Elmbridge Local Plan
Statement of Community Involvement

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Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) 2018 (Amended December 2019)
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Table of Contents

1 Introduction .................................................................................................................. 6
   1.1 Why get involved in planning decisions? ......................................................... 6
   1.2 How does the planning system work? .............................................................. 6

2 Planning Policy ........................................................................................................... 8
   2.1 Preparing the Local Plan ................................................................................. 8

3 Consulting on Local Plan Documents ................................................................. 10
   3.1 Key Principles ................................................................................................. 10
   3.2 Who we will consult ....................................................................................... 11
   3.3 How we will consult ....................................................................................... 11
   3.4 What happens to your comments? ................................................................. 12
   3.5 Neighbourhood Planning .............................................................................. 14

4 Consulting on Planning Applications ................................................................. 16
   4.1 Making Decisions on Planning Applications ............................................... 16
   4.2 Pre-application consultation ......................................................................... 16
   4.3 Application Consultation ............................................................................. 17
   4.4 Commenting on a planning application ....................................................... 19
   4.5 What can I comment on? .............................................................................. 20
   4.6 Making a decision ......................................................................................... 20
   4.7 How can I find out more about planning decisions? .................................. 22

5 Planning Compliance ............................................................................................... 24
   5.1 What is Planning Compliance? ...................................................................... 24
   5.2 Communicating with Informants .................................................................. 25

6 Further information and advice ............................................................................. 26

7 Appendices ............................................................................................................... 27
   Appendix 1: Consultation groups involved in Local Plan production .......... 27
   Appendix 2: Public Involvement in Local Plans ................................................ 29
   Appendix 3: Public Involvement in Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs) ................................................................................................. 32
   Appendix 4: Publicising Neighbourhood Plans ............................................. 34
   Appendix 5: Publicity on Planning Applications ............................................ 37
1 Introduction

1.1 Why get involved in planning decisions?

1.1.1 Planning affects us all. The homes we live in, the places we work, the open spaces where we relax and the roads we travel on are all a result of planning decisions.

1.1.2 The way that Elmbridge Borough develops in the future will be affected by planning, and it is important that local people and organisations are able to put across their views by participating in planning decisions.

1.1.3 This Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) sets out how Planning Services will involve people in planning decisions. It provides brief guidance to explain how the planning system works and advises on how you can participate in planning decisions, and what you can expect if you choose to get involved.

1.1.4 Web links are featured throughout this document. If any do not work or have changed please notify us using the contact details at page 2.

1.2 How does the planning system work?

1.2.1 There are two key parts to the local planning system - Planning Policy and Development Management.

   1. Planning Policy is concerned with producing the local planning documents and policies that are used to guide development in the Borough of Elmbridge. These documents must conform to relevant Government guidance, and there are specific regulatory procedures which must be followed during their preparation.

   2. Development Management is responsible for processing and determining planning applications, along with other applications including works to trees, advertisements and listed buildings. The team also provides pre-application planning advice. The Planning Compliance team investigates and takes appropriate action in respect of breaches of planning control.

1.2.2 It is important to note the role of Surrey County Council (SCC) in the planning process. Surrey County Council is responsible for preparing minerals and waste Local Plans. The County Council also processes and determines planning applications for minerals and waste development and for the County Council's own development such as such as schools and libraries.
1.2.3 Elmbridge Borough Council (EBC) is the Local Planning Authority (LPA) for all other types of development. EBC will also consult with SCC on specific planning applications relating to highways, flooding and archaeology.
2 Planning Policy

2.1 Preparing the Local Plan

2.1.1 Elmbridge Borough Council's Local Plan will set out a vision for the future development of the Borough over the next 15 years. It will address needs and opportunities in relation to housing, the economy, community facilities and infrastructure. It is also a basis for safeguarding the environment, adapting to climate change and securing good design.

The Local Plan will:

- make clear what development will take place;
- where and when this development will occur;
- how development will be delivered.

2.1.2 The Local Plan will be consistent with the Government's National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) and is underpinned by extensive evidence. The Plan is subject to public consultation and independent examination by a Planning Inspector.

2.1.3 To be effective, plans need to be kept up-to-date. The NPPF states that policies in local plans should be reviewed to assess whether they need updating at least once every 5 years, and should then be updated as necessary.

2.1.4 The Local Plan sets out the Borough's Spatial Strategy, Development Management policies, site allocations and designations. Other important Local Plan documents include:

- **Supplementary Planning Documents (SPD)** - add further detail to policies in the Local Plan. They provide further guidance for development on specific sites and on particular development issues, such as design. They will be supported by appropriate evidence and accord with national planning policy and the Local Plan.

- **Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL)** - is a statutory charge on new buildings and extensions used to fund infrastructure provision required as a result of new development.

- **A Sustainability Appraisal (SA) and Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA)** will need to be undertaken for the Local Plan and some other Local Plan documents. These are procedures required by law to assess the economic, social and environmental impact of the plan.

