	r Mole at Esher and East Mo	lesey			
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A			STATUS	: N/A	
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINE WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATEI					
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	271m MAIN RIV	ER NAME: River Mole			
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WA	TERCOURSE: 225m	WATERCOURSE NAME:	Tributary of	of River Mole	
THAMES WATER DG5 RECOR	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS B	ASED ON POSTCODE AR	REA: 10 rec	ords in Postcode Area KT8 0	
WATER FRAMEWORK DIR	ECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFO	RMATION			
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	IMENT: Mole				
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	MENT: Mole Lower and Ry	the			
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (H	ersham to R. Thames conf a	t East Molesey)			

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 53%	Medium (1%	AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFI	CIAL GEOLOG	Y: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt A	nd Sand
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFI	CIAL AQUIFER	: Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding of property s Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at su		level,			
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	DWATER INFORMA	TION			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: Thames GW				
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHME	NT: Colne GW				
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gra	avels				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIP	RS				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	ING FROM RESERV	OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	/AL: 100%	WHE		SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED AND TRIBUTARY DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD

FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC	RISK OF FLOODING FROM
FLOOD RECORDS	SURFACE WATER
SUSCEPTIBILITY TO	RISK OF FLOODING FROM
GROUNDWATER FLOODING	RESERVOIRS
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD/DEPTH MAPPING***
Lower Mole, Middle Mole, Dead	Middle Mole, Rythe, Dead River
River, Rythe and Lower Wey	and Lower Wey / Lower Mole
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD MAPPING
Lower Thames: Thames	Lower Thames: Thames
Dominated	Dominated
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD MAPPING
Lower Thames: Tributary	Lower Thames: Tributary
Dominated	Dominated

SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL4
SITE ADDRESS	East Molesey Car Park, Walton Road, East Molesey

A tributary of the River Mole is located 225m east of the site, and the River Mole is approximately 271m south. The majority of the site (98%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 2% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Thames Dominated) shows majority of the site is at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event including 35% climate change, the entire site is shown to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event including 81% climate change. Hazard mapping for the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance) indicates the majority of the site to be at 'Moderate' to 'Significant' hazard.

Ground levels are approximately 8.5m AOD in the north to 9.1m AOD in the south. Water levels across the site during the design event are approximately 9.1m AOD.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Tributary Dominated) indicates that the site is not at risk of flooding up to and including the design event and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating from the Tributary Dominated model for the design event. Almost the entire site is shown to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP plus an 81% climate change allowance and 0.1% AEP event.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the north of the site to be at low risk of flooding from surface water. The local area (Walton Road, St Mary's Road) are shown to be at risk of surface water flooding.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level and the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

THIS SITE IS NO LONGER AVAILABLE AND WILL NOT BE TAKEN FORWARD IN THE LOCAL PLAN. Twenty-three residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable for the site, south onto St Mary's Road and then west to Beauchamp Road, north onto High Street, west onto Walton Road, north onto Rosemary Avenue and west onto Hurst Road. (Routes east from the site along Walton Road, or east along St Mary's Road are at Significant hazard, and therefore not suitable routes).

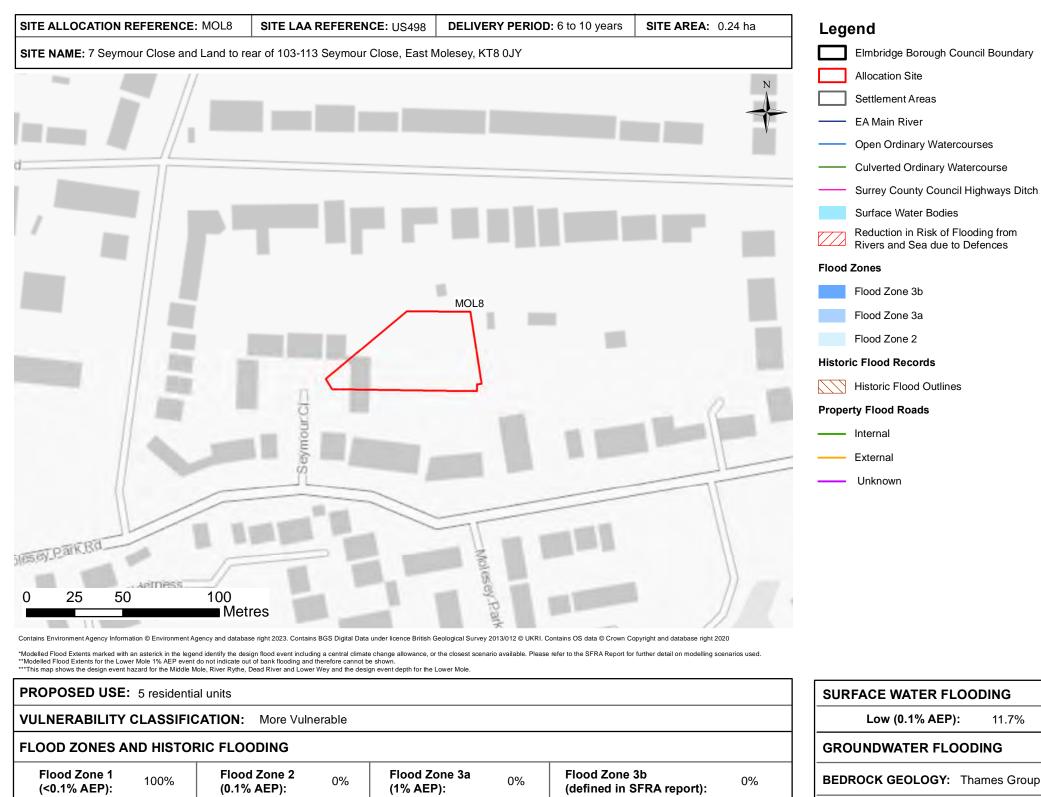
- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access routes and places of safety. - Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Given that the majority of the site is located within the flood extent for the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance), it will not be possible to provide floodplain compensation storage within the site for any increase in building footprint. As a result, the built footprint of the new development of the site should not exceed that of the existing development. This may limit

the number of units that can be delivered on the site.

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



STATUS: N/A

FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Mole at Esher and East Molesey

FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A

WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:

RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN 06 September 1968

PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 134m MAIN RIVER NAME: River Mole

PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 134m WATERCOURSE NAME: Tributary of River Mole

THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 10 records in Postcode Area KT8 0

WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION

RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Mole

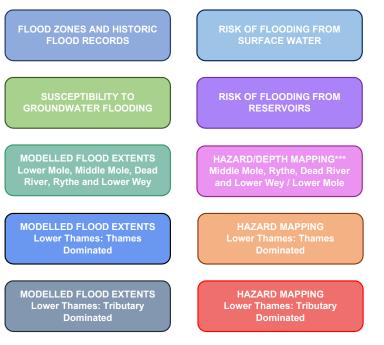
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Mole Lower and Rythe

WATERBODY NAME: Mole (Hersham to R. Thames conf at East Molesey)

SURFACE WATER FLOODING							
Low (0.1% AEP): 11.7%	Medium (1%	AEP): 6%		High (3.33% AEP):	0%		
GROUNDWATER FLOODING							
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL	GEOLOGY: Rive	er-Terrace Deposits - San	d And Gravel		
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAL	AQUIFER: Princ	ipal			
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING						
Potential for groundwater flooding of property s	situated below ground	l level					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	DWATER INFORMA	TION					
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: Thames GW						
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHME	NT: Colne GW						
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gra	avels						
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIF	RS						
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS:							
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	IAL: 100%	WHEN THE	RE IS ALSO FLO	DODING FROM RIVERS	: 100%		
		1					

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED AND TRIBUTARY DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL8
SITE ADDRESS	7 Seymour Close and Land to rear of 103-113 Seymour Close, East Molesey, KT8 0JY

FLOOD RISK SUMMARY The River Mole flows east to the south of Molesey Park Road (to the south of the site). The site is entirely within Flood Zone 1, low probability of flooding from rivers. However, the site is within the historic flood outline, and the local area and main access routes are shown to be at risk from the Thames during the design

event (1 in 100 year including climate change).

Modelling for the River Thames (Thames dominated) for the 1 in 100 year plus 35% climate change allowance, shows that land to the north of the site including Walton Road is at risk of flooding, with hazard rating up to Significant. Modelling for the River Thames (tributary dominated) for the 1 in 100 year plus 35% climate change allowance, shows that Esher Road, to the east of the site is at risk of flooding (Low hazard rating). Mapping of these results for the wider area is available in Level 2 Appendix A Figures 4 and 5.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the local road network may be susceptible to surface water ponding.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates there is potential for groundwater flooding of property below ground level in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

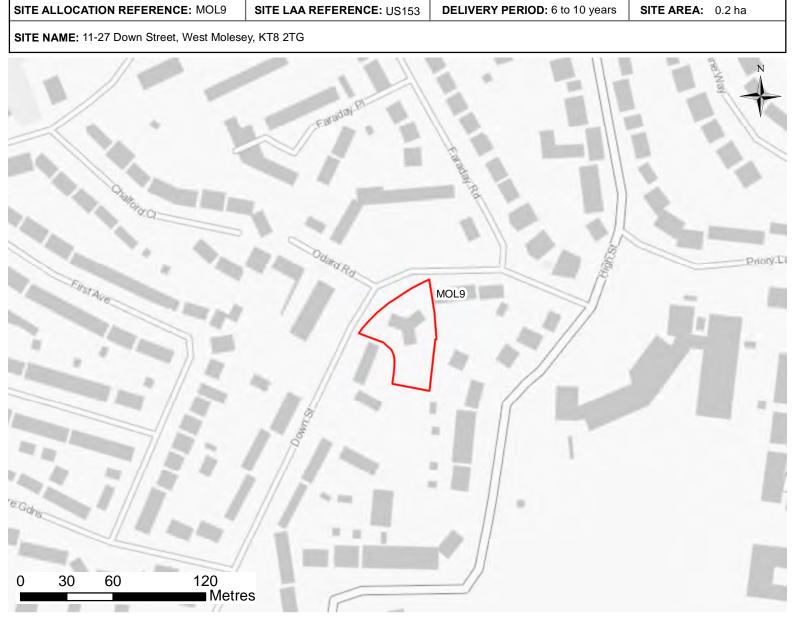
Five residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 1 and the Exception Test is not required. Due to the risk of flooding to the wider area, the following recommendations are made for this site:

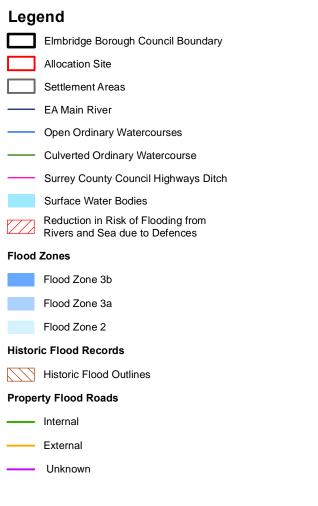
- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable for the site. A dry route is available west along Beauchamp Road, north along High Street, west along Walton Road, north along Rosemary Avenue and then west along Hurst Road. (Routes to the east from the site would include the part of Walton Road at Significant hazard and are therefore not suitable routes).

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Given the risk of flooding from rivers in the wider area, it is recommended that Emergency Plans are developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding, including access routes and places of safety.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





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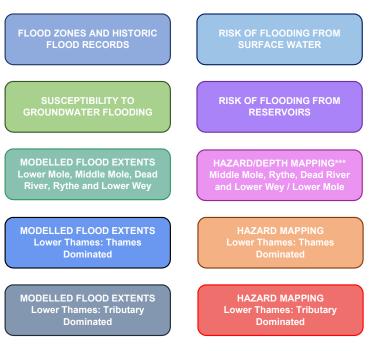
*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 7 residen	tial units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIF	ICATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTO	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 49% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 51%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: Rive	r Mole at Esher and East Molesey	· ·	
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	S : N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINE WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATEI	Up September 1968		
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	368m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Mole/Dead River	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WA	TERCOURSE: 368m WAT	FERCOURSE NAME: River Mo	le/Dead River
THAMES WATER DG5 RECOR	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 9 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT8 2
WATER FRAMEWORK DIR	ECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	IMENT: Mole		
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	MENT: Mole Lower and Rythe		
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (H	ersham to R. Thames conf at Eas	t Molesey)	

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 25%	Medium (1%	6 AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOG			GY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sanc	And Grave	
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFI	CIAL AQUIFE	R: Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F	LOODING	•			
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surf	ace				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND					
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS	3				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODIN		/OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORMA	L: 100%	WHE	N THERE IS A	LSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE DEAD RIVER MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL9
SITE ADDRESS	11-27 Down Street, West Molesey, KT8 2TG

The Dead River joins the River Mole 368m south from the site. 51% of the site is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 49% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Dead River does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including a 1% AEP event plus a 35% allowance for climate change and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event (1% AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance). (The north of the site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event plus a 70% allowance for climate change and a 0.1% AEP event).

Ground levels are approximately 9.4m AOD in the north to 10.2m AOD in the south.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the north corner of the site to be at low risk of flooding from surface water. The local area to the north and east is shown to be susceptible to surface water floodina.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

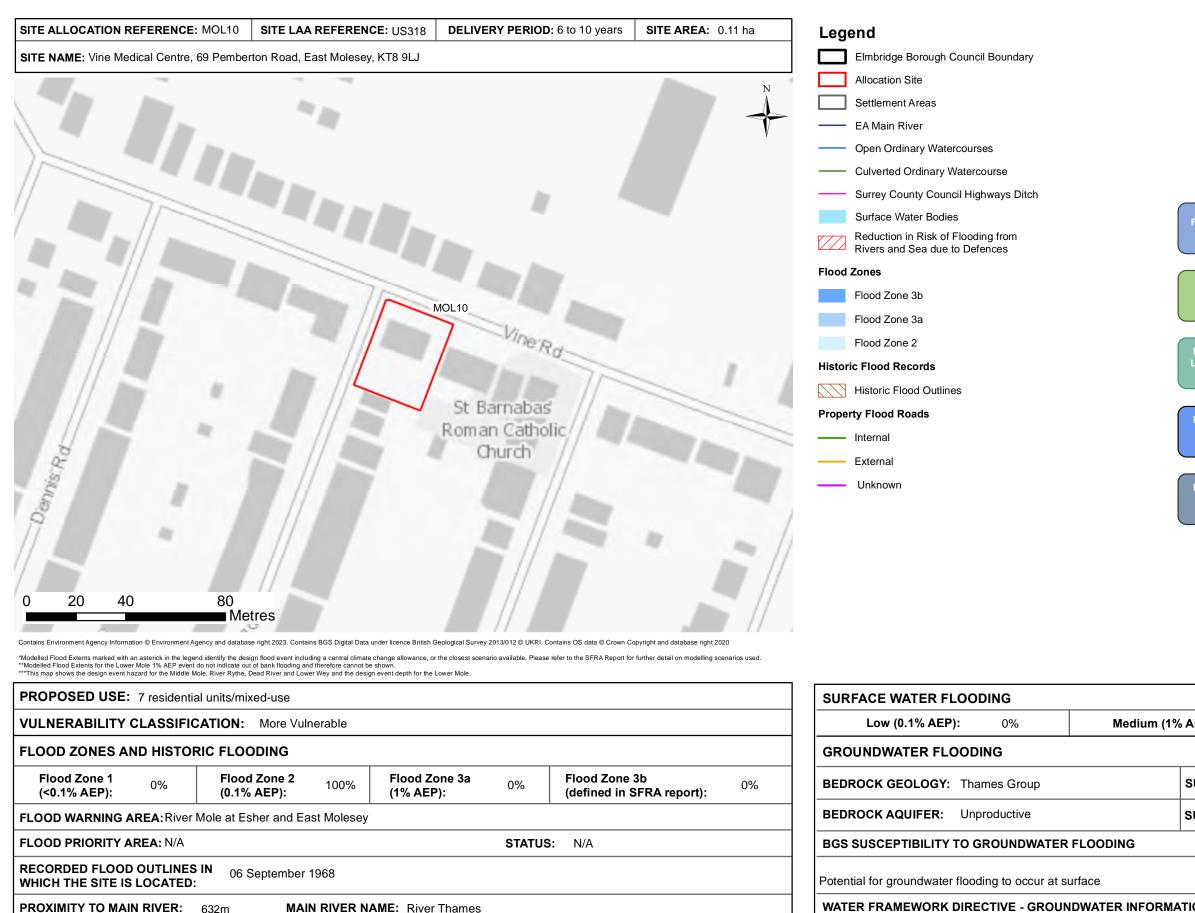
Seven residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable to the north and east of the site via Down Street. A dry route is available north via Faraday Road and Rosemary Avenue and then west along A3050 Hurst Road. (Routes west from the site towards Pool Road and Molesey Road are at risk of flooding from the Dead River during the design event. Hazard ratings in some sections are Moderate and Significant and therefore these routes are not safe).