- **A Local Development Scheme (LDS)** sets out a 3 year work programme for producing Local Plan documents.
2.1.5 The progress and success of these documents is monitored annually through the Authority Monitoring Report (AMR). The current AMR and previous years are available to view on the Council’s website.

2.1.6 The following diagram explains the process for preparing a Local Plan and Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs). An SPD is not subject to an independent examination by the Planning Inspectorate.

Diagram 1: Stages in preparing a Local Plan and a Supplementary Planning Document (SPD)

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*The Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012*
3 Consulting on Local Plan Documents

3.1 Key Principles

3.1.1 When the Council consults people and organisations on Local Plan documents, we will be guided by the following five engagement commitments:

1. **Be clear about what we are doing** - From the outset we will ensure that people understand why we are consulting and engaging them, and how their comments will help to inform or influence decisions. Clear timescales will help people understand when and how their input will be used.

2. **Be inclusive** - We will provide opportunities for people to engage with us to ensure that our plans and processes reflect the diverse and varied communities that make up our Borough. Information on the Borough's community can be found in our 'Knowing Our Communities' report and our 'Council Plan', which is available to view on the Council's Population and Demographics webpage.

3. **Be accessible** - We will ensure that people have opportunities to take part, and are made aware of consultation exercises as early as possible, so they are able to participate at the right time in the process to influence decision-making.

4. **Be transparent** - We will make clear how the decision-making process will work and how consultation feedback will be used, thereby giving people the confidence that their input and involvement is actively being used to help shape decisions that affect them. This will mean being clear in stating who makes the decisions and when the decision will be made. At the end of each consultation period, we will undertake an analysis of all responses received. This will be included in a consultation summary report published on the Council's website, outlining the actions that we propose to take.

5. **Be accountable** - We will let people know how we have reached decisions. This will involve making clear the different types and sources of information that have been considered in reaching a final decision.
3.2 Who we will consult

3.2.1 The Council is required to send details of planning document consultations to ‘specific consultation bodies’. These are organisations that the Council must consult, as specified in planning regulations 1. Appendix 1 sets out the consultation groups involved in Local Plan production.

3.2.2 There are many other people, groups and organisations that will have an interest and will want to get involved. These could include individual residents, residents’ associations, Conservation Area Advisory Committees, employees and employers, housing associations, local businesses, the development industry, disability groups, youth groups, faith groups and other stakeholders.

3.2.3 These people may have a variety of different priorities and interests, and will be able to contribute expertise and knowledge across a range of subject areas.

3.2.4 In addition, the Council works closely with neighbouring boroughs and districts and the County Council with regards to strategic priorities and areas of common interest. A Duty to Cooperate Scoping Statement has been prepared and sets out those authorities and prescribed bodies the Council will engage with throughout the Local Plan process. This document can be found on our Evidence and supporting documents webpage.

3.2.5 In order to demonstrate effective and on-going joint working, the Council will prepare and maintain one or more Statements of Common Ground, documenting the cross-boundary matters being addressed and progress in cooperating with relevant bodies to address these. In line with the NPPF, these will be made publicly available throughout the plan-making process to provide transparency.

3.2.6 If you would like to be notified of future Local Plan consultation documents, you can register on our Planning Consultation Portal.

3.3 How we will consult

3.3.1 Planning legislation and national guidance set out requirements as to how and when consultation will be undertaken and who must be consulted. Outside of this legal requirement, the Council will use the most appropriate ways of consulting with as many people as possible by balancing cost and time constraints with the likely relevance of the Plan to specific communities and/or organisations.

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3.3.2 Any consultation on draft documents will be no shorter than 6 weeks for Local Plans and 4 weeks for Supplementary Planning Documents. However, should consultation coincide with a holiday period such as Christmas, the time for responses can be extended to take account of this.

3.3.3 Appendices 2 and 3 set out in more detail how the community will be invited to become involved in the stages of preparation for the Local Plan and Supplementary Planning Documents. By using a range of methods to inform, consult and involve people at the right time, we will enable people to influence the future planning of Elmbridge.

If you would like to be notified of future consultations you can register on our Planning Consultation portal

3.3.4 In line with the GDPR 2018, the Planning policy privacy notice explains who planning policy are and what the team does, what personal information is being collected, why we need it, what we do with your information and how it is shared, how long we keep your details and how to contact us.

3.4 What happens to your comments?

3.4.1 All comments received in response to a consultation will be fully considered. Changes to the document will be made where appropriate during the course of their preparation in light of comments we receive. We may contact the person or organisation who made comments in order to discuss their views and suggestions further.

3.4.2 All written comments received within the consultation periods will be made available to view. Comments cannot be treated in confidence and we will not accept any confidential or anonymous responses. In order to comply with the Data Protection Act 2018, personal information will not be made publically available.

3.4.3 We will not acknowledge submitted comments unless requested. We will not accept or publish any comments that are considered offensive or prejudiced.

3.4.4 A consultation report summarising comments and a response to the issues raised will be made available on the Local Plan web pages.

3.4.5 All comments received at the submission stage in the preparation of a Local Plan are submitted to an independent inspector\(^2\) together with the document itself, and all supporting evidence used in its preparation. The inspector will consider whether the

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2. The Planning Inspectorate deals with planning appeals, national infrastructure planning applications, examinations of local plans and other planning-related and specialist casework in England. It is an executive agency sponsored by the Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government.
document meet the tests of soundness set out in the National Planning Policy Framework.
3.5 Neighbourhood Planning

3.5.1 Neighbourhood Development Plans (NDPs) were introduced by the Localism Act 2011. They allow local community bodies (Parish Councils or Neighbourhood Forums) to set out a vision for a neighbourhood area and planning policies for the use and development of the land. They focus on local rather than strategic issues.

3.5.2 As they are not prepared by the Council, the Statement of Community Involvement (SCI) does not prescribe what methods of community engagement must be followed. The appropriate level of community engagement and the size and complexity of the plan will be decided on by the Parish Council or Neighbourhood Forum preparing the NDP. Nevertheless, NDPs should follow, wherever possible, the general principles set out in the SCI and publish a Consultation Statement explaining how the local community was involved in the NDP.

3.5.3 Appendix 4 sets out in more detail how the Council will publicise NDPs. As a brief summary, the Council is required to consult on the following stages during the preparation of NDPs:

- **Neighbourhood Area Application** - the Council will publicise the application for the creation of a neighbourhood area. We will bring the neighbourhood area application to the attention of people who live, work or carry out business in the area.
- **Neighbourhood Forum Application** - the Council will publicise the application for the creation of a neighbourhood forum on our website for a minimum 6 week period.
- **Draft NDP** - the Council will publicise the draft NDP on our website and invite comments, as well as bringing the consultation to the attention of people who live, work or carry out business in the NDP area. In addition we will notify the bodies referred to in the Neighbourhood Forum or Parish Council’s consultation statement.

3.5.4 The Council will offer support, advice and assistance to the Parish Council or Neighbourhood Forum throughout the process of preparing the NDP. The support offered will be tailored to the needs of the group, but may include attendance at meetings, providing information and advice by e-mail and over the phone and directing the group to external sources for advice and assistance.
4 Consulting on Planning Applications

4.1 Making Decisions on Planning Applications

4.1.1 The Council is responsible for processing and determining planning applications within the Borough. It is at the planning application stage where specific, detailed decisions are made about the use of land or a building. Applications are considered against national and local policies as well as expert advice, provided internally and externally, which guide whether individual planning applications are approved or refused.

4.1.2 The Council understands that local residents want to have their say about planning applications that may affect their property or community, and to be assured that their views will be considered in the decision-making process. All stages of the planning application process from registration onwards can be followed on the Council's planning website.

4.1.3 Once a planning application has been formally submitted, the Council is responsible for carrying out appropriate consultation.

4.2 Pre-application consultation

4.2.1 To ensure early public involvement on major development proposals or locally sensitive schemes, developers must undertake public consultation before making a planning application. This should provide all relevant groups an opportunity to participate in the evolution of development proposals. Applicants should also liaise early with infrastructure providers for new developments at the pre-application stage. This is a local validation requirement and the types of application and criteria for this is set out online in the validation requirements.

Pre-application Advice

4.2.2 The Council encourages developers/applicants to discuss development proposals with Planning Officers prior to submission. This is the only method of getting guidance on drawings or site specific advice from the planning department. For more information on the pre application service please see the pre-application advice webpage.
Planning Performance Agreements (PPAs)

4.2.3   A PPA is a project management tool that the applicant and the Council can use to agree timescales, actions and resources for handling particular applications. It covers the pre-application stage as well as the application and post application stages. PPAs are useful for setting out an efficient and transparent process or determining large and/or complex planning applications. They encourage joint working between the applicant and the Council and can help to bring together other parties such as statutory consultees. For more information on the set up and payment of PPAs please see the Planning Performance Agreement webpage (Note- this webpage is being developed).

4.3   Application Consultation

4.3.1   When a planning application is submitted to the Council, it will be considered against a validation checklist to ensure the correct documents have been submitted. The checklist is available on our website on the Make a planning application webpage. When validation is successful, a planning application will be registered and allocated to a Planning Officer.

4.3.2   It is at this stage, that the Council will consult on the application. We must undertake a formal period of public consultation prior to deciding the planning application3. Appendix 5 sets out in detail the statutory requirements for application consultation and what the Council will do in addition to these depending on the type and location of development. To summarise, these include:

- Publishing details of planning applications online. You can view details of planning applications on the Council's website on the Comment on a planning application webpage. This can be used to see which planning applications have been registered and to access plans and supporting information relating to both current applications and historic planning decisions. Applications can be searched by address or by an individual planning reference.
- A weekly list of registered planning applications is published on our website. This is also circulated to local Councillors.
- Letters to statutory organisations and interest groups.
- Letters to residents/businesses/properties next to the application site (Please see appendix 5 for circumstances).
- Site notices (Please see appendix 5 for circumstances).
- Newspaper adverts (Please see appendix 5 for circumstances).
- The weekly list is sent to the local press for publication every week, however, this is published at the newspaper’s discretion.