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access routes and places of safety. - Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and

incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures. - The site is within an area that has been shown from modelling to be potentially affected in the event of a reservoir breach or failure. This should be assessed appropriately to inform the development strategy and ensure that the masterplan includes appropriate measures to manage the potential for inundation within the site.



PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 632m MAIN RIVER NAME: River Thames

PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 632m WATERCOURSE NAME: River Thames

THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 5 records in Postcode Area KT8 9

WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION

RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Mole

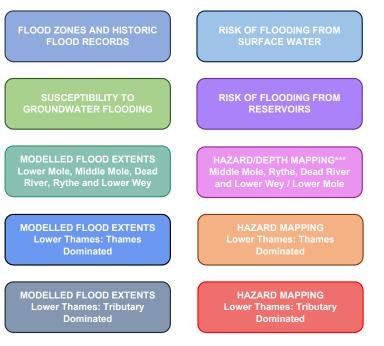
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Mole Lower and Rythe

WATERBODY NAME: Mole (Hersham to R. Thames conf at East Molesey)

Revision: 1 Drawn: LL Checked: JS Approved: SL Date: 2024-04-18

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED AND TRIBUTARY DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 0%	Medium (1%	AEP): 0%	High (3.33% AEP): 0%		
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group	BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt And Sand				
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER	: Principal		
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at su	urface				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	IDWATER INFORMA	TION			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	RS				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD		/OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	MAL: 100%	WHEN THERE IS AL	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 100%		
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	MAL: 100%	WHEN THERE IS AL	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 100%		

SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL10
SITE ADDRESS	Vine Medical Centre 69 Pemberton Road East Molesey KT8 9LJ

The River Thames runs approximately 632m north of the site. The entire site (100%) is defined as Flood Zone 2. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. There are records of flooded properties in the local roads. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Thames Dominated) shows the majority of the site to be at risk of flooding in the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance) and the entire site to be at risk of flooding during the 1% AEP event including 81% climate change. Hazard mapping for the design event indicates a 'Low' hazard across the majority of the site, with the north east corner indicated to have no hazard, and the south west corner to have 'Moderate' hazard. Ground levels are approximately 8.9m AOD across the site. Water levels across the site during the design event are approximately 9m AOD.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Tributary Dominated) does not indicate the site to be at risk during the design event.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

THIS SITE IS NO LONGER AVAILABLE AND WILL NOT BE TAKEN FORWARD IN THE LOCAL PLAN. Seven residential/mixed use units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime. The following recommendations are made for this site: - Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) may be achievable east along Vine Road, Arnison Road and then south along Bridge Street and Esher Road. There are sections at Low hazard along this route.

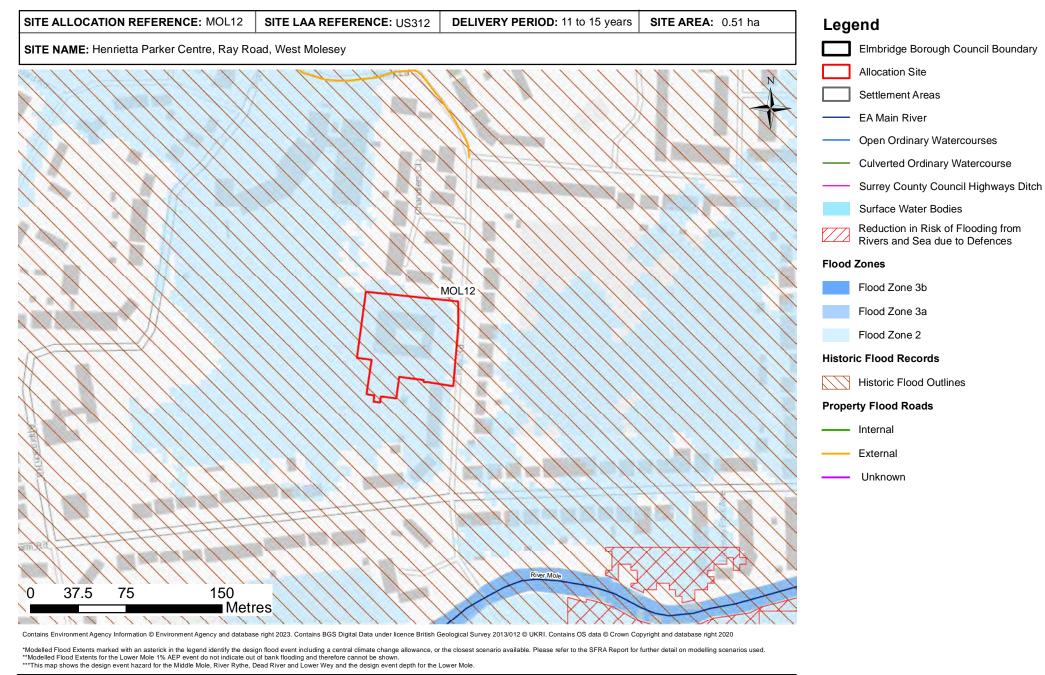
- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Given that the majority of the site is located within the flood extent for the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance), it will not be possible to provide floodplain compensation storage within the site for any increase in building footprint. As a result, the built footprint of the new development of the site should not exceed that of the existing development. This may limit the number of units that can be delivered on the site.

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access routes and places of safety. - Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and

incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.

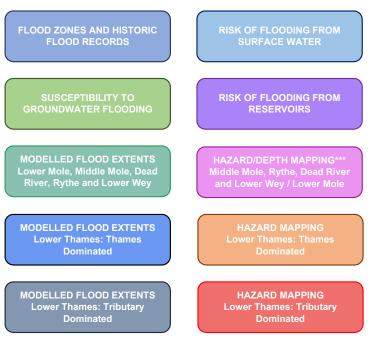


PROPOSED USE: 13 residential units and re- provision of community use				
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	CATION: More Vulnerable			
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOR	RIC FLOODING			
Flood Zone 1 4% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 96% (0.1% AEP): 96%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP): 0%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):	
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Mole at Esher and East Molesey				
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	5: N/A	
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968				
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 162m MAIN RIVER NAME: River Mole/Dead River				
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 162m WATERCOURSE NAME: River Mole/Dead River				
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 9 records in Postcode Area KT8 2				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION				
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Mole				
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Mole Lower and Rythe				
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (Hersham to R. Thames conf at East Molesey)				

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 58%	Medium (1%	AEP): 1	6%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Grav					d And Grave
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAI	AQUIFER: F	Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at su	urface				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	DWATER INFORMA	ΓΙΟΝ			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	NT: Thames GW				
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	रऽ				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	ING FROM RESERV	OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	IAL: 100%	WHEN TH	IERE IS ALSO	FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE DEAD RIVER, LOWER MOLE AND LOWER THAMES: TRIBUTARY DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD**



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL12
SITE ADDRESS	Henrietta Parker Centre, Ray Road, West Molesey

The Dead River joins the River Mole approximately 162m south of the site. The majority of the site (96%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 4% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate the site experienced a flood event in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

The site itself is not shown to be at risk from the fluvial watercourses during the design events. However, the local area and access routes are at risk. To the west of the site, there is the risk of flooding from the Dead River, south along Molesey Road. To the north east, there is the risk of flooding from the River Thames, affecting Walton Road, with Significant hazard rating between Seymour Road and Matham Road.

Ground levels across the site are approximately 9.2m AOD to 9.7m AOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates that majority of the site is at low risk of flooding from surface water, with the south of the site at medium risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

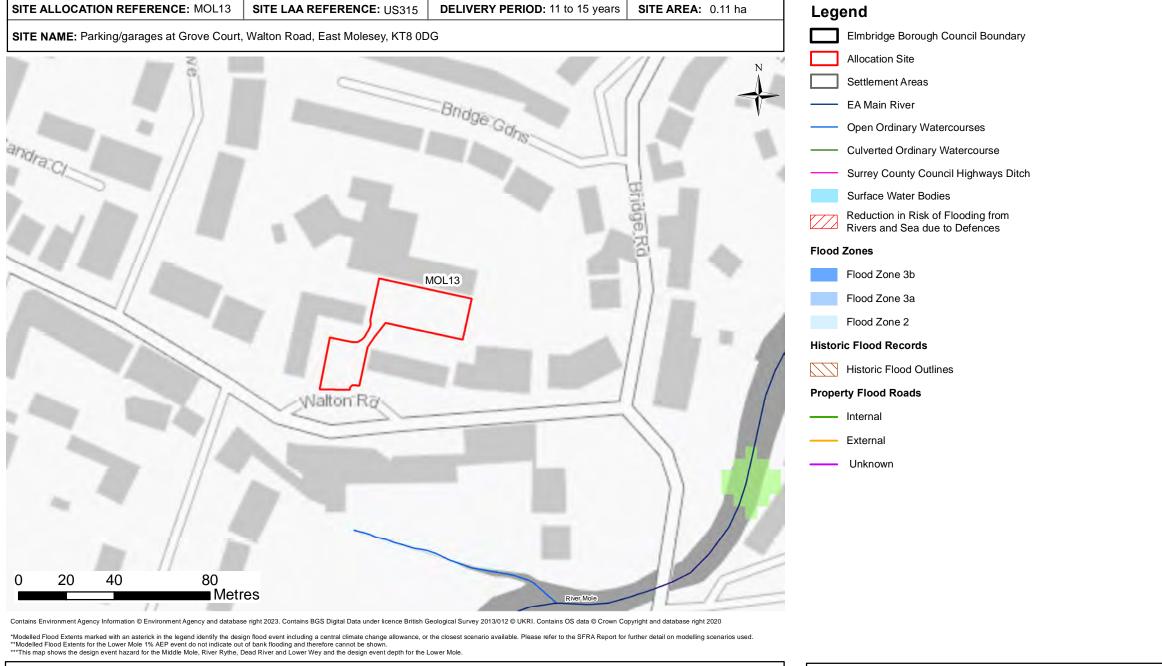
Thirteen residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable for the site north along High Street, west onto Walton Road, north along Rosemary Avenue, and then onto A3050 Hurst Road.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Warning Area. Given the risk of flooding in the local area, and the need to follow specific access routes, Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access routes and places of safety.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas in not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site.
Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.
The site is within an area that has been shown from modelling to be potentially affected in the event of a reservoir breach or failure. This should be assessed appropriately to inform the development strategy and ensure that the masterplan includes appropriate measures to manage the potential for inundation within the site.

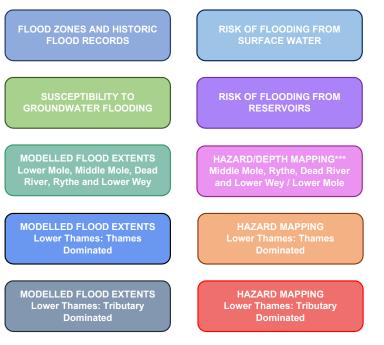


PROPOSED USE: 7 residentia	al units				
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable					
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTO	RIC FLOODING				
Flood Zone 1 100% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 0%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):		
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Mole at Esher and East Molesey	1			
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A STATUS: N/A					
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:	IN/A				
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	114m MAIN RIVER N	IAME: River Mole			
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 59m WAT	TERCOURSE NAME: Tributary	of River Mole		
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 5, 10	records in Postcode Area KT8 9, KT8 0		
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION			
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	MENT: Mole				
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe				
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (He	rsham to R. Thames conf at Eas	t Molesey)			

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 0%	Medium (1%	6 AEP): 0%	/ 0	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt And San			and Sand		
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive	BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Principal				
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FL	OODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNDW		TION			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS					
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODING	G FROM RESER	/OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORMAI	: 99%	WHEN THE	RE IS ALSO FL	OODING FROM RIVERS	: 100%
		I			

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED AND TRIBUTARY DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL13
SITE ADDRESS	Parking /garages at Grove Court Walton Road East Molesey KT8 0DG

The River Mole flows north east south of Walton Road and Bridge Road (to the south of the site). The site is entirely within Flood Zone 1, low probability of flooding from rivers. However, the local area and main access routes are shown to be at risk from the Thames during the design event (1 in 100 year including climate change).

Modelling for the River Thames (Thames dominated) for the 1 in 100 year plus 35% climate change allowance, shows that the area immediately to the west of the site along Walton Road is at risk of flooding, with hazard rating up to Significant. Modelling for the River Thames (Tributary dominated) for the 1 in 100 year plus 35% climate change allowance, shows that a section of Esher Road, to the south of the site, is at risk of flooding (with Low hazard rating). Mapping of these results for the wider area is available in Level 2 Appendix A Figures 4 and 5.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the local road network may be susceptible to surface water ponding.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates there is potential for groundwater flooding of property below ground level in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

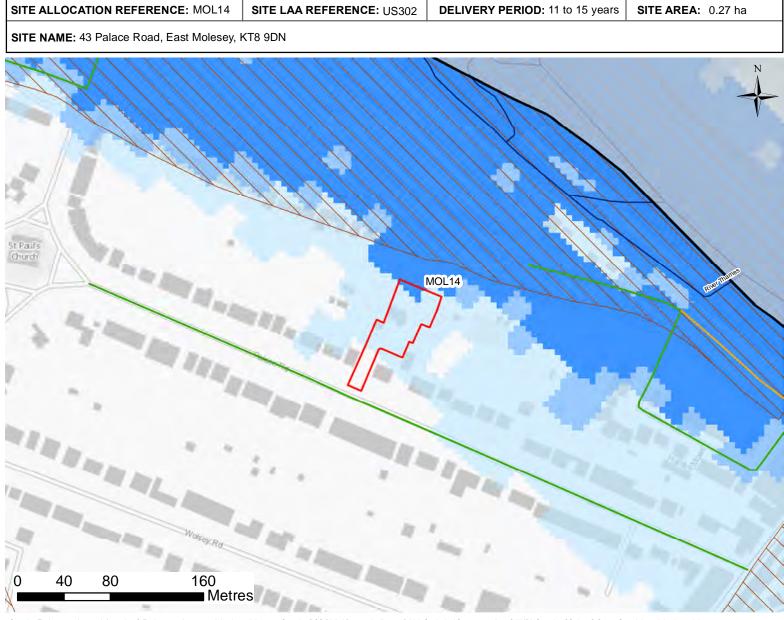
Five residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 1 and the Exception Test is not required. Due to the risk of flooding to the wider area, the following recommendations are made for this site:

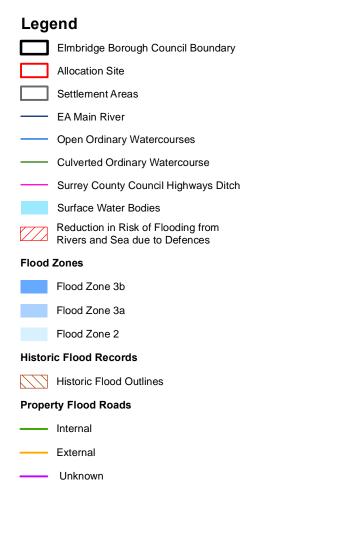
- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable for the site, south along Esher Road. This route is shown to be dry in the River Thames (Thames Dominated) model results, and Low hazard in the River Thames (Tributary Dominated) results. (Routes from the site to the west would include the part of Walton Road at Significant hazard (Thames Dominated scenario) and are therefore not suitable routes).