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Diagram 2: Weekly List Tab - You can view the weekly list by clicking on the 'planning' webpage, click 'find and comment on a planning application' and the 'Search and comment' box and then click the fourth tab along as featured in the diagram above.

4.3.3 You may wish to receive planning alerts via the 'My Account' service. You can create an account and receive notifications of new applications and decisions near you by visiting the Comment on a planning application webpage.

4.3.4 Depending on the type and location of development proposed, the Council will also consult with the following organisations:

- Statutory bodies including the Environment Agency, Natural England and Historic England to establish any specialist concerns arising from the application;
- Neighbouring Local Planning Authorities where the application site boundary adjoins a neighbouring LPA or is likely to impact on a neighbouring LPA.
- Utility bodies (electricity, water, sewage or gas companies);

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4. You can choose the search area to receive planning applications and decision notifications. The search areas offered are 100m, 200m or 500m from your property.
• Other experts including the Historic Environment Officer and Surrey County Council Highways Officer;
• Claygate Parish Council for all planning applications submitted in the Claygate ward.

4.3.5  National Planning Guidance lists where there is a statutory requirement to consult particular bodies or persons on planning applications for certain types of development. This can be found on the Consultation and pre-decision matters webpage, which includes links to the relevant legislation.

4.4  Commenting on a planning application

4.4.1  Anyone can comment on a planning application. The timeframe for responding is 21 days from the date of notification, which is extended to take account of bank holidays.

4.4.2  We encourage you to use the Comment on a planning application webpage as you can comment on a planning application at a click of a button. We will still accept letters and e-mails and these will be uploaded onto the website. For more detailed advice on how to comment on a planning application, please see the guidance detailed at the Comment on a planning application webpage.

4.4.3  The comments received and additional information including the Officer Report (which includes a summary of comments received and the decision notice) is added to the website so that anyone can view the information upon which a decision is made.

4.4.4  The comments we receive in response to planning applications are a matter of public record. This means that we cannot treat comments as confidential, and they will be made available to view on the Council's website alongside the name and address of the person making the comment.

4.4.5  We will not publish any telephone numbers, private e-mail addresses or signatures. We reserve the right not to publish any comments or parts of comments that are not considered suitable for public view, including comments that are offensive, personal or defamatory.

4.4.6  In line with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) 2018, the Development Management privacy notice sets out how your information will be used.
4.5 What can I comment on?

4.5.1 If you comment on a planning application, it is important that your comments relate to planning matters as it is only these matters that can be taken into account by the Council when making a decision. Some of the issues that are considered to be planning matters include:

- External appearance.
- Impact on the street scene or character of the local area.
- Issues of noise, privacy, disturbance and amenity.
- Loss of trees or impact on conservation issues.
- Drainage.
- Highway safety, traffic and parking issues.
- Loss of light or overshadowing.

This list is not exhaustive. There may be other relevant issues that you wish to comment on.

4.5.2 Some issues are not regarded as planning matters and are not taken account of when reaching a planning decision. These include:

- Loss of a private view.
- Property value.
- Other private property matters such as boundary and ownership disputes, or private rights of way.
- Moral issues or motives of the applicant.
- Possible future uses outside the scope of the application.
- Matters covered by other legislation, such as building regulations, licensing or restrictive covenants.
- Personal matters relating to the identity of the applicant.

4.6 Making a decision

4.6.1 There are two main ways in which the Council will reach a decision on a planning application. Most planning applications are assessed against our planning policies and decided by managers in the Development Management team under delegated powers, but some larger or contentious applications are decided by an Area Planning Sub-Committee.

Delegated decisions

4.6.2 Once the consultation period has been completed, the planning case officer will take into account all material considerations, including any representations, relevant local planning policies, national policy and planning guidance. The reasoning behind the case officers' recommendation will be set out in a short report (referred to as the
officer report). A decision will then be made by designated planning managers on behalf of the Strategic Director.

**Area Planning Sub-Committee**

**4.6.3** In some cases, a decision cannot be made under delegated powers and must instead be decided by Councillors at Sub-Committee. The Sub-Committee is open to the public and will decide the following planning applications:

- All applications (except major) 'referred' to a Sub-Committee by a ward member for the ward within the application is situated shall be done on a conditional basis. Referrals shall be submitted within 28 days of validation.
- Minor applications (1-9 dwellings or non-residential development less than 1000sqm) which are recommended for approval by officers and there are objections from 15 or more households or from Claygate Parish Council. If a petition, or an objection letter is received from an organisation such as a residents association, political party or conservation area advisory committee each shall be treated in the same way as an objection from 1 household.
- Applications for Permission in Principle which are recommended for approval by officers and there are objections from 15 or more households.
- All applications submitted by or on behalf of members, the council or officers of the council.

**4.6.4** In some circumstances the public are invited to participate in Area Planning Sub-Committee meetings. This Sub-Committee process, including an explanation of the areas and public speaking, is explained on the [Making a decision webpage](#).

**Full Planning Committee**

**4.6.5** The Planning Committee will decide the following planning applications:

- Major applications 'referred' to the Planning Committee by a ward member for the ward within which the application is situated.
- Any two members of the Planning Committee have referred an application from an Area Planning Sub-Committee to the Planning Committee. Provided they have been present for the complete consideration of that application at the Area Planning Sub-Committee meeting.
- Major applications (10+ dwellings or 1000sqm + non-residential floorspace) which are recommended for approval by officers where there are objections from 15 or more households or from Claygate Parish Council. If a petition, or an objection letter is received from an organisation such as a residents association, political party or conservation area advisory committee each shall be treated in the same way as an objection from 1 household.
- All departures from the Development Plan required to be referred to the Secretary of State.
4.7 How can I find out more about planning decisions?

4.7.1 Once a decision has been made, a decision notice is sent to the applicant or agent to inform them of the decision. The decision will also be uploaded to the application details webpage under 'Plans & Documents' tab and will be sent to those using planning alerts. Weekly lists of applications decided in the last 6 weeks are also uploaded on the Planning Applications webpage (See diagram 2).

Appeals

4.7.2 An applicant can appeal against a planning decision if:

- The application has been refused planning permission.
- The decision includes a condition that the applicant is not satisfied with.
- The application has not been determined within the statutory time period.

4.7.3 The appeal will be determined by an independent Planning Inspector from the Planning Inspectorate. Members of the public who commented on the application will be notified in writing by the Council that the appeal has been lodged. Any previous written comments will be forwarded to the inspectorate. The Planning Inspectorate will inform the Council of the outcome. A monthly list of appeals lodged and appeals decided is available on the Planning Applications webpage (See diagram 3 below).

4.7.4 Once planning permission has been granted, there is no statutory third party right of appeal to challenge the approval. The only mechanism for interested parties to challenge the granting of planning permission is through a judicial review upon a point of law.
Diagram 3: Planning Applications List including Applications Validated, Applications Decided, Appeals Lodged and Appeals Decided.
5 Planning Compliance

5.1 What is Planning Compliance?

5.1.1 The planning compliance team investigate breaches of planning control. This can include:

- Untidy land where it affects the amenity of the area.
- Carrying out works (internal and external) to a Listed Building without Listed Building Consent.
- Unauthorised development.
- Breaches of the conditions attached to planning permissions.
- Unauthorised felling of, or carrying out works to, a tree protected by a Tree Preservation Order or in a Conservation Area.
- Unauthorised engineering operations, such as the raising of ground levels.

5.1.2 Planning compliance does not investigate:

- Ownership - party walls, boundary disputes, land ownership, deeds and covenants (you can seek legal advice for these issues).
- Disruption - noise, smell, anti-social behaviour, overgrown trees and bushes and vehicles (Our Environmental Services department can help with issues relating to noise, smells and lights)
- Site operations - health and safety, hours of work, security, graffiti, dangerous structures and poor quality work.
- Highway matters - parking, obstruction and objects on footpaths (contact Surrey County Council Highways).
- Drainage - sewers and soakaways.

5.1.3 Further information can be found on the 'Report a breach of planning control' webpage and the most up to date enforcement plan.
5.2 Communicating with Informants

5.2.1 If you have concerns about a possible breach of planning regulations, you can report it to the Council through our Report a breach of planning control webpage. The planning compliance team will then go through the following process:

1. Within 2 working days of the receipt of an investigation request a letter of acknowledgement will be sent to the informant advising them of:
   - The investigation case number,
   - The investigating officers’ name,
   - Details of how to make contact the investigating officer directly.

2. The informant will be contacted in writing when an investigation has been resolved explaining what has been done to resolve the matter.

3. If an investigation has not been resolved within 6 weeks of the date of registration, the informant will be advised as to the progress made and course of action to be undertaken to resolve the matter.

4. Where the Council consider it is expedient to close an investigation that is not resolved, it will:
   i. Write to the properties immediately adjoining the site where the breach has occurred advising the owners of these properties of the nature of the breach and why the investigation is to be closed without resolution of the breach.
   ii. Take into account any valid planning reasons raised during this consultation.
   iii. Consult with local ward councillors regarding the matter.
   iv. Review the decision to be made.
   v. Explain its findings and actions to the informants before closing the investigation or move to formal action.

5. Compliance with points 1 and 2 will be monitored regularly to ensure a high standard of communication is maintained.
6 Further information and advice

6.1 Independent advice on planning is available from Planning Aid England, operated by the Royal Town Planning Institute. This service provides free, independent and professional planning advice to communities and individuals who cannot afford to pay professional fees. Planning Aid England can assist people with their own planning applications and can help them to comment on planning applications and planning policy consultation documents.

6.2 More information can be found at www.planningaid.rtpi.org.uk or alternatively, they can be contacted by phone on 0330 123 9244 or by e-mail on advice@planningaid.rtpi.org.uk

Planning Portal

6.3 The Planning Portal offers guidance on the planning system. More information can be found at www.planningportal.co.uk

Neighbourhood Planning

6.4 Advice on Neighbourhood Planning and the process of preparing a Neighbourhood Development Plan is available from Locality, which is a national membership network for community organisations where you can obtain specialist advice and support.