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Given the risk of flooding from rivers in the wider area, it is recommended that Emergency Plans are developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding, including access routes and places of safety.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





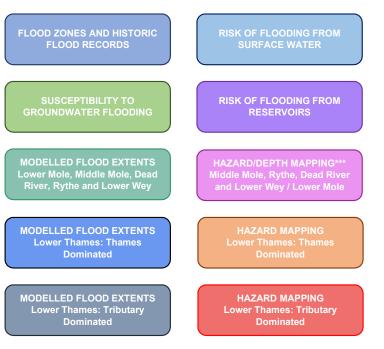
Contains Environment Agency Information @ Environment Agency and database right 2023. Contains BGS Digital Data under licence British Geological Survey 2013/012 @ UKRI. Contains OS data @ Crown Copyright and database right 2020 *Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 18 residential units					
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable					
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING					
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 16% Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 77%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	0% Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report): 7%			
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Thames at East and West Mo	esey				
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A	Ş	STATUS: N/A			
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN N/A WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:					
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 137m MAIN RIVER	NAME: River Thames				
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 137m WATERCOURSE NAME: River Thames					
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 5 records in Postcode Area KT8 9					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION					
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Maidenhead and Sunbury					
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Thames Lower					
WATERBODY NAME: Thames (Egham to Teddington)					

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 0.4%	Medium (1%	ÄAEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFI		f: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand	d And Gravel
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFI	CIAL AQUIFER:	Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F					
Potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND	WATER INFORMA				
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS					
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS:					
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AL: 100%	WHE	N THERE IS ALS	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL14
SITE ADDRESS	43 Palace Road East Molesey KT8 9DN

The River Thames is located approximately 137m north west of the site. The majority of the site (77%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, 16% is defined as Flood Zone 1 and the remaining 7% is defined as Flood Zone 3b from the Lower Thames (Thames Dominated Model). The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

No historic flood records are indicated across the site. Internal property flood records have been documented along Palace Road. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Thames Dominated) indicates the majority of the site to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP including 35% climate change allowance) and the entire site at risk during a 1% AEP plus an 81% climate change allowance event. Hazard mapping for the design event indicates no hazard in the south of the site, with 'Low' hazard to the centre and 'Moderate' to 'Significant' hazard moving towards the north. Ground levels are approximately 7.8m AOD in the north to 9m AOD in the south. Water levels across the site during the design event are approximately 8.9m AOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates low to medium risk of flooding from surface water along the northern and southern site boundary.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

THIS SITE IS NO LONGER AVAILABLE AND WILL NOT BE TAKEN FORWARD IN THE LOCAL PLAN. Eighteen residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development is not permitted in Flood Zone 3b. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A sitespecific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site: - Development should not be permitted in Flood Zone 3b.

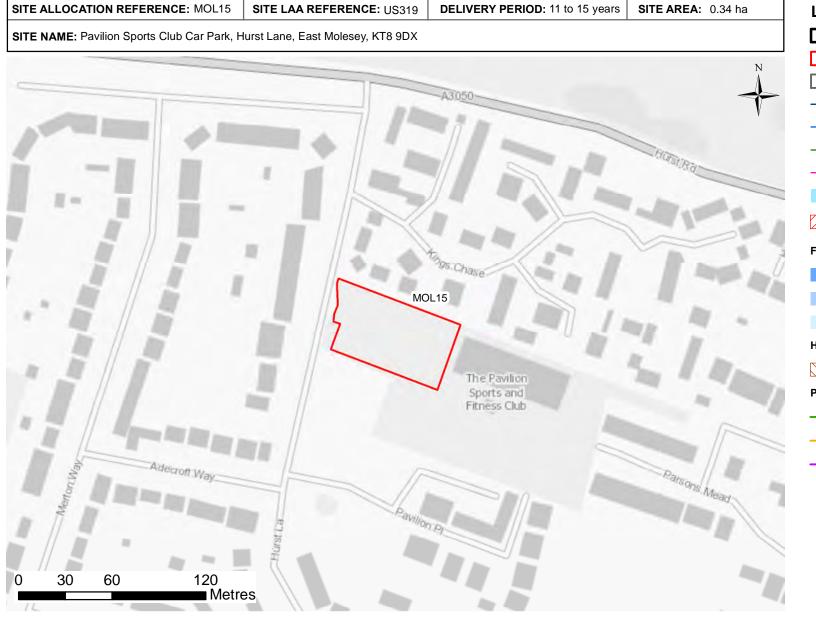
Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) may be achievable for the site, west along Palace Road, and then east onto either Wolsey Road or Arnison Road to turn south along Bridge Street and Esher Road. There is one section of Low hazard along this route. (Alternative routes along Palace Road to the east, or along the A3050 are at Significant and Extreme hazard from the Thames and not safe routes).
The site is located within the 'River Thames at East and West Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be

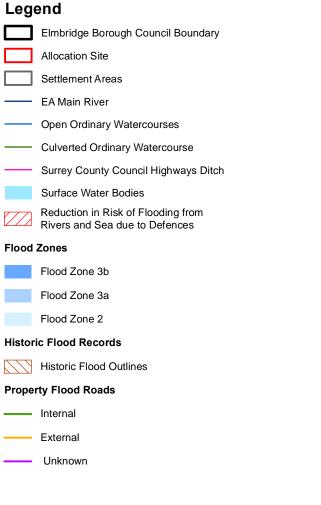
The site is located within the 'River Thames at East and West Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access routes and places of safety.
Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Given that the majority of the site (83%) is located within the flood extent for the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance), it will not be possible to provide floodplain compensation storage within the site for any increase in building footprint. As a result, the built footprint of the new development of the site should not exceed that of the existing development. This may limit the number of units that can be delivered on the site. Refer Level 1 SFRA Section 5.6 for details of Floodplain Compensation Storage.

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





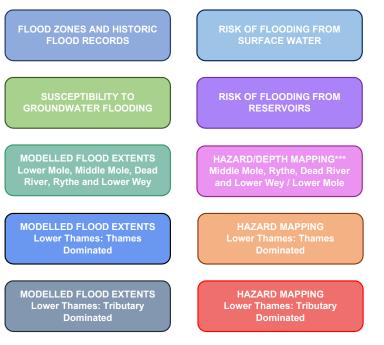
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PROPOSED USE: 9 resident	ial units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFI	CATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTO	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 0% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 100%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: Rive	r Thames at East and West Moles	еу	
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATU	S: N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINE WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED	Ub March 1947		
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	460m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Thames	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WA	TERCOURSE: 460m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: River That	ames
THAMES WATER DG5 RECOR	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED	O ON POSTCODE AREA: 5 rec	ords in Postcode Area KT8 9
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRI	ECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	MENT: Maidenhead and Sunbury	/, Mole	
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	MENT: Thames Lower, Mole Low	ver and Rythe	
WATERBODY NAME: Thames	(Egham to Teddington), Mole (He	rsham to R. Thames conf at East	t Molesey)

SURFACE WATER FLOODING				
Low (0.1% AEP): 0%	Medium (1% /	AEP): 0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING				
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group	5		GY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand	d And Gravel
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive	5	SUPERFICIAL AQUIFE	R: Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	RFLOODING			
Potential for groundwater flooding of property	situated below ground l	evel		
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	NDWATER INFORMAT	ION		
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW				
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW				
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS:				
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NOR	MAL: 100%	WHEN THERE IS A	LSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED AND TRIBUTARY DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL15
SITE ADDRESS	Pavilion Sports Club car park Hurst Lane East Molesey KT8 9DX

The River Thames is located approximately 460m north of the site. The site (100%) is defined as Flood Zone 2 from the 1947 historic flood outline. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Thames and Tributary Dominated) does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including a 0.1% AEP event and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event. However the area to the north and the south of the site is at risk from the River Thames (Thames Dominated) during the design event (1 in 100 year plus 35% climate change). Appendix A Figure 4 shows the risk of flooding to the wider area. The access to the site via Hurst Lane to the (to the south) and the A3050 (to the north) is shown to be at Significant and Extreme hazard.

Ground levels are approximately 10m AOD in the east of the site to 10.4m AOD in the west.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the site is not at risk of flooding from surface water. The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Nine residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- The site is not shown to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP event including central climate change allowance), however the area to the north and the south of the site is at risk from the River Thames (Thames Dominated) during the design event. The main access to the site via Hurst Lane (to the south) and the A3050 (to the north) is shown to be at Significant and Extreme hazard (Appendix A Figure 4).

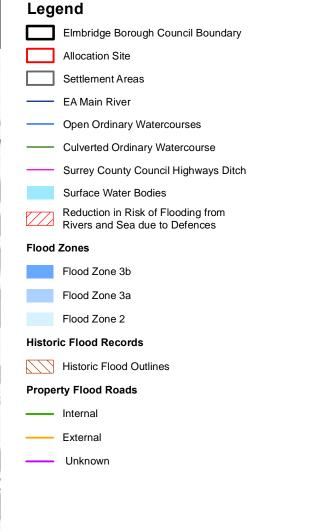
- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) can only be achieved for the site using the pedestrian access through to Palace Road, and thereby to Arnison Road, and south onto Bridge Street and Esher Road. Consideration of whether a vehicular route can be provided through to Palace Road or Parsons Mead should be made as part of the development proposals for the site.

- The site is located within the 'River Thames at East and West Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Given the risk of flooding to the wider area, Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access routes and places of safety.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





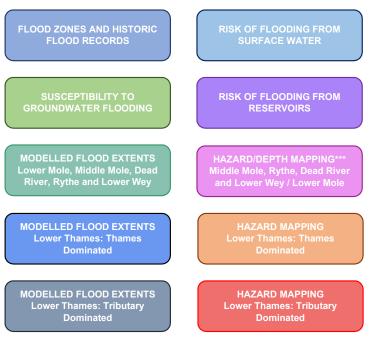
Contains Environment Agency Information @ Environment Agency and database right 2023. Contains BGS Digital Data under licence British Geological Survey 2013/012 @ UKRI. Contains OS data @ Crown Copyright and database right 2020 *Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 11 residential units					
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION:	More Vulnerable				
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOO	DING				
	Zone 2 AEP):100%Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	0% Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report): 0%			
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Mole at Es	her and East Molesey				
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS: N/A			
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968					
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 423m	MAIN RIVER NAME: River Mole				
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 373m WATERCOURSE NAME: Tributary of River Mole					
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 10 records in Postcode Area KT8 0					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION					
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Mole					
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Mol	le Lower and Rythe				
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (Hersham to R	. Thames conf at East Molesey)				

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 99%	Medium (1%	AEP):	63%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERF	CIAL GEOLOG	Y: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt Ar	nd Sand
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFI	CIAL AQUIFER	: Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER					
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUP	NDWATER INFORMA	TION			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS					
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS:					
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NOR	MAL: 100%	WHE	N THERE IS AL	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: THAMES DOMINATED AND TRIBUTARY DOMINATED MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL16
SITE ADDRESS	Tesco Metro car park, Walton Road, East Molesey

A tributary of the River Mole is located approximately 373m south east of the site, and the River Mole runs approximately 423m south and east of the site. The entire site (100%) is defined as Flood Zone 2. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area. Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Thames Dominated) indicates the entire site to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event including 35% climate change. Hazard mapping for the 1% AEP including central climate allowance indicates almost the entire site to be at 'Significant' hazard, with a small area to the east at 'Moderate' hazard. Ground levels are approximately 8.1m AOD in the west to 8.6m AOD in the west. Water levels across the site during the design event are approximately 9.1m AOD.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Tributary Dominated) does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance) and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating from the Tributary Dominated model for the design event. (The entire site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP plus an 81% climate change allowance event).

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the majority of the site to be at medium risk of flooding from surface water, with the east and south of the site indicated to be at low risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level and the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

THIS SITE IS NO LONGER AVAILABLE AND WILL NOT BE TAKEN FORWARD IN THE LOCAL PLAN. Eleven residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is not achievable for the site. Elmbridge BC, in consultation with Emergency Planners, will need to determine whether reliance on evacuation prior to a flood event and the provision of places of safety are an appropriate approach to demonstrate safety of development.

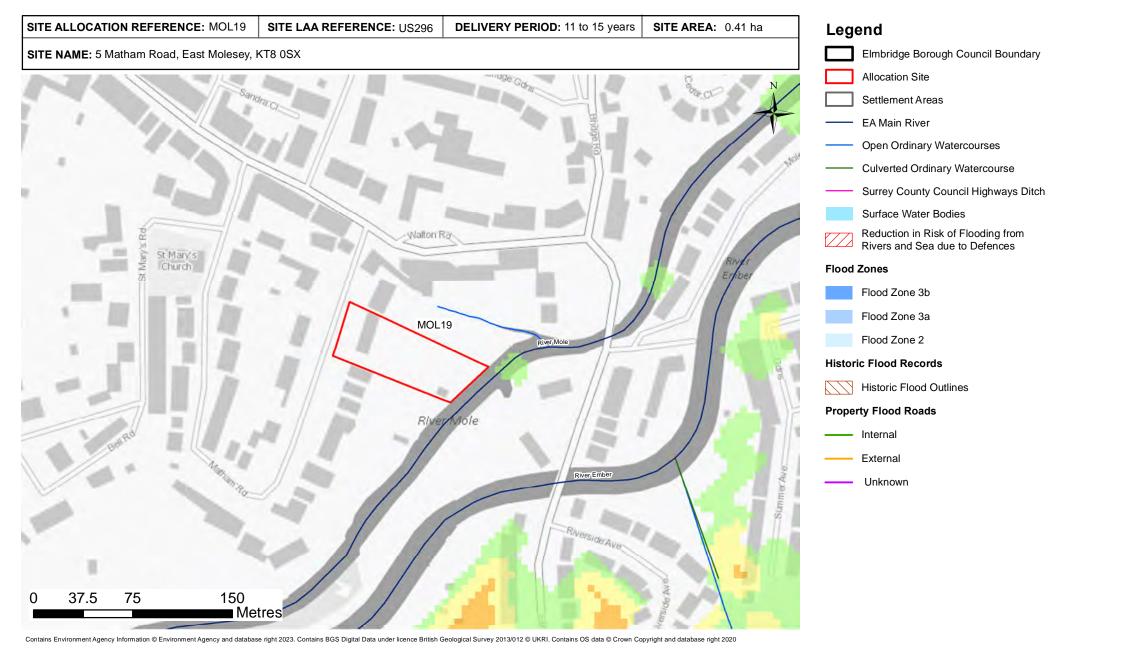
- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Given that the majority of the site is located within the flood extent for the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance), it will not be possible to provide floodplain compensation storage within the site for any increase in building footprint. As a result, the built footprint of the new development of the site should not exceed that of the existing development. This may limit the number of units that can be delivered on the site.

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- The site is located within the 'River Thames at East and West Molesey' Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including evacuation prior to a flood event or reliance on a place of safety.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 23 resident	ial units				
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	ATION: More Vulnerable				
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOF	RIC FLOODING				
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 50.2%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 48.6%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP): 0.5%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report): 0.7%		
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Mole at Esher and East Molesey				
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	6: N/A		
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968, December 2013					
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	8m MAIN RIVER NA	AME: River Mole			
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 8m WATERCOURSE NAME: River Mole					
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 10 records in Postcode Area KT8 0					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION					
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Mole					
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHN	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe				
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (He	rsham to R. Thames conf at East	Molesey)			

SURFACE WATER FLOODING						
Low (0.1% AEP): 0.5	%	Medium (1%	AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING						
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames C	Jroup		SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt And Sand			
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Secondary (undifferentiated), Principal				rincipal		
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROU	NDWATER FLOC	DDING				
Potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level, Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE	E - GROUNDWA	TER INFORMA	TION			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW						
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW						
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels						
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS						
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS:						
WHEN RIVER LEVELS	ARE NORMAL:	100%	WHE	N THERE IS	ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER THAMES: TRIBUTARY DOMINATED AND LOWER MOLE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD

FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC	RISK OF FLOODING FROM
FLOOD RECORDS	SURFACE WATER
SUSCEPTIBILITY TO	RISK OF FLOODING FROM
GROUNDWATER FLOODING	RESERVOIRS
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD/DEPTH MAPPING***
Lower Mole, Middle Mole, Dead	Middle Mole, Rythe, Dead River
River, Rythe and Lower Wey	and Lower Wey / Lower Mole
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD MAPPING
Lower Thames: Thames	Lower Thames: Thames
Dominated	Dominated
MODELLED FLOOD EXTENTS	HAZARD MAPPING
Lower Thames: Tributary	Lower Thames: Tributary
Dominated	Dominated

SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	MOL19
SITE ADDRESS	5 Matham Road East Molesey KT8 0SX

The River Mole flows north 8m to the east of the site. 50% of the site is defined as Flood Zone 1, 48% is defined as Flood Zone 2 and 2% is defined as Flood Zone 3b. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate the site experienced flooding in September 1968 and December 2013. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Thames (Tributary Dominated and Thames Dominated) indicates that the site is not at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance).

In the wider area, the route west along Walton Road is at risk of flooding from the Thames (Thames Dominated) with hazard rating of Low, Moderate and Significant. Routes south along Esher Road, south east of the site are at risk of flooding from the Thames (Tributary Dominated) with hazard rating Low. (Refer also Appendix A Figures 4 and 5).

Ground levels are approximately 9.5m AOD in the north west of the site to 7.7m AOD in the south east. Water levels and depths are not indicated to be present in the east of this site during the design event.

Modelling for the Lower Mole does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates a low risk of flooding from surface water along the eastern site boundary.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level and the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Twenty-three residential units are proposed for this site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. More Vulnerable development is only permitted in Flood Zone 3a where it can be demonstrated that the Exception Test is satisfied i.e. (1) that the proposed development will provide wider sustainability benefits to the community that outweigh flood risk, and (2) that it will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. More Vulnerable development is not permitted within Flood Zone 3b. This part of the site should be retained as floodplain.

A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site: - Development should be avoided in Flood Zone 3b. An 8 metre wide undeveloped buffer strip should be retained alongside Main Rivers and opportunities taken for riverside restoration. New development within 8m of a Main River will require consent from the Environment Agency. (Guidance on Environment Agency Flood Risk Activity Permits is available online https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-activities-environmental-permits).

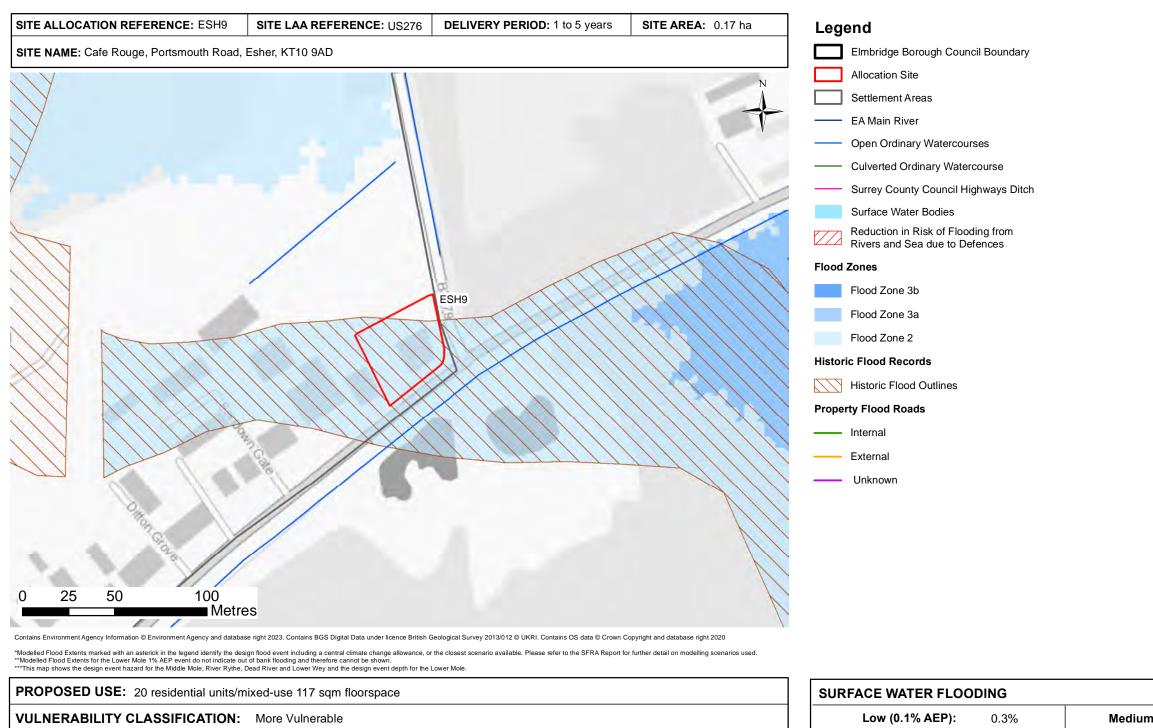
- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is likely to be achievable to the north along Matham Road, east onto Walton Road and then south along Esher Road.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding, including access routes and places of safety. - Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and

incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on aroundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



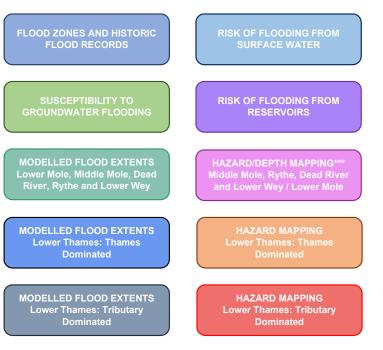
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING

Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP):	
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A STATUS: N/A RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968	3b SFRA report):
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968	esey
WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 17m WATERCOURSE NAME: Unnamed Watercourse	
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 9 records in Postcod	Area KT10 9
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Mole	
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Mole Lower and Rythe	
WATERBODY NAME: Rythe	

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 0.3%	Medium (1%	AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING	•			•	
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERF		f: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand	d And Gravel
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERF	CIAL AQUIFER:	Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at s	urface				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	IDWATER INFORMA	ΓΙΟΝ			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	ENT: Thames GW				
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHME	NT: Chobham Bags	hot Beds			
GROUNDWATER BODY: Chobham Bagshot	Beds				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOI	RS				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	ING FROM RESERV	OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NOR	MAL: 0%	WHE	N THERE IS AL	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	0%

OUTPUTS FROM THE RIVER RYTHE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	ESH9
SITE ADDRESS	Cafe Rouge, Portsmouth Road, Esher, KT10 9AD

The River Rythe runs east approximately 456m from the site and an un-named watercourse (tributary of the River Rythe) runs approximately 17m south of the site. The majority of the site (87%) is defined as Flood Zone 2 and the remaining 13% is defined as Flood Zone 1. Upon investigation, the site has been defined as Flood Zone 2 due to the 1968 historic flood outline. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area. Modelling for the River Rythe does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance) and therefore the site has not been assigned a hazard rating.

Ground levels are approximately 13.6m AOD in the north of the site to 14.8m AOD in the south. The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates low risk of surface water flooding along the southern site boundary.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The site is not indicated to be at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

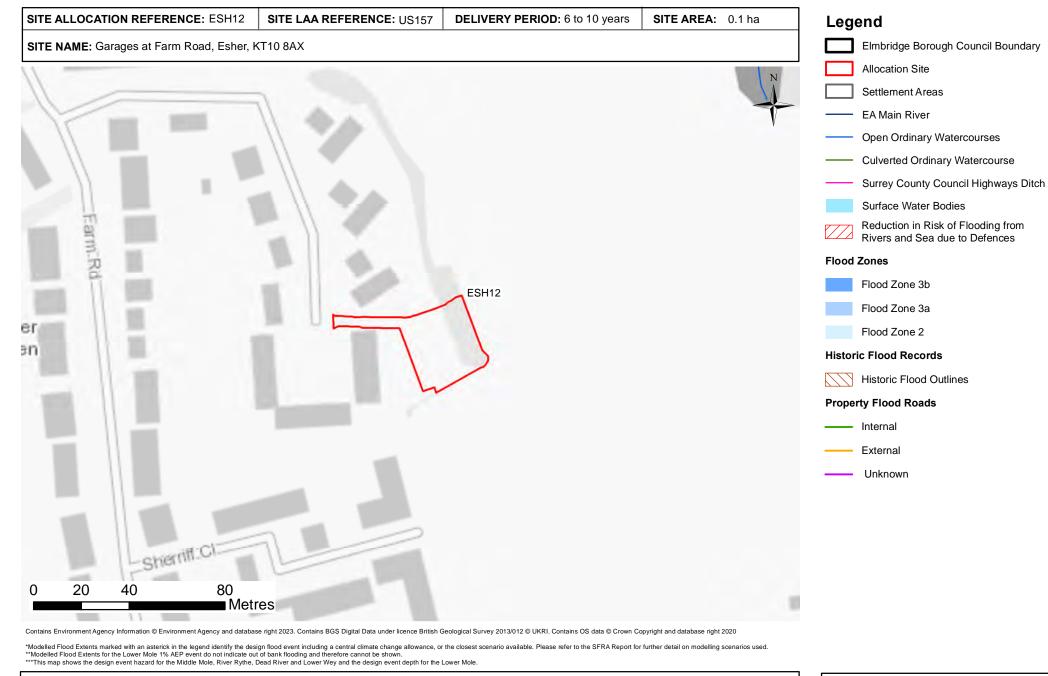
SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Twenty residential units and mixed use floorspace (117m2) are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site: - Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable to the south of the site.

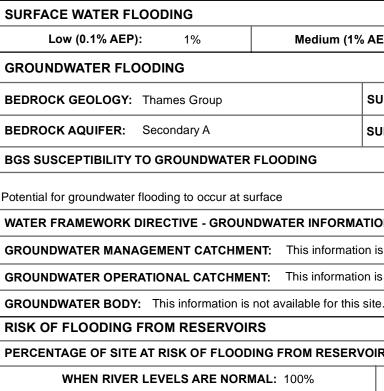
- The site is located within the 'River Rythe between Oxshott and Thames Ditton', and the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesev' Flood Warning Areas. Given the risk of flooding in the local area, Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. - Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.

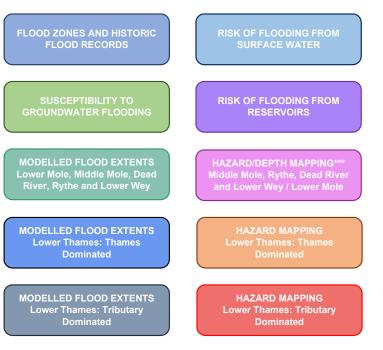


PROPOSED USE: 3 residentia	al units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	CATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOP	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 2% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 98% (0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP): 0%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Mole at Esher and East Molesey		
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	5: N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:			
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	453m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Mole	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 151m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: Tributary	of River Ember
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 7 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT10 8
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	MENT: Mole		
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	IENT: Mole Lower and Rythe		
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (He	rsham to R. Thames conf at East	t Molesey)	



OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER MOLE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD RISK TO THE SITE.



AEP)	: 0%	High (3.33% AEP): 0%
SUPE		f: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt And San
UPE	ERFICIAL AQUIFER:	Secondary (undifferentiated)
ION		
is n	ot available for this si	te.
is no	ot available for this si	te.
te.		
IRS	:	
V	VHEN THERE IS ALS	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 100%

SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	ESH12
SITE ADDRESS	Garages at Farm Road, Esher, KT10 8AX

A tributary of the River Ember is located approximately 151m north east of the site. The majority of the site (98%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 2% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate the site experienced a flood event in 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Mole does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including a 1% AEP event including a 20% climate change allowance and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event.

Ground levels are approximately 11.6m AOD in the west of the site, with areas to the centre around 10.8m AOD and areas to the north 11.1m AOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the south of the site to be at low risk of flooding from surface water. Access routes along Farm Road may be susceptible to surface water flooding.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

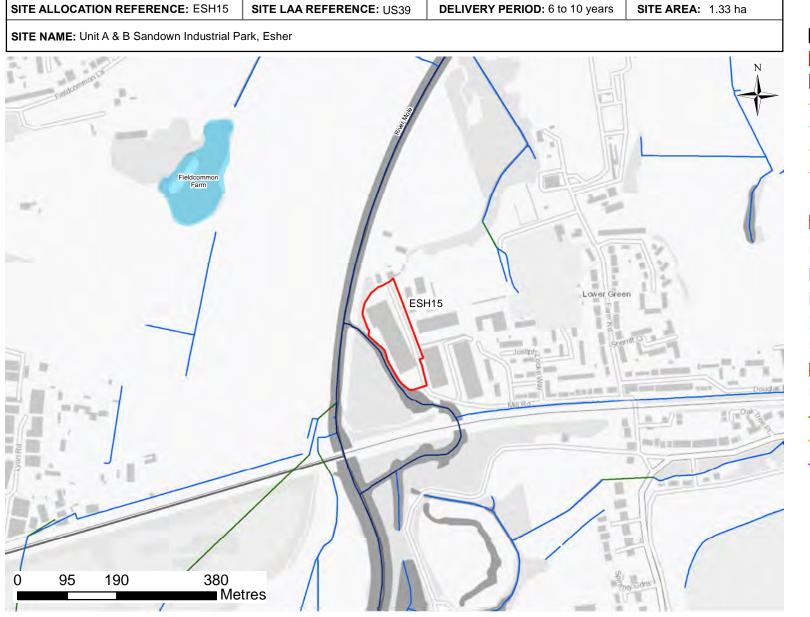
Three residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

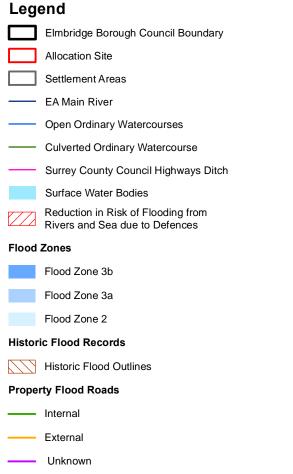
Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable within Lower Green. However, the routes out of Lower Green are at risk of flooding, i.e. More Lane south to Esher, and Douglas Road leading east. A section of More Lane has maximum flood depths of up to 0.1m and 0.15m; this is considered the preferred route. The route along Douglas Road is shown to be at risk of flooding along a longer extent and to greater depths. (Refer also Appendix A Figure 12 for detailed version colour palette for the Lower Mole maximum depth mapping).
The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

Developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.
 Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced.
 As the site is not shown to be at risk of flooding from rivers during the design event, floodplain compensation storage will not be required.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





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PROPOSED USE:	40 residential units

VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable

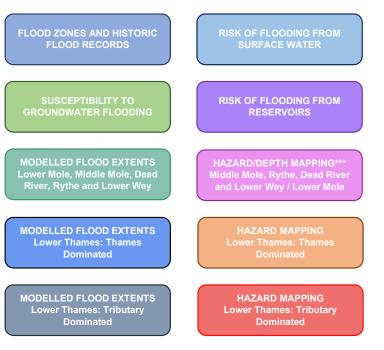
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING

FLOOD ZONES AND HI	STORIC FLOODING					
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 97.4	% Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP):	2.2%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	0.3%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):	0.1%
FLOOD WARNING AREA:	River Mole at Esher and E	ast Molesey				
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA:	Lower Mole Flood Alleviation	on		STATUS	3: High	
RECORDED FLOOD OUTI WHICH THE SITE IS LOCA		979, 06 Sep	tember 1968, Decemb	per 2013		
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVI	ER: 5m MA	IN RIVER N	AME: River Mole			
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST	WATERCOURSE: 5m	WAT	ERCOURSE NAME:	River Mol	e	
THAMES WATER DG5 RE	CORDED FLOOD INCIDE	NTS BASEI	D ON POSTCODE AR	EA: 7 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT10 8	
WATER FRAMEWORK	DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL	INFORMA	TION			
RIVER MANAGEMENT CA	ATCHMENT: Mole					
RIVER OPERATIONAL CA	TCHMENT: Mole Lower a	and Rythe				
WATERBODY NAME: Mol	le (Hersham to R. Thames	conf at East	t Molesey)			

SURFACE WATER FLOODING				
Low (0.1% AEP): 0.4%	Medium (1%	AEP): 0.1%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING				
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEOLO	GY: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt A	nd Sand
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Secondary A, Unpro	ductive	SUPERFICIAL AQUIFE	R: Secondary (undifferentiated)	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING			
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at s				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	NDWATER INFORMA	ΓΙΟΝ		
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME	ENT: This informatio	n is not available for this	site.	
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHME	NT: This informatio	n is not available for this	site.	
GROUNDWATER BODY: This information is	not available for this	site.		
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOI	RS			
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	ING FROM RESERV	OIRS:		
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORI	MAL: 100%	WHEN THERE IS A	LSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS	100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE MIDDLE MOLE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	ESH15
SITE ADDRESS	Unit A & B Sandown Industrial Park, Esher

The River Mole lies along the south and west of the site. The majority of the site (97.4%) is defined as Flood Zone 1, 2.2% is defined as Flood Zone 2, 0.3% is defined as Flood Zone 3a, and the remaining 0.1% is defined as Flood Zone 3b from the Middle Mole. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968, February 1979, and December 2013. The site lies within the 'Lower Mole Flood Alleviation' Flood Priority Area which has a status of High.

Modelling for the Middle Mole indicates the western site boundary to be at risk during the design event (1% AEP plus a 25% climate change allowance, but the rest of the site is not shown to be at risk. (This part of the Middle Mole model is 1D and therefore there is no corresponding hazard mapping in this location).