6.5 More information can be found at www.locality.org.uk/projects/building-community/
Appendix 1: Consultation groups involved in Local Plan production

Specific consultation bodies

7.1 The Council must involve the following statutory organisation in the Local Plan process. These along with the government departments listed below form the specific consultation bodies as defined in the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulation 2012. These are:

- Environment Agency
- Natural England
- Historic England
- Network Rail
- Secretary of State for Transport
- Transport for London
- Mayor of London - Greater London Authority (GLA)
- Highways England
- Surrey County Council - Strategy, Transport and Planning and Minerals and Waste Planning
- Adjacent Local Authorities
- NHS Surrey
- Surrey Police
- Police and Crime Commissioner
- Relevant telecommunication companies
- Relevant electricity and gas companies
- Relevant water and sewerage undertakers
- Homes England
- Parish Councils
- A neighbourhood forum any part of whose area is in, or adjoins, the local planning authority’s area

General consultation bodies

- Voluntary bodies some or all of whose activities benefit any part of Elmbridge Borough Council’s area.
- Bodies that represent the interests of different racial, ethnic or national groups in Elmbridge Borough Council’s area.
- Bodies that represent the interests of different religious groups in Elmbridge Borough Council’s area.

5. These are set out in Part 1, section 2 titled Interpretation.
• Bodies which represent the interests of disabled persons in Elmbridge Borough Council’s area.
• Bodies which represent the interests of persons carrying on business in Elmbridge Borough Council’s area.

Other consultees

7.2 There are many other bodies and individuals registered on the planning consultation database. These have been grouped and include:

• Members of Parliament.
• Environment and nature, historic groups, Conservation Area Advisory Committees.
• Landowners, Estate agents (residential and commercial).
• Local businesses, business associations, chamber of commerce, commercial companies.
• Individual residents, residents associations, local strategic partnership, parish councils, community groups, societies and political parties.
• Councillors - Local and County.
• Planning Officers in other local authorities, developers, agents, planning consultants, architects, surveyors, landscape architects, housing associations.
• Disabled groups, public agencies, charity organisations, voluntary organisations, ethnic groups, care providers, health providers, leisure groups, minority groups, religious groups, sports bodies, young people, allotments, police, older people, faith groups, equalities, community support.
• Infrastructure providers, schools and education institutes, transport groups.
• Government departments.
## Appendix 2: Public Involvement in Local Plans

### Stage 1: Preparation/Early Engagement

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key stages</th>
<th>Involvement Level</th>
<th>Public/Stakeholder involvement arrangements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **1. Evidence gathering**               | - Asking what you think? | • Early involvement of relevant stakeholders.  
• Hold focus group sessions where necessary to help decide issues to be included in the plan.  
• Writing to statutory environment bodies to initiate Sustainability Appraisal screening.                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| The information needed for the plan is prepared and potential issues identified. | - Deciding together. |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| **2. Preparing a draft Local Plan**     | - Asking what you think? | Publish draft documents for consultation for a minimum of **six weeks**, and, at the start of the consultation period:  
• Publish the Sustainability Scoping Report or Appraisal as appropriate;  
• inform specific consultation bodies;  
• inform relevant consultation bodies, other interested bodies and individuals on the consultation database;  
• publish electronic copies of consultation documents on the Council’s website;  
• make hard copies of consultation documents available for inspection at the Civic Centre and Borough libraries;  
• issue press release in local paper;  
• issue public notice in local newspaper;  
• add consultation information on Council’s social media sites; and  
• arrange public meetings, exhibitions and focus groups as appropriate. |
| The information gathered at the first stage is taken into account in the drafting of detailed policies and allocations. Depending on the level of complexity, the draft Local Plan stage may involve more than one period of consultation. | Publish the Local Plan and relevant documents for consultation for a minimum of **six weeks**, and, at the start of the consultation period, |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| **3. Publication of the proposed submission** | - Asking what you think? |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
The Local Plan is finalised and published for a last stage of consultation. Comments at this stage will only be sought on soundness and legal compliance of the plan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4. Examination</th>
<th>5. Adoption</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Local Plan will be examined by an independent Planning Inspector. The examiner may call a public hearing.</td>
<td>The Local Plan is adopted following the consideration of the recommendations in the Inspector's report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>No Involvement</strong></td>
<td><strong>Keeping you informed.</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The draft Local Plan, all supporting documents and the comments received from public consultation are submitted to the Secretary of State, who appoints an independent Planning Inspector. The draft Local Plan can be inspected at the Civic Centre on request. The Local Plan and the comments received are examined by the Planning Inspector, followed by the Inspector's report.

- Make the Inspector's report available for inspection on the Council's website and at the Civic Centre.
- Inform consultees who previously made representations about the availability of the Inspector's report.