Modelling of the Lower Mole indicates that the site is not at risk during the design event, but the area local to the site is at risk, including access routes away from Lower Green along More Lane towards Esher, and to the east along Douglas Road parallel to the railway line.

Ground levels are approximately 13.1m AOD in the north of the site to 13.7m AOD in the west.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the western boundary of the site to be at low to medium risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

THIS SITE IS NO LONGER AVAILABLE AND WILL NOT BE TAKEN FORWARD IN THE LOCAL PLAN Forty residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 (98% of the site). More Vulnerable development is only permitted in Flood Zone 3a where it can be demonstrated that the Exception Test is satisfied i.e. (1) that the proposed development will provide wider sustainability benefits to the community that outweigh flood risk, and (2) that it will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made:

- Development is not permitted within Flood Zone 3b. This part of the site should be retained as floodplain and steps taken to restore land to provide a more natural edge of the River Mole.

- Retain an 8 metre wide undeveloped buffer strip alongside Main Rivers and explore opportunities for riverside restoration. New development within 8m of a Main River will require consent from the Environment Agency. (Guidance on Environment Agency Flood Risk Activity Permits is available online https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-activities-environmental-permits).

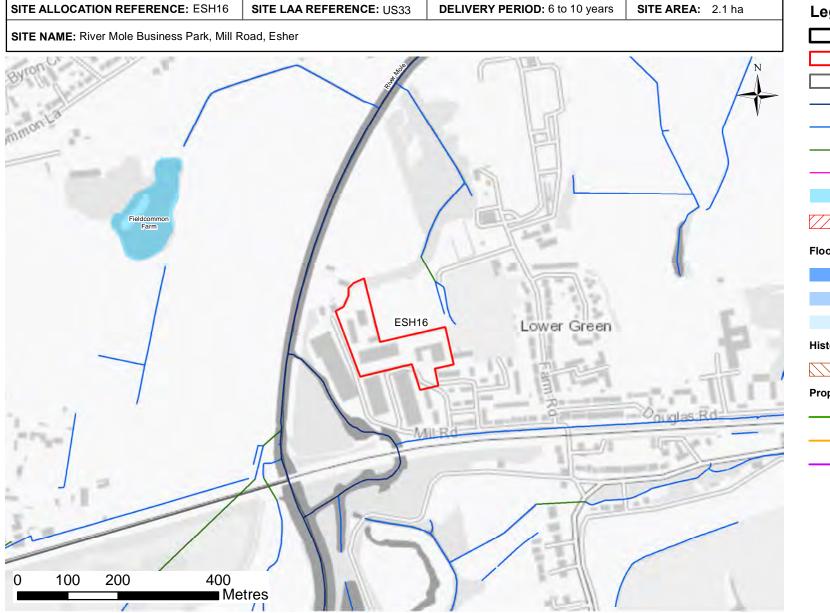
- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable within Lower Green. However, the routes out of Lower Green are at risk of flooding, i.e. More Lane south to Esher, and Douglas Road leading east. A section of More Lane has maximum flood depths of up to 0.1m and 0.15m; this is considered the preferred route. The route along Douglas Road is shown to be at risk of flooding along a longer extent and to greater depths. (Refer also Appendix A Figure 12 for detailed version colour palette for the Lower Mole maximum depth mapping). - A place of safe refuge should be defined within Lower Green.

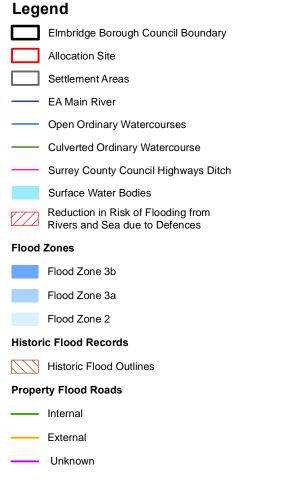
- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

- The site is located within the 'Lower Mole Flood Alleviation' Flood Priority Area which has a status of High. Policies for this Flood Priority Area set out by Surrey Council must be adhered to throughout the development of this site.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





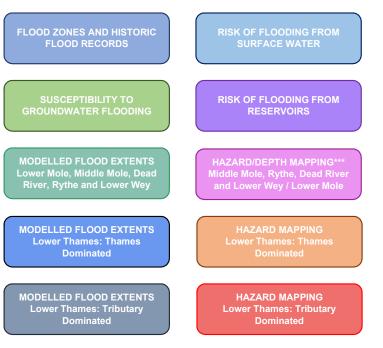
Contains Environment Agency Information © Environment Agency and database right 2023. Contains BGS Digital Data under licence British Geological Survey 2013/012 © UKRI. Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2020. *Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. *Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE:	200 resider	ntial units					
	CLASSIFIC	ATION: More Vuln	erable				
FLOOD ZONES AN							
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP):	98%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP):	2%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	0%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):	0%
FLOOD WARNING A	REA:River	Nole at Esher and Eas	st Molesey	/			
FLOOD PRIORITY A	REA: Lower	Mole Flood Alleviation	ו		STATU	S: High	
RECORDED FLOOD WHICH THE SITE IS		IN 06 February 19	79, 06 Sep	otember 1968			
PROXIMITY TO MAIN	NRIVER:	71m MAIN	I RIVER N	IAME: River Mole			
PROXIMITY TO NEA	REST WAT	ERCOURSE: 19m	WAT	TERCOURSE NAME:	Tributary	of River Ember	
THAMES WATER DO	5 RECORD	ED FLOOD INCIDEN	TS BASE	D ON POSTCODE ARE	A: 7 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT10 8	
WATER FRAMEWO		CTIVE - FLUVIAL II	NFORMA	TION			
RIVER MANAGEMEN		IENT: Mole					
RIVER OPERATION		IENT: Mole Lower an	d Rythe				
WATERBODY NAME	: Mole (He	sham to R. Thames c	onf at Eas	t Molesey)			

SURFACE WATER FLOODING								
Low (0.1% AEP): 17%	Medium (1%	AEP): 3%	High (3.33% AEP):	1%				
GROUNDWATER FLOODING								
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt And Sand								
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Secondary A, Unpr	BEDROCK AQUIFER: Secondary A, Unproductive SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Secondary (undifferentiated), Principal							
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATE	R FLOODING							
Potential for groundwater flooding of property Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at		d level,						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROU	NDWATER INFORMA	TION						
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHM	GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW							
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHM	ENT: Colne GW							
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels								
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS								
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOO		/OIRS:						
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NOF	RMAL: 100%	WHEN THER	E IS ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS	: 100%				

OUTPUTS FROM THE MIDDLE MOLE MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	ESH16
SITE ADDRESS	River Mole Business Park, Mill Road, Esher

A tributary of the River Ember is located approximately 19m north east of the site, while the River Mole is located approximately 71m to the west of the site. The majority of the site (98%) is defined as Flood Zone 1, and the remaining 2% is defined as Flood Zone 2 from the 1968 historic flood outline. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968 and February 1979. The site lies within the 'Lower Mole Flood Alleviation' Flood Priority Area which has a status of High.

Modelling for the Middle Mole does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including a 0.1% AEP event. (This part of the Middle Mole model is 1D and therefore there is no corresponding hazard mapping in this location).

Modelling of the Lower Mole indicates that the site is not at risk during the design event, but the area local to the site is at risk, including access routes away from Lower Green along More Lane towards Esher, and to the east along Douglas Road parallel to the railway line.

Ground levels across the site range from approximately 12.1m AOD to 12.9m AOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the south and west of the site to be at low risk of flooding from surface water. The east of the site is indicated to be at low to high risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface and groundwater potential for groundwater flooding of property below ground level in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Two hundred residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable within Lower Green. However, the routes out of Lower Green are at risk of flooding, i.e. More Lane south to Esher, and Douglas Road leading east. A section of More Lane has maximum flood depths of up to 0.1m and 0.15m; this is considered the preferred route. The route along Douglas Road is shown to be at risk of flooding along a longer extent and to greater depths. (Refer also Appendix A Figure 12 for detailed version colour palette for the Lower Mole maximum depth mapping).

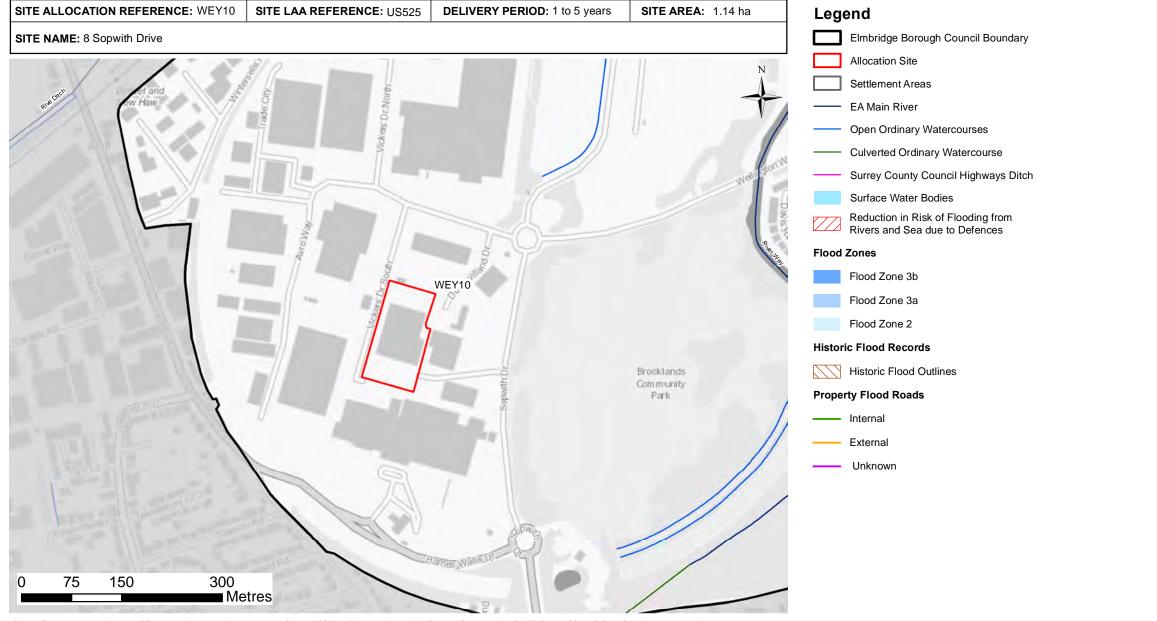
- A suitable place of safe refuge should be defined within Lower Green and/or the proposed development. - The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. - The site is located within the 'Lower Mole Flood Alleviation' Flood Priority Area which has a status of High. Policies for this Flood Priority Area set out by Surrey County Council must be adhered to throughout the development of this site.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and

incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures. - The site is within an area that has been shown from modelling to be potentially affected in the event of a reservoir breach or failure. This should be assessed appropriately to inform the development strategy and ensure that the masterplan includes appropriate measures to manage the potential for inundation within the site.



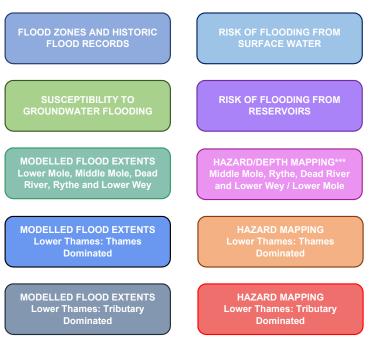
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PROPOSED USE: 1404sqm c	ommercial				
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	CATION: Less Vulnerable				
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOR	RIC FLOODING				
Flood Zone 1 0% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 27%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	73%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):	0%
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Wey at Wisley and Byfleet				
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: Brook	lands and Parvis Road catchmen	it	STATUS	: High	
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:	IN/A				
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	485m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Wey			
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 237m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME:	Tributary of	of River Wey	
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	O ON POSTCODE ARI	EA: 28 rec	ords in Postcode Area KT13 0	
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION			
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	IENT: Wey and Trib				
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	IENT: Wey				
WATERBODY NAME: Wey (Sha	alford to River Thames confluence	e at Weybridge)			

SURFACE WATER FLOODING						
Low (0.1% AEP): 45%	Medium (1%	AEP): 11%	High (3.33% AEP):	2%		
GROUNDWATER FLOODING						
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEOLOG	Y: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand	And Gravel		
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Secondary A SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Principal						
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FL	OODING					
Limited potential for groundwater flooding to occur						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND	WATER INFORMA	TION				
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT	T: Thames GW					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Chobham Bagshot Beds						
GROUNDWATER BODY: Chobham Bagshot Be	eds					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS						
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODIN	G FROM RESER	/OIRS:				
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORMA	L: 0%	WHEN THERE IS AL	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%		
		1				

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER WEY MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	WEY10
SITE ADDRESS	8 Sopwith Drive

A tributary of the River Wey is located approximately 237m east of the site. The majority of the site (73%) is defined as Flood Zone 3a, and the remaining 27% is defined as Flood Zone 2. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site has not experienced flooding. The site lies within the 'Brooklands and Parvis Road catchment' Flood Priority Area which has a status of High.

Modelling for the Lower Wey indicates the majority of the site to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event and the entire site to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP plus a 25% climate change allowance). Hazard mapping for the design event indicates the majority of the site to be at 'Moderate' hazard, with areas to the north and south of the site at 'Significant' hazard.

Ground levels across the site are approximately 14.8m AOD to 15m AOD. Water levels across the site during the design event are approximately 15.3m AOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the south of the site to be at low risk of flooding from surface water, while the north section is at low to high risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates there is limited potential for groundwater flooding to occur in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Commercial floorspace (1404m2) is proposed for the site. Less Vulnerable development (e.g. offices and shops) is permitted within Flood Zones 1, 2 and 3a and the Exception Test is not required.

A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site: - Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable away from the site via Vickers Drive South north to an area that is not at risk of flooding during the design event (a 'dry island'). The route along Wellington Way to the east, has a small section at Moderate/Significant hazard. Elmbridge BC, in consultation with Emergency Planners, will need to determine whether reliance on evacuation prior to a flood event and the provision of places of safety are an appropriate approach to demonstrate safety of this Less Vulnerable development.

- The site is located within the 'River Wey at Wisley and Byfleet' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of a flood warning and flood event, including access routes and places of safety.

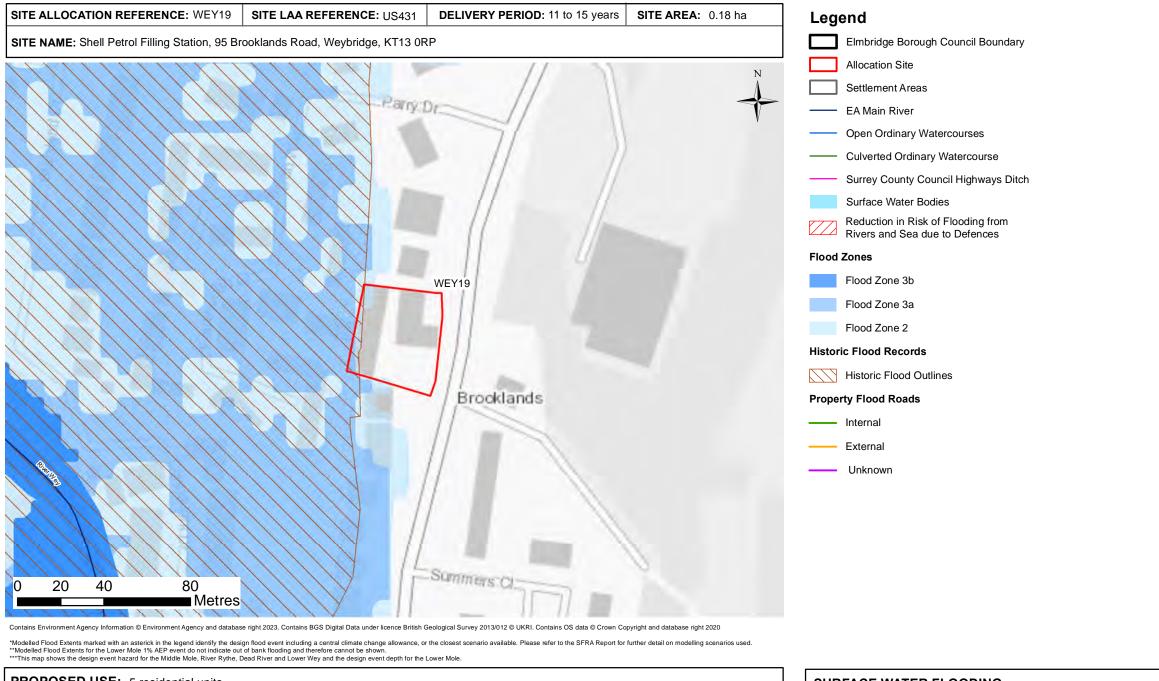
- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Given that the majority of the site is located within the flood extent for the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance), it will not be possible to provide floodplain compensation storage within the site for any increase in building footprint. As a result, the built footprint of the new development of the site should not exceed that of the existing development. This may limit the number of units that can be delivered on the site. A review of the existing site by EBC shows that the majority of the site is already developed, and therefore the allocation of this site is not anticipated to increase the building footprint. As the site is proposed for Less Vulnerable development, proposals should consider options for flood resilience. Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.8.