Following adoption of the Local Plan, we will:

- publish a statement of representations procedure;
- publish the Sustainability Appraisal report for consultation;
- publish a Consultation Statement summarising all comments received from the previous stages and how the comments have been considered and taken into account;
- publish relevant supporting documents;
- inform specific consultation bodies;
- inform relevant consultation bodies, other interested bodies and individuals on the consultation database;
- make hard copies of consultation documents available for inspection at the Civic Centre and Borough libraries;
- issue public notice in local newspaper;
- issue press release in local paper;
- add consultation information on Council's social media sites; and
- arrange exhibition or presentation to interest groups if necessary.
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</table>

- Publish the Local Plan, make electronic copies available on the Council's website and a hard copy will be available for inspection at the Civic Centre.
- Publish the Adoption Statement in local newspaper.
- Send Adoption Statement to specific and general consultees and those who made representations at previous stages or those who have asked to be notified of the adoption.
- Make the Sustainability Appraisal and other supporting documents available for inspection at the Civic Centre for six weeks after adoption.
- Provide information about the adoption of the Local Plan on Council's social media sites.
## Appendix 3: Public Involvement in Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Stages</th>
<th>Involvement Level</th>
<th>Public/stakeholder involvement arrangements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **1. Pre-production/evidence gathering**<br>The information needed for the document to be prepared and potential issues need to be identified. | - Asking you what you think<br>- Deciding together | • Engaging relevant stakeholders in deciding the level of detail to be included in the document and to identify key issues that need to be addressed.  
• Where necessary, preliminary consultations will be carried out prior to the publication of draft SPDs. |
| **2. Draft SPDs**<br>A draft SPD is prepared following the initial evidence gathering stage. | - Asking you what you think | Publish the Draft SPD for consultation for a minimum of **four weeks**, and, at the start of the consultation period:<br>  
• make electronic copies of the document and supporting documents available on the Council’s website;<br>• make a hard copy of the plan available for inspection at the Civic Centre;<br>• inform relevant specific and general consultees and those on the consultation database (this will be done by email where possible: postal mailing will be used where there is no email address on the database);<br>• issue a press release if appropriate;<br>• provide consultation information on Council’s social media sites;<br>• Arrange exhibitions or presentations to interest groups if appropriate. |
### 3. Adoption

The Council will consider the representations received through the consultations and make any amendments necessary before adopting the SPD.

- Keeping you informed.

<p>| | |</p>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Publish the SPD – make electronic copies and any supporting documents available on the Council’s website and a hard copy available for inspection at the Civic Centre.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Publish a consultation statement summarising all comments received from the previous stages and how the comments were considered and taken into account.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Send an Adoption Statement to those who have made representations during the previous consultations and those who have asked to be notified of the adoption of the SPD.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Provide information on Council’s social media sites.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix 4: Publicising Neighbourhood Plans

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Stages</th>
<th>Involvement Level</th>
<th>Public/Stakeholder Involvement Arrangements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **1. Neighbourhood Area Application**  
A Neighbourhood Forum or other prospective neighbourhood planning body applies to the Council to designate a Neighbourhood Area for which they propose to prepare a Neighbourhood Plan. The Council publicises the application and invites representations over a minimum 6 week period. | - Asking you what you think.  
- Keeping you informed.  
- Supporting independent community initiatives. | Publish the Neighbourhood Area Proposal and invite representations for a minimum of six weeks, and, at the start of the period, make electronic copies of the proposal documentation available on the Council’s website:  
• make a hard copy of the proposal documentation available at the Civic Centre for inspection;  
• inform relevant specific and general consultees and those on the consultation database who may have an interest in the proposal (this will be done by email where possible: postal mailing will be used where there is no email address on the database);  
• issue a press release relating to the proposal if appropriate;  
• add information about how to respond to the proposal on the Council’s social media sites. |
| **2. Submission of a Neighbourhood Plan**  
The Neighbourhood Forum submits the Neighbourhood Plan to the Council. The Council invites representations on the submitted plan over a minimum 6-week period. | - Asking what you think.  
- Supporting independent community initiatives. | Publish the submitted Plan and invite representations for a minimum of 6 weeks, and, at the start of the period, make electronic copies of the submitted Plan available on the Council’s website:  
• make a hard copy of the submitted Plan available at the Civic Centre for inspection; |
| 3. Publication of examiners report | - Keeping you informed. | - make electronic copies of the examiner’s report and decision statement available on the Council’s website;  
- make hard copies of the examiner’s report and decision statement available at the Civic Centre and Borough libraries for inspection;  
- inform relevant specific and general consultees and those on the consultation database, as above;  
- Provide information about the examiner’s report and decision on the Council’s social media sites. |
| The Council publishes the report of the examination into the submitted Neighbourhood Plan and the decision of the Council as to whether or not it accepts the examiner’s recommendations. | |  

| 4. Referendum information statement | - Keeping you informed | No less than 28 working days before a Neighbourhood Plan referendum:  
- make electronic copies of the referendum information statement and documentation available on the Council’s website;  
- make hard copies of the referendum information statement and documentation available at the Civic Centre for inspection;  
- inform relevant specific and general consultees and those on the consultation database, as above;  
| The Council publishes the Referendum Information Statement and specified documents, setting out the date and procedure for the Neighbourhood Plan referendum. A minimum of 28 working days' notice will be given. | |
5. “Making” of the neighbourhood plan

The Council confirms that the Neighbourhood Plan has come into effect (has been "made").