- Finished Floor Levels for Less Vulnerable development do not need to be set above the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) level, but steps should be taken to ensure that the development is appropriately flood resistant and resilient. Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.8.

- The site is located within the 'Brooklands and Parvis Road catchment Flood Priority Area which has a status of High. Policies for this Flood Priority Area set out by Surrey Council must be adhered to throughout the development of this site.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.

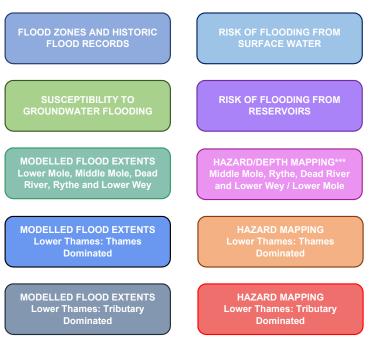


PROPOSED USE: 5 residential units								
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable								
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING								
Flood Zone 1 89.3% Flood Zone 2 8.3% (<0.1% AEP):								
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Wey at Wisley and Byfleet								
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	: N/A					
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968, 06 December 1929								
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 142m MAIN RIVE	R NAME: River Wey							
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 142m	WATERCOURSE NAME:	: River Wey						
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BA	ASED ON POSTCODE A	REA: 28 rec	ords in Postcode Area KT13 0					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION								
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Wey and Trib								
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Wey								
WATERBODY NAME: Wey (Shalford to River Thames confluence)	uence at Weybridge)							

SURFACE WATER FLOODING							
Low (0.1% AEP): 0.2%	Medium (1%	AEP):	0.1%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%		
GROUNDWATER FLOODING							
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFIC	CIAL GEOLO	GY: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt Ar	d Sand		
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Secondary A SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Principal							
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER FLC	ODING						
Limited potential for groundwater flooding to occur							
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUNDW	ATER INFORMA	TION					
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT:	Thames GW						
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT:	GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Chobham Bagshot Beds						
GROUNDWATER BODY: Chobham Bagshot Bec	ls						
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS							
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODING	FROM RESERV	OIRS:					
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORMAL	: 0%	WHEN	THERE IS A	LSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	19%		

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER WEY MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	WEY19
SITE ADDRESS	Shell Petrol Filling Station 95 Brooklands Road Weybridge KT13 0RP

The River Wey is approximately 140m from the western boundary of the site. The majority of the site (89.3%) is defined as Flood Zone 1, 8.3% is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 2.4% is defined as Flood Zone 3a from the Lower Wey. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the south west corner of the site experienced flooding in December 1929 and September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Lower Wey indicates the south west corner of the site to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP event plus a 25% climate change allowance). The site is not indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event. Hazard mapping for the design event indicates the south west corner of the site to be at 'Low' to 'Moderate' hazard.

Ground levels are approximately 16.1m AOD in the north west of the site to 17m AOD in the south east. Water levels across the site during the design event are approximately 15.5m AOD.

The north west and south west of the site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 0.1% AEP event. The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates a low to high risk of flooding from surface water to the north west of the site boundary.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates there is limited potential for groundwater flooding to occur in the area.

Part of the site (19%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Five residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2, however More Vulnerable development is only permitted in Flood Zone 3a where it can be demonstrated that the Exception Test is satisfied i.e. (1) that the proposed development will provide wider sustainability benefits to the community that outweigh flood risk, and (2) that it will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable north along Brooklands Road. (The route south is shown to be at risk of flooding with hazard rating Significant, and therefore not a suitable alternative).

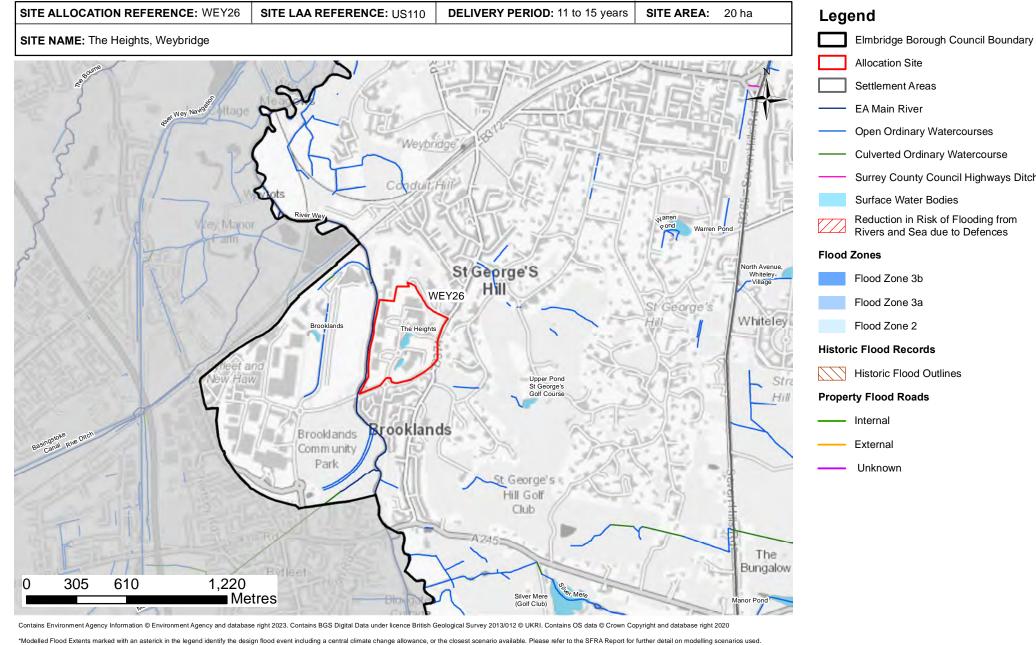
The site is located within the 'River Wey at Wisley and Byfleet' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access routes and places of safety.
Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. As the area of the site impacted during the design event is isolated to the south west corner, it is recommended that this area is

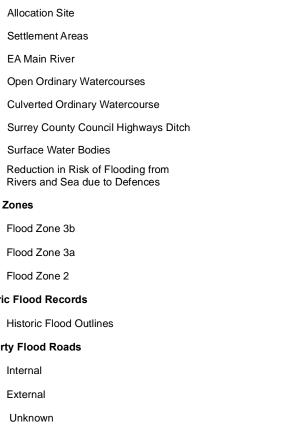
not developed and used for landscaping or public space only.

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 9500 sqm of employment floorspace

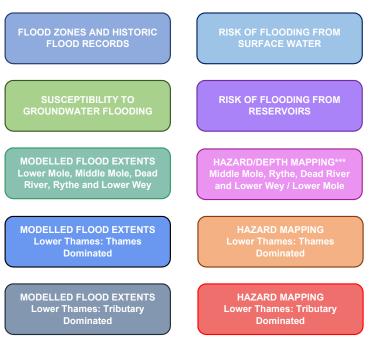
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: Less Vulnerable

FLOOD ZONES AND	HISTORIC	FLOODING					
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP): 23	3.7%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP):	33.7%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	39.7%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):	2.9%
FLOOD WARNING ARE	A:River We	y at Wisley and By	fleet and P	roperties closest to the	River Wey	between Walsham Meadow and	d Byfleet towr
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA	A: Brookland	ds and Parvis Roa	d catchmen	nt	STATUS	: High	
RECORDED FLOOD OU WHICH THE SITE IS LO		06 February 19	90, 06 Janı	uary 2003, 06 Septeml	oer 1968, 06	December 1929	
PROXIMITY TO MAIN R	IVER: 9	m MAI	N RIVER N	AME: River Wey			
PROXIMITY TO NEARES	ST WATER	COURSE: 9m	WAT	ERCOURSE NAME:	River Wey		
THAMES WATER DG5 R	RECORDED	FLOOD INCIDE	ITS BASED	O ON POSTCODE AR	EA: 28 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT13 0	
WATER FRAMEWORI	K DIRECT	IVE - FLUVIAL I	NFORMA	TION			
RIVER MANAGEMENT	CATCHMEN	IT: Wey and Trib					
RIVER OPERATIONAL O	CATCHMEN	I T: Wey					
WATERBODY NAME: V	Vey (Shalfor	d to River Thame	s confluence	e at Weybridge)			

SURFACE WATER FLOODING							
Low (0.1% AEP): 21%	Medium (1%	AEP): 7%	High (3.33% AEP): 2%				
GROUNDWATER FLOODING							
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt And Sand							
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Secondary A	BEDROCK AQUIFER: Secondary A SUPERFICIAL AQUIFER: Secondary A						
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING						
Limited potential for groundwater flooding to oc Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at s		ndwater flooding of pro	perty situated below ground level,				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	DWATER INFORMA	TION					
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW							
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHME	NT: Chobham Bag	shot Beds					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Chobham Bagshot Beds							
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS							
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	DING FROM RESER	/OIRS:					
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORI	MAL: 0%	WHEN THERE IS	ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 77%				

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER WEY MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD RISK TO THE SITE.**



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	WEY26
SITE ADDRESS	The Heights, Weybridge

The River Wey runs along the western boundary of the site at a distance of approximately 9m and joins the River Thames approximately 2.8km north of the site. Approximately 39.7% of the site area is defined as Flood Zone 3a, with 2.9% of the site defined as Flood Zone 3b from the Lower Wey. 33.7% of the site is defined as Flood Zone 2 and the remaining 23.7% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in December 1929, September 1968, February 1990 and January 2003. The site lies within the 'Brooklands and Parvis Road catchment' Flood Priority Area which has a status of High.

Modelling for the Lower Wey indicates the west of the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including a 0.1% AEP event. Hazard mapping for the design event (1% AEP plus a 25% climate change allowance) indicates the west of the site to be at 'Low' to 'Significant' hazard, with the western boundary of the site at 'Extreme' hazard.

Ground levels vary greatly on the site and vary from approximately 14m AOD in the north, south and west to 31m AOD in the east. Water levels across the site during the design event are approximately 14.9m AOD. The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the majority of the site to be at very low risk of surface water flooding, however ponding of low to high risk surface water flooding is indicated on existing roads across the site.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding of property situated below ground level and the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The majority of the site (77%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Employment floorspace (9,500m2) is proposed for this site. Less Vulnerable development (e.g. offices and shops) is not permitted within Flood Zone 3b. This part of the site should be retained as floodplain and steps taken to restore land to provide a more natural edge of the River Wey. Less Vulnerable development is permitted within Flood Zones 1, 2 and 3a, and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Retain an 8 metre wide undeveloped buffer strip alongside Main Rivers and explore opportunities for riverside restoration. New development within 8m of a Main River will require consent from the Environment Agency. (Guidance on Environment Agency Flood Risk Activity Permits is available online https://www.gov.uk/guidance/flood-risk-activities-environmental-permits).

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible is reduced. 58% of the site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP plus 25% climate change event). Any increase in built footprint within the design flood extent will need to be compensated for, on a level for level volume for volume basis within the site. (Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.6 for details of Floodplain Compensation Storage). A review of the existing site by EBC shows that the majority of the site is already developed, and therefore the allocation of this site is not anticipated to increase the building footprint. As the site is proposed for Less Vulnerable development, proposals should consider options for flood resilience for parts of the scheme. Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.8.

- Finished Floor Levels for Less Vulnerable development do not need to be set above the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) level, but steps should be taken to ensure that the development is appropriately flood resistant and resilient. Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.8.

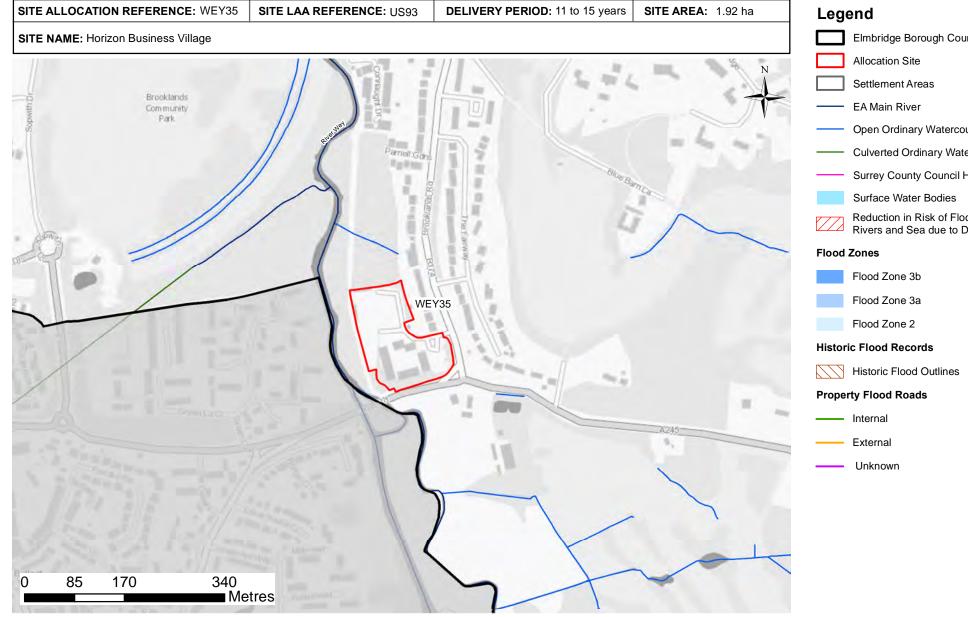
- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry of Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable west along Wellington Way and the north along Brooklands Road. (Routes west along Wellington Way, or south along Brooklands Road are shown to be at Significant hazard and are therefore not safe routes).

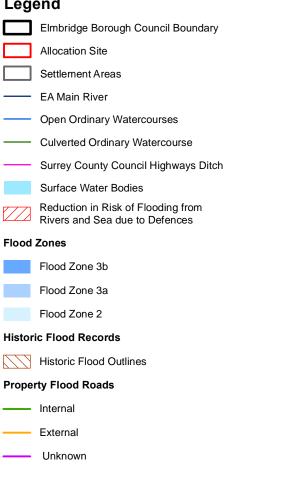
- The site is located within the 'River Wey at Wisley and Byfleet' and 'Properties closest to the River Wey between Walsham Meadow and Byfleet town' Flood Warning Areas. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

The site is located within the "Brooklands and Parvis Road catchment' Flood Priority Area which has a status of High. Policies for this Flood Priority Area set out by Surrey County Council must be adhered to throughout the development of this site.
Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





ronment Agency Information © Environment Agency and database right 2023. Contains BGS Digital Data under licence British Geological Survey 2013/012 © UKRI. Contains OS data © Crown Copyright and database right 2020 *Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 6000 sqm of employment floorspace

VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: Less Vulnerable

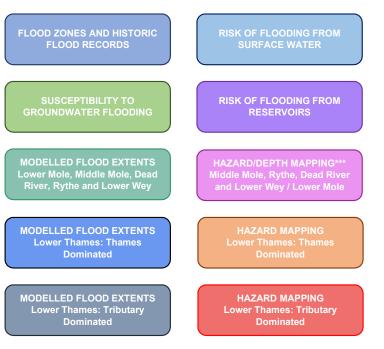
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING

FLOOD ZONES AND	JHISTOR	IC FLOODING				
Flood Zone 1 (<0.1% AEP):	0%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP):	14.5%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	77.6%	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report): 7.9%
FLOOD WARNING AR	EA:River V	Vey at Wisley and B	yfleet and P	roperties closest to the	e River Wey	between Walsham Meadow and Byfleet tow
FLOOD PRIORITY AR	EA: Brookl	ands and Parvis Roa	ad catchmen	nt, A245 Junction	STATUS	: High, Medium
RECORDED FLOOD C WHICH THE SITE IS L		IN 06 December	1954, 06 Fe	bruary 1990, 06 Janua	ary 2003, 06	December 1929, 06 September 1968
PROXIMITY TO MAIN	RIVER:	27m MA I	N RIVER N	AME: River Wey		
PROXIMITY TO NEAR	EST WATE	RCOURSE: 27m	WAT	ERCOURSE NAME:	River Wey	y
THAMES WATER DG5	RECORD	ED FLOOD INCIDE	NTS BASE	O ON POSTCODE AR	EA: 28 rec	ords in Postcode Area KT13 0
WATER FRAMEWO		CTIVE - FLUVIAL	INFORMA	TION		
RIVER MANAGEMEN	Т САТСНМ	ENT: Wey and Trib				
RIVER OPERATIONAL	САТСНМ	ENT: Wey				
WATERBODY NAME:	Wey (Sha	lford to River Thame	s confluenc	e at Weybridge)		

SURFACE WATER FLOODING						
Low (0.1% AEP): 30%	Medium (1%	% AEP): 19	9%	High (3.33% AEP): 15%	%	
GROUNDWATER FLOODING						
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: Alluvial Deposits - Clay, Silt And Sand						
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Secondary A		SUPERFICIAL	AQUIFER:	Principal, Secondary A		
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F	LOODING					
Limited potential for groundwater flooding to occur						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND		TION				
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW						
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Chobham Bagshot Beds						
GROUNDWATER BODY: Chobham Bagshot Beds						
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS						
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS:						
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AL : 0%	WHEN TH	ERE IS ALS	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 100%	6	
		1				

OUTPUTS FROM THE LOWER WEY MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	WEY35
SITE ADDRESS	Horizon Business Village

The River Wey runs along the west boundary of the site at a distance of approximately 27m. 14.5% of the site is defined as Flood Zone 2, 77.6% is Flood Zone 3a, and the remaining 7.9% is within Flood Zone 3b. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in December 1929, December 1954, September 1968, December 1990, and January 2003. The site lies within the 'Brooklands and Parvis Road catchment' and 'A245 Junction' Flood Priority Areas which have a status of High and Medium respectively.