- Keeping you informed
- Supporting independent community initiatives

### Table

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>5. “Making” of the neighbourhood plan</strong></td>
<td><strong>6. Keeping you informed</strong></td>
<td><strong>7. Supporting independent community initiatives</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Publish the Neighbourhood Plan – make electronic copies and any supporting documents available on the Council’s website and hard copies available for inspection at the Civic Centre.
- Notify those who have asked to be informed about the making of the Neighbourhood plan.
- Provide information about the 'made' Neighbourhood Plan on Council’s social media sites.

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6. Under planning legislation, neighbourhood development plans prepared by the community are referred to as being “made” when they take legal effect. This is distinct from local plans prepared by a council or other local planning authority, which are "adopted".
Appendix 5: Publicity on Planning Applications

7.3 The table below sets out the statutory requirements for publicity on different types of planning applications. The statutory minimum requirement will always be met by the Council.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of development</th>
<th>Statutory requirement</th>
<th>Additional notification or response to statutory requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Press Advert</td>
<td>Site Notice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Development</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>developments</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>involving 10 or more homes, or the development is to be carried out on a site having an area of 0.5 hectares or more and it is not known whether the development comprises 10 or more homes. Other development: 1000m² floor space or 1.0 hectares.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other development: 1000m² floor space or 1.0 hectares.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applications subject to Environmental Impact Assessment which are accompanied by an Environmental Statement.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application that is a departure from the Local Plan.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application which would affect a right of way to which Part 3 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 applies.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Minor Development**
- Residential development: involving less than 10 homes.
- Other development: floor space is less than 1000m².
- Change of use applications.

| Yes* | *The Council will notify neighbour who could be affected by the proposal. A site notice will be posted if any adjoining land/property cannot be identified. |

**Householder developments**

| Yes* | *The Council will notify neighbours who could be affected by the proposal. A site notice will be posted if any adjoining land/property cannot be identified. |

<p>| Development affecting the setting of a Listed Building. | Yes | Yes | The Council will notify neighbours who could be affected by the proposal. A site notice will always be posted. |
| Listed Building consent for works affecting the exterior of the building. | Yes | Yes | The Council will notify neighbours who could be affected by the proposal. A site notice will always be posted. |
| Development affecting the character of a Conservation Area. | Yes | Yes | The Council will notify neighbours who could be affected by the proposal. A site notice will always be posted. |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Applications to vary or discharge conditions attached to a Listed Building Consent or Conservation Area Consent, or involving exterior works to a Listed Building.</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>The Council will notify neighbours who could be affected by the proposal. A site notice will be posted if any adjoining land/property cannot be identified.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applications for telecommunications development.</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Depending on the location of the equipment, the Council will notify neighbours who could be affected by the development and post site notices if relevant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Notification of Larger Homes Householder Extensions 7</td>
<td>Yes*</td>
<td>Yes*</td>
<td>*The Council will notify adjoining properties only.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Notification of Changes of use 8</td>
<td>Yes†</td>
<td>Yes†</td>
<td>†Site notice only- no neighbour notifications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Approval - Agriculture, Forestry, Telecoms, demolition of a building 9</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>A site notice will be posted. Neighbour notifications where considered relevant by officers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advertisement applications</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>The Council will post a site notice only for advertisement applications.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applications for works to Trees Protected by a Tree Preservation Order.</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Notification will be sent to the owner of the tree(s) if they are not the applicant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notice of works to trees in Conservation Areas.</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>The Council will notify neighbours who could be affected by the proposal. A site notice will be posted if any adjoining land/property cannot be identified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates of Lawfulness for Existing Use and Development</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>The Council will notify neighbours who could be affected by the proposal. A site notice will be posted if any adjoining land/property cannot be identified.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. Applicable between 30 May 2013 to 30 May 2019. Schedule 2, Part 1 (Class A) of the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development (England) Order 2015 (as amended)
Certificate of Lawfulness for Proposed Use and Development

None

None

Notes

Householder Applications

7.4 Notification letters will not be sent to every address that adjoins the property to be extended or altered. It will depend on the nature and location of the development as to who gets a notification letter.

7.5 For example, a proposed porch at the front of the property will only generate letters to the front and side properties as these are the only properties potentially affected by the proposal. The adjoining properties to the rear will not receive a letter as they will not see the porch. Likewise, a proposal for a rear extension would not warrant letters sent to the opposite houses at the front of the road as they will not see the development to the rear of the property.

Amended plans

7.6 Where amended plans are received on a current application those individuals or bodies who have expressed an opinion may be notified of the revisions and given a further 14 days to assess and comment upon the amendments. Where a substantially different scheme is submitted with significant changes to the original application, full re-notification may be necessary depending on the circumstances of the case. Where full re-notification is considered necessary a further period for comment of up to 21 days will be given.