Modelling for the Lower Wey indicates the majority of the site to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP and 1% AEP including 25% climate change event. Hazard mapping for the design event (1% AEP plus a 25% climate change allowance) indicates the majority of the site to be at 'Significant' hazard with an area to the centre with no hazard. Areas to the east and west of the site are at 'Extreme' hazard.

Ground levels are approximately 15.5m AOD in the north to 14.7m AOD in the south. Water levels across the site during the design event are approximately 15.9m AOD.

The entire site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 0.1% AEP event.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates a low risk of flooding from surface water to the north of the site, and low to high risk in the south of the site.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates that there is limited potential for groundwater flooding to occur in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Employment floorspace (6000m2) is proposed for this site. Less Vulnerable development (e.g. offices and shops) is not permitted within Flood Zone 3b. This part of the site should be retained as floodplain and steps taken to restore land to provide a more natural edge of the River Wey. Less Vulnerable development is permitted within Flood Zones 1, 2 and 3a and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible is reduced. 58% of the site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP plus 25% climate change event). Any increase in built footprint within the design flood extent will need to be compensated for, on a level for level volume for volume basis within the site. (Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.6 for details of Floodplain Compensation Storage). A review of the existing site by EBC shows that the majority of the site is already developed, and therefore the allocation of this site is not anticipated to increase the building footprint. As the site is proposed for Less Vulnerable development, proposals should consider options for flood resilience for parts of the scheme. Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.8.

- Finished Floor Levels for Less Vulnerable development do not need to be set above the design flood (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) level, but steps should be taken to ensure that the development is appropriately flood resistant and resilient. Refer to Level 1 SFRA Section 5.8.

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is not currently achievable for the site. The A245 junction is shown to be at Significant hazard (Danger for Most), but the remainder of the route north along Sopwith Drive is dry during the design event. Improvements to the A245 junction, or identification of alternative routes from the site should be provided to demonstrate safe access for the site.

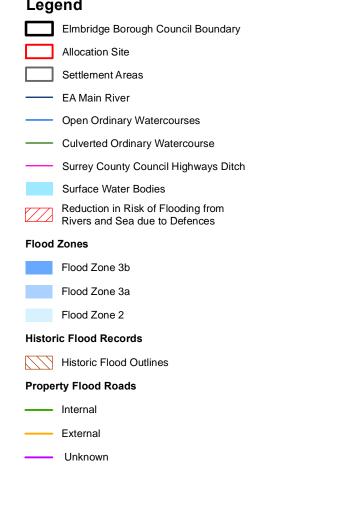
- The site is located within the River Wey at Wisely and Byfleet and Properties closest to the River Wey behind Walsham Meadow and Byfleet town Flood Warning Areas. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

- The site is located within the Brooklands and Parvis Road catchment and A245 Junction Flood Priority Areas which have a status of High and Medium respectively. Policies for this Flood Priority Area set out by Surrey County Council must be adhered to throughout the development of this site.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Llower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. **This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

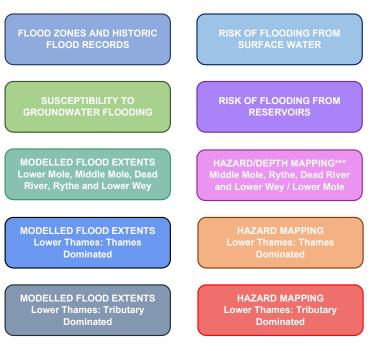
_	This map shows the design event ha	zard for the whole whole, three Kyrne, beau Kiver and Lower wey and the design event deput for the Lower whole.
ſ	PROPOSED USE:	56 residential units

VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATION: More Vulnerable FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC FLOODING Flood Zone 1 28% Flood Zone 2 72% Flood Zone 3a 0% Flood Zone 3b 0% FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Mole at Esher and East Molesey 72% Flood Zone 3a 0% Flood Zone 3b 0% FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A STATUS: N/A				
(<0.1% AEP):				
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A STATUS: N/A				
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED: 06 September 1968				
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 36m MAIN RIVER NAME: Dead River				
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCOURSE: 36m WATERCOURSE NAME: Dead River				
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASED ON POSTCODE AREA: 43 records in Postcode Area KT12 3				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMATION				
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Mole				
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Mole Lower and Rythe				
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (Hersham to R. Thames conf at East Molesey)				

SURFACE WATER FLOODING			
Low (0.1% AEP): 0%	Medium (1%	• AEP): 0%	High (3.33% AEP): 0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING			
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEOLO	GY: Unknown Deposits
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAL AQUIFE	R: Principal
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F	LOODING		
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at su		TION	
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMEN	NT: Thames GW		
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMEN	NT: Colne GW		
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Grav	vels		
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	S		
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	NG FROM RESERV	OIRS:	
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AL 4000/		LSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE DEAD RIVER MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	WOT2
SITE ADDRESS	Leylands House, Molesey Road, Walton-on-Thames

FLOOD RISK SUMMARY The Dead River runs along the eastern boundary of the site, at a distance of approximately 36m. The majority of the site (72%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 28% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area. Historic flood records indicate the site experienced a flood event in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area. Modelling for the Dead River does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including a 1% AEP

event including 70% climate change and therefore the site has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event (1% AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance). The majority of the site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 0.1% AEP event.

Ground levels across the site are approximately 11.8m AOD.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the site is not at risk of flooding from surface water. The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

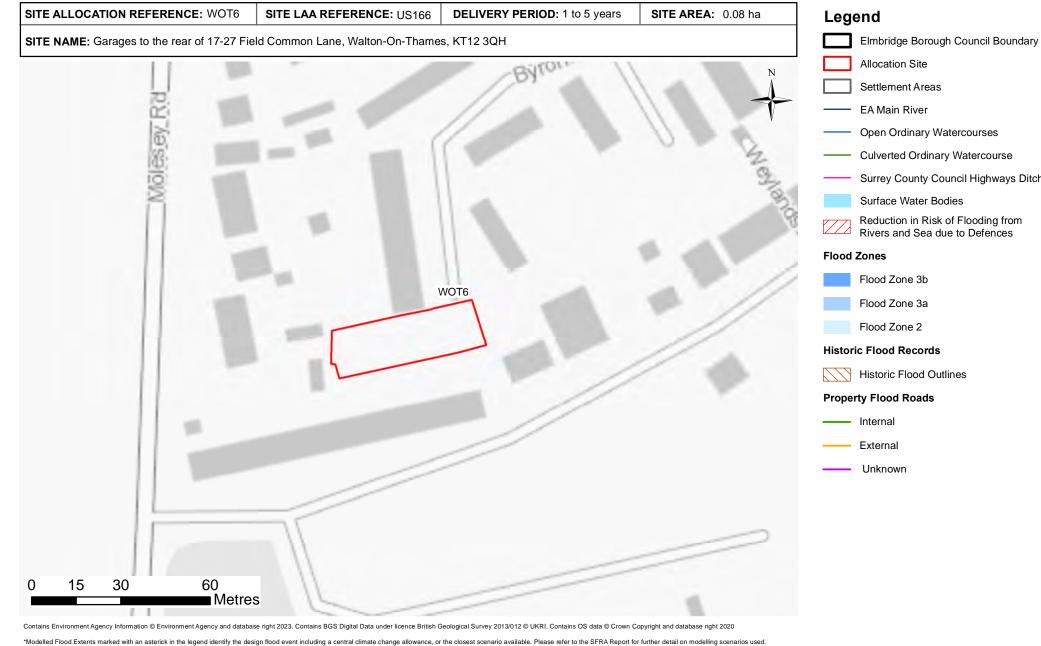
SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Fifty six residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable to the east, via Fernbank Avenue south on to Field Common Lane, west to Molesey Road and then south.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesev' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access routes and places of safety. - Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas in not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



-	EA Main River
10	Open Ordinary Watercourses
Welland	Culverted Ordinary Watercourse
2	Surrey County Council Highways Ditch
25	Surface Water Bodies
	Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences
E State	lood Zones
	Flood Zone 3b
//	Flood Zone 3a
//	Flood Zone 2
H H	listoric Flood Records
	Historic Flood Outlines
F	roperty Flood Roads
-	Internal
-	External
-	Unknown

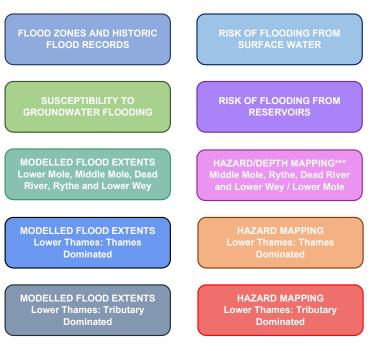
*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 3 residential unit	s		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFICATIO	DN: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTORIC F	LOODING		
	Flood Zone 2 100%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River Mole	at Esher and East Molesey		
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	5: N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES IN WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:	06 September 1968		
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER: 150n	n MAIN RIVER NA	AME: Dead River	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WATERCO	DURSE: 150m WATI	ERCOURSE NAME: Dead Rive	er
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORDED F	LOOD INCIDENTS BASED	ON POSTCODE AREA: 43 rec	ords in Postcode Area KT12 3
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIV	E - FLUVIAL INFORMAT	ΓΙΟΝ	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT	: Mole		
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT	Mole Lower and Rythe		
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (Hersham	n to R. Thames conf at East	Molesey)	

SURFACE WATER FLOODING			
Low (0.1% AEP): 0%	Medium (1%	• AEP): 0%	High (3.33% AEP): 0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING			
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEOLO	GY: Unknown Deposits
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAL AQUIFE	R: Principal
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F	LOODING		
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at su		TION	
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMEN	NT: Thames GW		
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMEN	NT: Colne GW		
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Grav	vels		
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	S		
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	NG FROM RESERV	OIRS:	
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	AL 4000/		LSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS: 100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE DEAD RIVER MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

THESE MAPS ARE INTERACTIVE AND REQUIRE THE USE OF ADOBE ACROBAT TO BE ABLE TO CLICK ON THE INDIVIDUAL TABS TO LOAD THE LAYERS. PLEASE USE THE BUTTONS **BELOW TO DISPLAY / HIDE DIFFERENT SOURCES OF FLOOD** RISK TO THE SITE.



SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	WOT6
SITE ADDRESS	Garages to the rear of 17-27 Field Common Lane Walton-On-Thames KT12 3QH

The Dead River runs along the west of the site at a distance of approximately 150m. The site (100%) is defined as Flood Zone 2. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate the site experienced a flood event in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Dead River does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including a 1% AEP event including 70% climate change and therefore the site has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event (1% AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance). Access routes to the north along Molesey Road are shown to be at risk with hazard rating Low to Significant. The entire site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 0.1% AEP event. Ground levels are approximately 11.6m AOD across the site.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

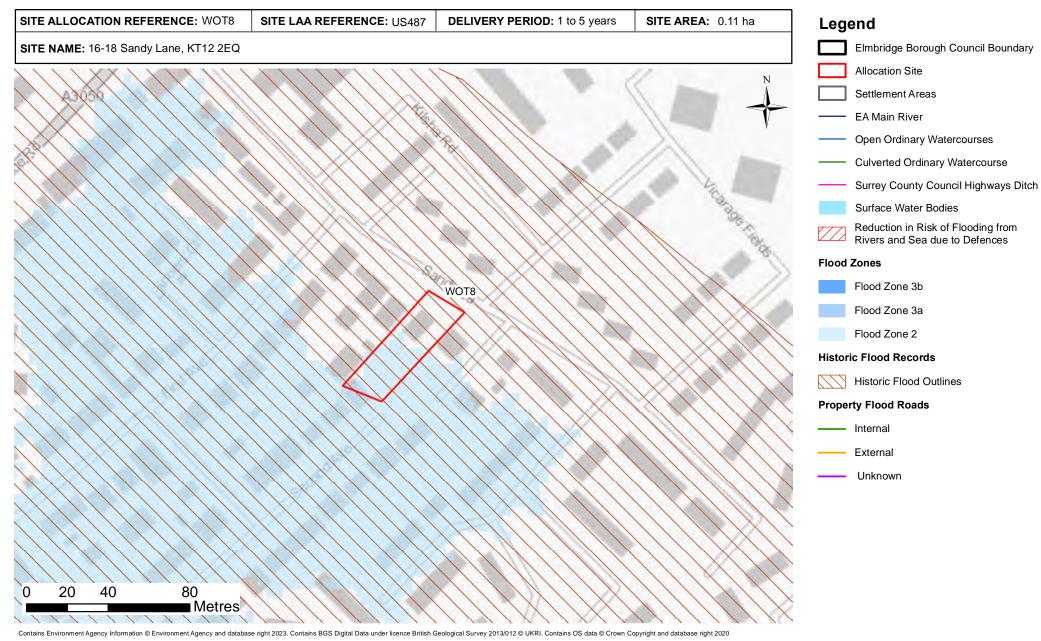
Three residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zone 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable to the north via Byron Close, leading to Fieldcommon Lane and then Molesey Road, providing a dry route southbound. Access routes to the north along Molesey Road are at risk of flooding and do not provide a safe route.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



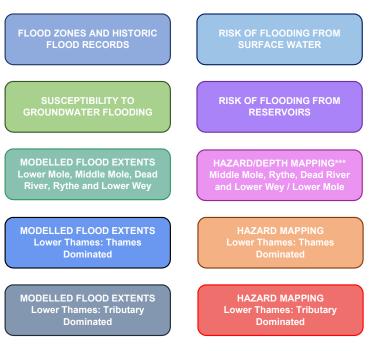
*Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 7 residen	tial units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIF	CATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTO	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 50%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 50%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: Rive	r Mole at Esher and East Molesey	,	
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATU	S: N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINE WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED			
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	855m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Thames	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WA	TERCOURSE: 656m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: Tributary	of Dead River
THAMES WATER DG5 RECOR	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 8 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT12 2
WATER FRAMEWORK DIR	ECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	IMENT: Maidenhead and Sunbury	у	
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	MENT: Thames Lower		
WATERBODY NAME: Thames	(Egham to Teddington)		

SURFACE WATER FLOODING						
Low (0.1% AEP): 39%	Medium (1%	% AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%	
GROUNDWATER FLOODING						
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Grave					d And Gravel	
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERF		R: Principal		
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER F	LOODING	•				
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface						
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUND	WATER INFORM	TION				
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW						
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW						
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels						
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIRS						
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODIN	IG FROM RESER	OIRS:				
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORMA	AL: 100%	WHE	N THERE IS AI	SO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%	

OUTPUTS FROM THE DEAD RIVER MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	WOT8
SITE ADDRESS	16-18 Sandy Lane, KT12 2EQ

A tributary of the Dead River is located approximately 656m south east of the site, and the River Thames is located 855m west of the site. The south of the site (50%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 50% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate the site experienced a flood event in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Dead River does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including the 1% AEP plus a 35% climate change allowance and therefore the site has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event (1% AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance). A small area to the south of the site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP event including 70% climate change. The southern half of the site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 0.1% AEP event.

Ground levels are approximately 11m AOD in the south of the site to 11.8m AOD in the north of the site. The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the south of the site is at low risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the e potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

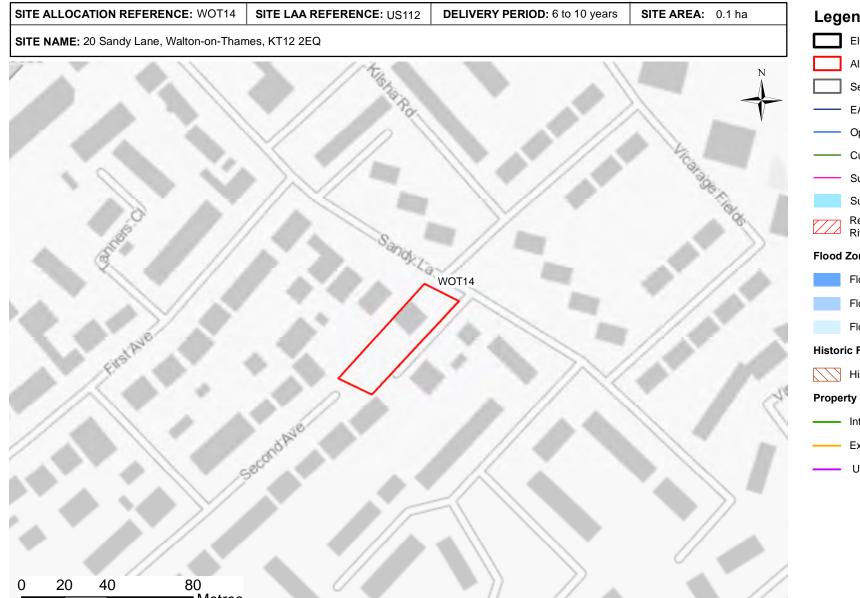
Seven residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

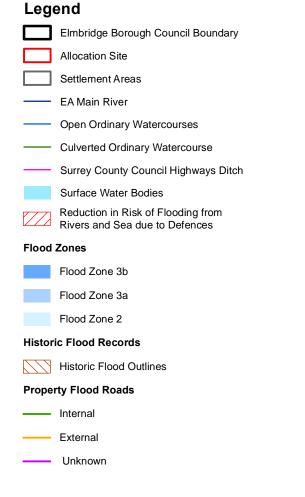
- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable via Sandy Lane towards the A3050 Terrace Road.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Given the risk of flooding from rivers to the local area, Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access and places of safety.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.





Metres

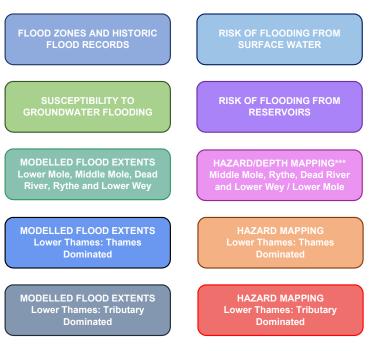
ronment Agency Information @ Environment Agency and database right 2023. Contains BGS Digital Data under licence British Geological Survey 2013/012 @ UKRI. Contains OS data @ Crown Copyright and database right 2020 *Modelled Flood Extents marked with an asterick in the legend identify the design flood event including a central climate change allowance, or the closest scenario available. Please refer to the SFRA Report for further detail on modelling scenarios used. **Modelled Flood Extents for the Lower Mole 1% AEP event do not indicate out of bank flooding and therefore cannot be shown. ***This map shows the design event hazard for the Middle Mole, River Rythe, Dead River and Lower Wey and the design event depth for the Lower Mole.

PROPOSED USE: 7 resident	ial units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFI	CATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTO	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 45%	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 55%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Mole at Esher and East Molesey	,	
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATU	S : N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINE WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED	Ub September 1968		
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	863m MAIN RIVER N	AME: River Thames	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	TERCOURSE: 641m WAT	TERCOURSE NAME: Tributary	of Dead River
THAMES WATER DG5 RECOR	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASEI	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 8 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT12 2
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	ECTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	MENT: Maidenhead and Sunbur	у	
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	MENT: Thames Lower		
WATERBODY NAME: Thames	(Egham to Teddington)		

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 44%	Medium (1%	AEP): 0.3	%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand					d And Grave
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFICIAL	AQUIFER: Prir	ncipal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface					
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	DWATER INFORMA				
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gravels					
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	۲S				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	ING FROM RESERV	OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	/AL: 100%	WHEN TH	ERE IS ALSO F	LOODING FROM RIVERS	: 100%

OUTPUTS FROM THE DEAD RIVER MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	WOT14
SITE ADDRESS	20 Sandy Lane, Walton-on-Thames, KT12 2EQ

FLOOD RISK SUMMARY A tributary of the Dead River is located approximately 641m north east of the site, and the River Thames is

located 863m west of the site. The south of the site (55%) is defined as Flood Zone 2, and the remaining 45% is defined as Flood Zone 1. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate that the site experienced flooding in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Dead River does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP event including 20% climate change) and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event.

The south of the site is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 1% AEP plus a 70% climate change allowance and 0.1% AEP event.

Ground levels across the site are approximately 11m AOD in the south to 11.6m AOD in the north.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the south of the site to be at low risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Seven residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable via Sandy Lane towards the A3050 Terrace Road.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Given the risk of flooding from rivers to the local area, Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access and places of safety.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.

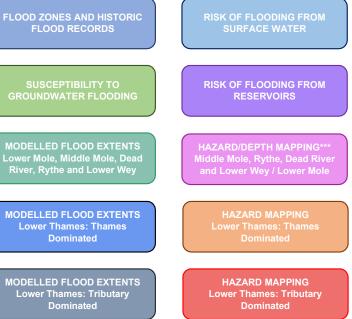


PROPOSED USE: 9 residenti	al units		
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	CATION: More Vulnerable		
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTO	RIC FLOODING		
Flood Zone 1 97% (<0.1% AEP):	Flood Zone 2 (0.1% AEP): 3%	Flood Zone 3a (1% AEP):	Flood Zone 3b (defined in SFRA report):
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Mole at Esher and East Molesey	у	
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATU	S : N/A
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED			
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	832m MAIN RIVER N	NAME: River Thames	
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 674m WA	TERCOURSE NAME: Tributary	of Dead River
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	D ON POSTCODE AREA: 8 reco	ords in Postcode Area KT12 2
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	ATION	
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCHI	MENT: Maidenhead and Sunbur	ry	
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCH	MENT: Thames Lower		
WATERBODY NAME: Thames	(Egham to Teddington)		

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 0.6%	Medium (1%	AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group		SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Gravel			
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERF	CIAL AQUIFE	R: Principal	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at su					
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHME					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHME	NT: Colne GW				
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gra	vels				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	RS				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOODI	NG FROM RESERV	OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	IAL: 100%	WHE	N THERE IS A	LSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%
		1			

OUTPUTS FROM THE DEAD RIVER MODEL(S) HAVE BEEN USED TO ASSESS THIS SITE.

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SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	WOT23
SITE ADDRESS	Unit Rear of and 12-14 Sandy Lane Walton-On-Thames KT12 2EQ

A tributary of the Dead River lies to the south east of the site at a distance of approximately 674m. The Thames is located approximately 832m north west of the site. Most of the site (97%) is defined as Flood Zone 1, and the remaining 3% is defined as Flood Zone 2. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate the site experienced a flood event in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Dead River does not indicate the site to be at risk of flooding up to and including a 1% AEP event including 70% climate change and therefore has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event (1% AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance). The southern site boundary is indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 0.1% AEP.

Ground levels are approximately 10m AOD in the north to 11.4m AOD in the south.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates a low risk of surface water flooding along the south west boundary.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

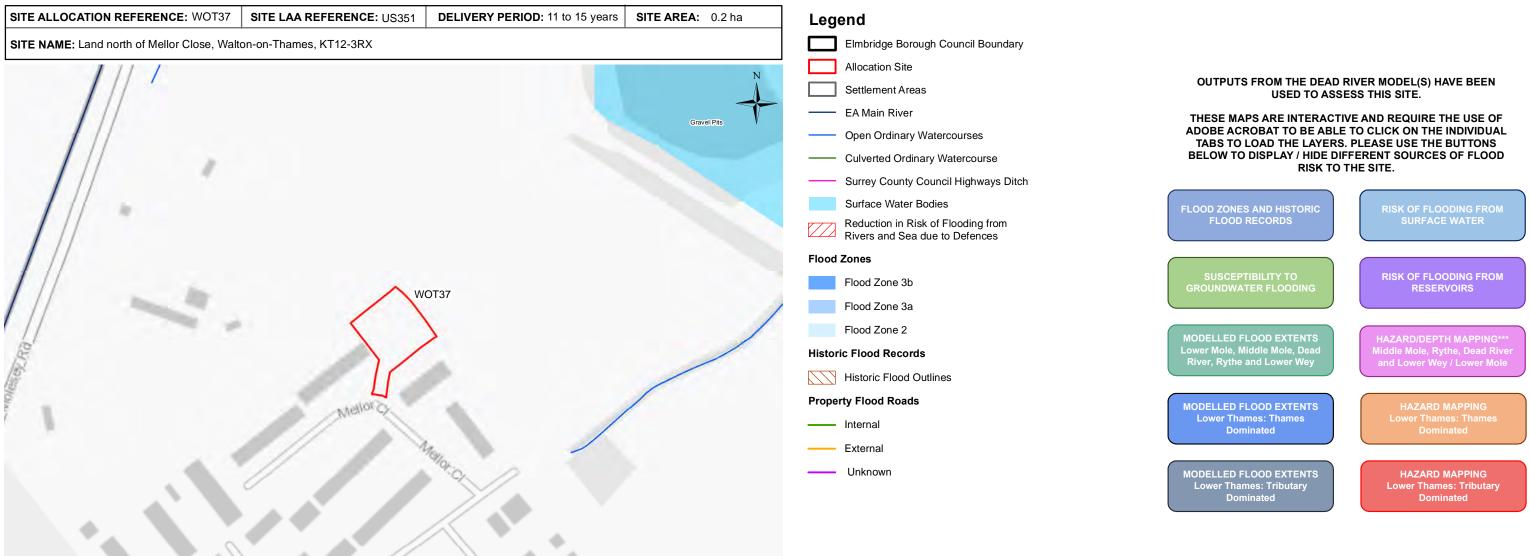
Nine residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable via Sandy Lane towards the A3050 Terrace Road.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Given the risk of flooding from rivers to the local area, Emergency Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding including access and places of safety.

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.



100 25 50

Metres

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PROPOSED USE: 5 residentia	al units					
VULNERABILITY CLASSIFIC	CATION: More Vulnerable					
FLOOD ZONES AND HISTOP	RIC FLOODING					
Flood Zone 1 55% (<0.1% AEP):						
FLOOD WARNING AREA: River	Mole at Esher and East Molesey					
FLOOD PRIORITY AREA: N/A		STATUS	5: N/A			
RECORDED FLOOD OUTLINES WHICH THE SITE IS LOCATED:						
PROXIMITY TO MAIN RIVER:	165m MAIN RIVER N	AME: Dead River				
PROXIMITY TO NEAREST WAT	ERCOURSE: 91m WAT	ERCOURSE NAME: Tributary	of River Mole			
THAMES WATER DG5 RECORD	DED FLOOD INCIDENTS BASE	O ON POSTCODE AREA: 43 rec	ords in Postcode Area KT12 3			
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRE	CTIVE - FLUVIAL INFORMA	TION				
RIVER MANAGEMENT CATCH	MENT: Mole					
RIVER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Mole Lower and Rythe						
WATERBODY NAME: Mole (Hersham to R. Thames conf at East Molesey)						

SURFACE WATER FLOODING					
Low (0.1% AEP): 2%	Medium (1%	AEP):	0%	High (3.33% AEP):	0%
GROUNDWATER FLOODING					
BEDROCK GEOLOGY: Thames Group SUPERFICIAL GEOLOGY: River-Terrace Deposits - Sand And Grav					And Grave
BEDROCK AQUIFER: Unproductive		SUPERFI	CIAL AQUIFE	R: Principal, Unproductive	
BGS SUSCEPTIBILITY TO GROUNDWATER	FLOODING				
Potential for groundwater flooding to occur at su	ırface				
WATER FRAMEWORK DIRECTIVE - GROUN	DWATER INFORMA	TION			
GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT CATCHMENT: Thames GW					
GROUNDWATER OPERATIONAL CATCHMENT: Colne GW					
GROUNDWATER BODY: Lower Thames Gra	ivels				
RISK OF FLOODING FROM RESERVOIR	RS				
PERCENTAGE OF SITE AT RISK OF FLOOD	ING FROM RESERV	OIRS:			
WHEN RIVER LEVELS ARE NORM	IAL: 100%	WHE	N THERE IS A	ALSO FLOODING FROM RIVERS:	100%

SITE ALLOCATION REFERENCE	WOT37
SITE ADDRESS	Land north of Mellor Close, Walton-on-Thames, KT12-3RX

A tributary of the River Mole is located approximately 91m east of the site, while the Dead River is located approximately 165m to the west of the site. Most of the site (55%) is defined as Flood Zone 1, and the remaining 45% is defined as Flood Zone 2. The site does not lie within the Reduction in Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea due to Defences area.

Historic flood records indicate the site experienced a flood event in September 1968. The site does not lie within a Flood Priority Area.

Modelling for the Dead River indicates the southern tip of the site to be at risk of flooding during the 1% AEP event including 70% climate change. The site is not indicated to be at risk of flooding during the design event (1% AEP plus a 20% climate change allowance) and therefore the site has not been assigned a hazard rating for the design event. The east, south and west of the site are indicated to be at risk of flooding during a 0.1% AEP event.

Ground levels are approximately 11.4m AOD in the north to 11m AOD in the south.

The Risk of Flooding from Surface Water Map indicates the south of the site to be at low risk of flooding from surface water.

The BGS Susceptibility to Groundwater Flooding dataset indicates the potential for groundwater flooding to occur at surface in the area.

The entire site (100%) is at risk of flooding from reservoirs in the event of a breach or failure when both river levels are normal or when there is also flooding from rivers.

SITE SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS

Five residential units are proposed for the site. More Vulnerable development (e.g. residential) is permitted in Flood Zones 1 and 2 and the Exception Test is not required. A site-specific FRA will be required to demonstrate that the proposed development will be safe for its lifetime, without increasing flood risk elsewhere and where possible reduce flood risk overall. The following recommendations are made for this site:

- Development of the site must ensure that the risk of flooding to surrounding areas is not increased, and where possible reduced. The site is shown to be at risk of flooding during a 0.1% AEP event.

- Finished Floor Levels for residential accommodation must be above the design flood event (1% AEP including central climate change allowance) plus a minimum 300mm freeboard.

- Safe access/egress (i.e. that is dry or Low hazard during the 1% AEP event including central climate change allowance) is achievable via Mellor Close to the south which leads to Molesey Road, providing dry roads southbound.

- Places of safe refuge should be designed into the development above the extreme flood event (0.1% AEP) including an allowance for climate change. In this instance, this is likely to be at a first floor level.

- The site is located within the 'River Mole at Esher and East Molesey' Flood Warning Area. Evacuation Plans would need to be developed for occupants of the site to set out the response in the event of flooding.

- Development proposals for the site should seek to restrict surface water runoff rates to greenfield rates; demonstrate sustainable approaches to the management of surface water in accordance with the drainage hierarchy; make use of SuDS (including green/blue roofs, permeable paving, downpipe planters, attenuating tree pits, rain gardens and other innovative technologies); and incorporate soft landscaping, planting and permeable surfacing.

- A Site Investigation should be undertaken to determine ground conditions and groundwater levels in proximity to the site. Consideration should be made of whether the proposed development will impact on groundwater, either from subsurface construction or changes to surface water drainage. Should the initial assessment identify potential for impact, a detailed Hydrogeological Impact Assessment should be prepared to identify proposed mitigation measures.